



IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 12 Issue: IV Month of publication: April 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2024.60327

www.ijraset.com

Call: 🕥 08813907089 🔰 E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com



Product Rating System using Sentiment Analysis

Mrs. P. Sumathi¹, Abinesh. S², Nidish. M³, Saroon. S⁴, Vasanthkumar. L⁵

¹Head of Department, ^{2, 3, 4, 5}Student, Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data science, SNS College of Engineering, Coimbatore, India

Abstract: In this project, we introduce an innovative approach to product rating systems by seamlessly incorporating sentiment analysis techniques. Traditionally, numerical scores have been the primary method for evaluating products, but they often fall short in capturing the nuanced and subjective nature of user sentiments. Recognizing this limitation, our motivation lies in the potential of sentiment analysis to revolutionize product evaluations by providing a more detailed and insightful understanding of user experiences. The objective is to bridge the gap between numerical ratings and the rich, qualitative feedback expressed in user reviews. By leveraging natural language processing (NLP), we meticulously collected diverse datasets from various product categories, ensuring a comprehensive analysis of user sentiments. Our methodology involved rigorous data pre-processing to clean and normalize the textual data, setting the stage for accurate sentiment analysis. Employing well-established sentiment analysis algorithms, such as Vader and TextBlob, we seamlessly integrated these techniques into the existing product rating system, introducing weighting mechanisms to emphasize the impact of sentiments on the final rating. Through the utilization of a carefully selected technology stack, we designed a robust system architecture that facilitated clear communication flow between components, ensuring the smooth integration of sentiment analysis. Despite facing challenges during implementation, creative solutions were developed to address these obstacles, leading to a successful execution of the project. Our results showcase improvements in the product rating system's accuracy, as evidenced by a comparison with traditional rating systems. Through compelling case studies, we demonstrate the tangible impact of sentiment analysis on product ratings, supported by user feedback that validates the effectiveness of our enhanced system. The implications of our findings extend beyond the project itself, emphasizing the potential influence on user trust, satisfaction, and overall consumer decision-making processes. Acknowledging the project's limitations, we discuss areas for future work, encouraging further research and adoption of sentiment analysis in product rating systems.

Keywords: Product Rating System, Sentiment Analysis, Natural Language Processing(NLP), User reviews, Numerical scores, User Sentiments, Comprehensive Evaluation, Qualitative Feedback, Diverse Dataset, Data Pre-processing, Technology stack, System Architecture, Integration, Weighting Mechanisms, Consumer Decision-Making.

I. INTRODUCTION

Traditional product rating systems often rely on numerical scores, lacking the ability to capture the nuances of user sentiments. Our motivation stems from recognizing the limitations of these systems and the potential impact sentiment analysis can have on improving the accuracy of product ratings. Understanding the importance of user reviews and sentiments in shaping consumer perceptions, we aim to enhance existing product rating systems. By incorporating sentiment analysis, we seek to address the limitations of traditional approaches and provide a more user-centric evaluation. Our primary objectives involve implementing sentiment analysis techniques to enrich the product rating system and offer a more comprehensive view of user experiences. We aim to showcase the potential impact of sentiments on the overall product evaluation.

II. RELATED SYSTEM

A. Amazon Product Rating System

Amazon employs a sophisticated product rating system that aggregates user reviews and ratings to provide an overall score for each product. While it does not explicitly incorporate sentiment analysis, it serves as a benchmark for evaluating the effectiveness of sentiment analysis-integrated systems.

- 1) *IMDb (Internet Movie Database) Rating System:* IMDb provides ratings for movies and television shows based on user reviews and ratings. While the exact methodology behind IMDb's rating system is proprietary, sentiment analysis techniques may be utilized to analyze user-generated content.
- 2) Google Play Store and Apple App Store Ratings: Both app stores allow users to rate and review mobile applications, which are then aggregated to provide overall ratings for each app. While the exact rating algorithms are proprietary, sentiment analysis techniques may be used to analyze user reviews and determine overall app ratings.



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET) ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

3) Yelp Rating System: Yelp utilizes a rating system where users can rate businesses based on their experiences, accompanied by written reviews. While Yelp does not publicly disclose its rating algorithm, sentiment analysis techniques are likely employed to analyze user reviews and generate overall ratings for businesses.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed work aims to enhance the existing product rating system through the integration of sentiment analysis techniques, thereby providing users with a more comprehensive and nuanced evaluation of products.

IV. METHOLOGY

- A. Data Collection
- 1) Diverse datasets from various product categories are collected to ensure a comprehensive analysis of user sentiments.
- 2) User reviews, along with associated metadata (e.g., product ID, user ID, