



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 14 **Issue:** V **Month of publication:** May 2026

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2026.81943>

www.ijraset.com

Call:  08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

AI-Powered UPI Fraud Detection and Alert System

Samruddhi Mahale¹, Shubhangi More², Anam Shaikh³, Bhairavi Patil⁴, Prof. G.V. Barde⁵, Dr. B.S. Shirole⁶

Department of Computer Engineering, Loknete Gopinath Munde Institute of Engineering Education & Research (LoGMIEER),
Nashik, India

Abstract: *The AI Powered UPI Fraud Detection and Alert System is a smart mobile application designed to protect users from online financial frauds involving fake brand websites and fraudulent UPI IDs. With the surge in digital payments through Unified Payments Interface (UPI), cybercriminals have begun exploiting user trust by creating fake websites and UPI IDs that mimic genuine businesses or brands. This project provides a real-time fraud detection and alert system that helps users identify suspicious activities before making transactions. The motivation behind this system comes from the growing number of UPI related scams in India, where unsuspecting users are tricked into sending money to fraudulent accounts through fake payment links or cloned websites. Current payment apps lack the ability to verify the authenticity of UPI IDs or detect risky domains.*

Hence, an intelligent, AI-driven tool is needed to ensure user safety during UPI transactions. The outcome of this project is a fully functional mobile app that verifies UPI IDs. The app is built using Flutter for cross-platform functionality, with Firebase integration for real-time database operations. It uses AI and machine learning models trained to identify patterns in blacklisted UPI IDs, phishing URLs, and risk behaviors. The Firebase collections (blacklisted upi, risk patterns, ml models) help the system store and retrieve fraud data efficiently. The innovation of this project lies in combining AI-based fraud detection, real-time Firebase integration, and a community-driven reporting mechanism, allowing users to contribute to a shared fraud database. Unlike existing payment systems, this application proactively scans and alerts users before transactions occur, significantly reducing the risk of financial scams. The project represents a forward-looking step toward building a secure, intelligent, and trustworthy digital payment ecosystem in India.

Keywords: *UPI Fraud Detection, Machine Learning, Random Forest, Cybersecurity, Digital Payments, Firebase, Flutter App, Real-time Alerts, Data Security, AI-based Verification.*

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, the use of UPI has grown rapidly in India and revolutionized the aspect of digital transactions. While it makes it faster, easier, and quick for millions of users, with this increasing rate comes an important concern: a sudden surge in UPI frauds. Scammers create fake UPI IDs and clone the legitimate payment links of brands to trick users into transferring money. As a result, many people fall victim to such frauds, losing money and personal information.

To meet the challenge, our project introduces an AI-enabled UPI Fraud Detection and Alerting System. Using Machine Learning algorithms, it distinguishes fraudulent UPI IDs through pattern identification, detecting anomalies, and matching with known fraudulent data. When any user enters or scans a UPI ID, the system validates it in real time and generates an alert if it appears suspicious or linked to fraudulent activity.

The system has a Python-based backend with Random Forest as the main classification algorithm. A verified and fraudulent UPI IDs dataset is available for training the model. Flutter is being used for the development of the frontend, which will provide a user-friendly interface on both Android and iOS platforms. Firebase is used to store and manage the data securely with real-time verification and sync.

The main objective of our project is to enhance digital payment security and build user confidence in UPI-based systems. This system aims at preventing fraud before it actually happens, rather than reacting post-loss. Along with the detection, the system supports community reporting through which users can report fake UPI IDs or suspicious links, contributing to a shared fraud-prevention network.

Another significant aspect of the project is brand verification. A number of fraudsters impersonate popular companies by creating fake websites or payment links. Our system helps verify the legitimacy of such brands and ensures users interact only with genuine UPI identifiers.

The project is lightweight, free of cost, and highly scalable. It is designed for students, merchants, and daily users who quite often use UPIs to make transactions. The system works on even the most basic smartphones with low internet connectivity.

This project integrates AI, cybersecurity, and mobile development technologies in a model demonstrating how intelligent systems can make online payments safer. It learns continuously from new data and improves in accuracy and reliability.

The AI-powered UPI Fraud Detection and Alerting System is a proactive measure toward protecting users from UPI scams, strengthening their trust in digital transactions, and building the vision of a secure and transparent digital economy for India. Top of Form

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

TABLE I: LITERATURE SURVEY

No.	Author(s) / Year	Study Focus	Dataset / Sample Size	Model Used	XAI Method	Key Findings
1	Various Research Works (Recent ML-based studies, 2020–2025)	Limited Real-World Validation in fraud detection systems	Mostly synthetic or static datasets (no live UPI data)	Logistic Regression, Random Forest, SVM (commonly used models)	SHAP / LIME (rarely used in some studies)	Most systems show good accuracy in lab conditions but fail to validate performance on real-time UPI transactions.
2	Existing Fraud Detection Studies (2021–2024)	Dynamic Fraud Pattern Detection	Static historical transaction datasets	Pre-trained ML models, Rule-based systems	Minimal or no XAI usage	Models become outdated as fraud patterns evolve; lack of continuous learning systems.
3	User-Centric Security Research (2022–2025)	User awareness and fraud alert systems	Mobile app interaction datasets (limited scope)	Basic classification models + alert systems	Basic visualization (no proper XAI integration)	Focus on backend detection; lacks user-friendly interfaces and real-time educational alerts.
4	Banking & Payment System Research (2020–2024)	Integration with payment infrastructure	Bank transaction datasets (not UPI-specific)	Deep Learning / ML models	Limited explainability techniques	Systems are designed for banking systems, not directly integrated with UPI apps or Firebase-based systems.
5	Security & Privacy Studies (2021–2025)	Data privacy and secure fraud detection	Encrypted/anonymous datasets	ML + Cryptographic frameworks	No explainability focus	Lack of proper privacy-preserving mechanisms for handling sensitive UPI data.
7	E-commerce Fraud Detection Research (2022–2024)	Brand and website verification	Web scraping datasets, URL datasets	NLP + ML classifiers	SHAP/LIME in some works	Most systems detect transaction fraud but fail to detect fake brands, cloned websites, or phishing UPI links.
8	Real-Time Fraud Detection Systems (2021–2025)	Scalability and real-time processing	Large-scale transaction streams (simulated)	Random Forest, XGBoost	Partial SHAP usage	Most systems are batch-oriented; very few support real-time fraud detection with low latency.

III. PROBLEM STATEMENT

The surging adoption of UPI in India has also resulted in scams regarding fake web-sites of various brands and fraudulent UPI IDs created by cyber crooks. These rogue websites impersonate genuine businesses and deceive users into transferring money or disclosing personal information. None of the UPI apps are currently able to detect and raise alerts in real time against fraudulent activities. In this respect, the challenge is to design and develop an AI-driven system that can identify suspicious UPI IDs with high accuracy and send instant alerts to users before any transaction takes place. It has to upgrade digital payment security, reduce losses on financial fronts, and help restore user confidence in transacting through UPI.

IV. OBJECTIVE

The main objective of this work is to design and implement an AI-powered digital system that can detect fraudulent UPI IDs and fake brand links in real time. The proposed solution ensures secure and trustworthy digital transactions by using machine learning techniques along with real-time alert mechanisms on a mobile-based platform.

Integration with a Firebase-backed mobile interface is also within the scope of this study through Flutter to further enhance user interaction, accessibility, and security. The system enables instant verification of UPI IDs, reporting of suspicious accounts, and real-time fraud alerts for ensuring safety in digital payment through the participation of users on the platform.

Another objective is community-based fraud reporting and maintaining an ever-growing fraud database that increases the accuracy of detection via machine learning model retraining. A system based on algorithms like Random Forest allows for the learning from new patterns and dynamic adaptation to emerging techniques of fraud.

Long-term goals include reducing financial losses, instilling user confidence in UPI-based payment systems, and aligning with government initiatives on increasing digital transactions in India.

A. Prevention of UPI Fraud and User Protection

To design a machine learning-based system that automatically detects fraudulent UPI IDs and fake brand payment pages before transactions occur. To protect users from fraud, it provides instant fraud probability scores along with notification alerts. transactions occur.

B. Integration of AI Models with Real-Time Alerting System

To implement a Random Forest algorithm that detects fraud based on transaction behavior, pattern identification in UPI IDs, and historical data. To offer real-time notifications via the mobile application for better decision-making on transactions by the end.

C. Centralized Fraud Detection and Reporting Platform

This objective seeks to unify the platform for users, developers, and authorities on one platform for transparent fraud management. Currently, the reporting of UPI fraud by users is done through fragmented channels, resulting in delayed responses and loss of critical evidence. The proposed system consolidates fraud verification, user alerts, and reporting into a single ecosystem, assuring efficiency and traceability. Verified reports are stored through the Firebase database, while the AI model continuously updates itself using new fraud entries. This not only improves the detection accuracy but also builds a national-level fraud intelligence network.

D. Accessibility, Security, and Continuous Improvement

This objective stresses the creation of a system that is secure, easy to use, and scalable on mobile devices. The app guarantees data privacy and encryption, coupled with conformity to digital payment standards. It also allows for continuous model retraining on community-reported fraud data to adapt dynamically to new threats. With high scalability assurance, the system supports large user bases by providing fast responses while maintaining high accuracy levels.

V. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

The AI-Powered UPI Fraud Detection and Alerting System follows a structured methodology to ensure accurate detection, with real-time responses through user-friendly interactions. It starts with the requirement analysis, where it studies user behavior, UPI fraud cases, and transaction data for identification of fraudulent activity patterns. Based on such findings, the system design phase outlines the architecture by integrating modules on data preprocessing, machine learning-based fraud detection, real-time alerts, and community-based reporting through a secured mobile interface.

The technology stack consists of Python for AI model development, Flutter for the frontend mobile app, and Firebase for handling the database and authentication. Machine learning algorithms such as Random Forest enable fraud probability predictions. During the development and integration phase, the AI model, mobile interface, and Firebase backend are aligned and integrated for seamless fraud detection and real-time alerts to users. Rigorous testing ensures accuracy, security, and real-time functionality ahead of deployment on mobile platforms, with further scope for integration on the web. Continuous updates and retraining of the AI model enhance the system's efficiency and adaptability to new fraud patterns.

VI. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

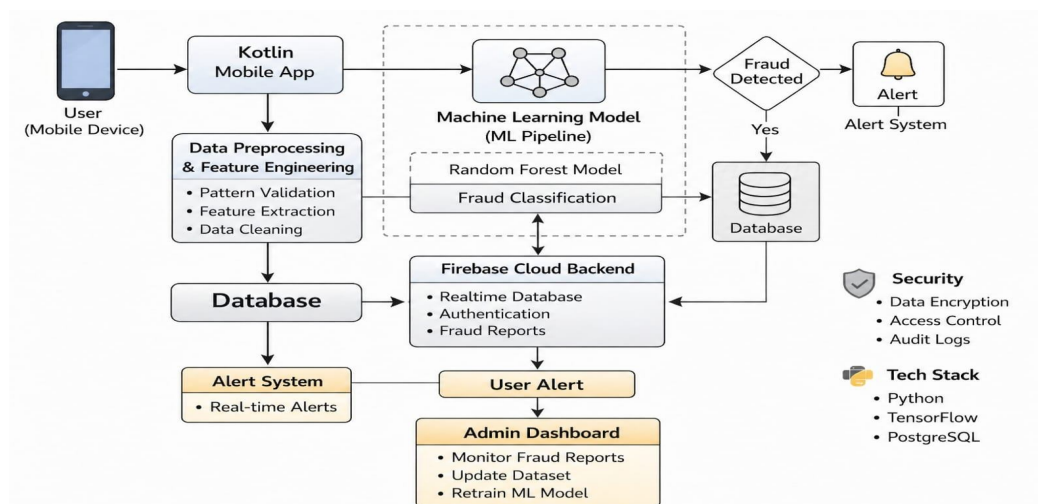


FIG. 1 : System Architecture

- 1) *User Interface (Kotlin App):* The frontend is developed using Flutter, providing a simple and interactive mobile interface. Users can input or scan a UPI ID, view verification results, and receive real-time fraud alerts through push notifications
- 2) *Data Preprocessing Module:* Once a UPI ID is submitted, the system performs preprocessing tasks such as pattern validation, cleaning of input data, and extraction of key features (e.g., ID frequency, report count, and origin source). This ensures that the data is in a suitable format for model prediction.
- 3) *AI Model (Machine Learning Engine):* The preprocessed data is passed to the AI model built using Random Forest and implemented in Python with Scikit-learn and TensorFlow. The model analyzes the UPI ID's characteristics and classifies it as either Genuine or Fraudulent based on learned patterns.
- 4) *Firebase Integration:* Firebase serves as the cloud backend for storing verified UPI IDs, fraud reports, and user feedback. It enables real-time data synchronization between the app and the machine learning engine and also manages user authentication securely.
- 5) *Alert and Notification Module:* If the AI model detects a potentially fraudulent UPI ID, the system immediately triggers a real-time alert through Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM). The alert is displayed on the user's device, warning them of possible fraud.
- 6) *Admin Dashboard:* Administrators can view fraud reports, monitor system performance, and update the model dataset. This ensures continuous improvement in accuracy through retraining.
- 7) *Data Storage Layer:* All datasets, trained models, and logs are stored securely in Firebase and local cloud storage. The model periodically updates with new data to improve prediction reliability

VII. CONCLUSION

This project demonstrates a practical application of AI to reduce UPI financial fraud by monitoring potential fraud before it happens. Using predictive analytics coupled with a user-friendly mobile app, users are warned in real-time against high-risk UPI IDs to prevent monetary loss. Integration of ML models, cloud storage, and a mobile frontend ensures security, efficiency, and real-time fraud detection. The system lays the base for future enhancements such as integrating live transaction systems, adaptive updating of models, and wider deployment to build trust in UPI transactions.

VIII. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We would like to express their sincere gratitude to Prof. G .V .Barde, Department of Computer Engineering, Loknete Gopinathji Munde Institute of Engineering Education & Research, Nashik, for his continuous guidance, encouragement, and valuable feedback throughout the development of this project. His support and insightful suggestions played a vital role in the successful completion of this work.

We also wish to thank the Department of Computer Engineering and the institute for providing the necessary infrastructure and resources to carry out this research. Lastly, heartfelt appreciation is extended to all faculty members and peers who contributed through their assistance and constructive discussions during the course of this project titled “AI-POWERED UPI FRAUD DETECTION AND ALERT SYSTEM”.

REFERENCES

- [1] N. P. Khopade & S. M. Vitalkar, “UPI Fraud Detection Using Machine Learning,” *International Journal of Research in Interdisciplinary Studies (IJRIS)*, Vol. 3, No. 6, pp. 24–26, Jun. 2025.
- [2] Jallapuram Sindhu & Vijaya Sree Swarupa, “UPI Fraud Detection Using Machine Learning Algorithms,” *International Journal of Engineering Research and Science & Technology (IJERST)*, Vol. 20, No. 4, 2024, pp. 57–67.
- [3] Kothapally Chandini, Akoju Mahender & P. Venkateshwarlu, “UPI Fraud Transaction Detection Using Machine Learning,” *International Journal of Engineering Research and Science & Technology (IJERST)*, Vol. 21, No. 4, 2025, pp. 281–285.
- [4] Renu Chaudhary, Sakshi Singh, Riddhima Singh, Husain Zaidi & Kanishka Jain, “Fraud Detection in UPI Payments Using Tabular Machine Learning Models,” *IJRASET*, 2025-10-31.
- [5] D. Jaya Kumari, G. Tejaswi, N. Jahnavi Nekkanti, A. Korapati, K. Kotakonda & S. Medapati, “AI-Powered UPI Fraud Detection,” *International Journal of Innovative Science and Research Technology (IJSRT)*, Vol. 10, No. 4, 2025, pp. 1208-1213.
- [6] Akinagbe O. B. & Akintayo T. A., “The Impact of Machine Learning on Fraud Detection in Digital Payment,” *Asian Journal of Science, Technology, Engineering, and Art (AJSTEA)*, Vol. 3, No. 2, 2025, pp. 191-209.
- [7] Md Zahin Hossain George, Md Khorshed Alam & Md Tarek Hasan, “Machine Learning for Fraud Detection in Digital Banking: A Systematic Literature Review,” *arXiv preprint*, Oct. 2025.
- [8] Junliang Wang, “Fraud Detection in Digital Payment Technologies Using Machine Learning,” *Journal of Economic Theory and Business Management*, DOI:10.5281/zenodo.10926495.



10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)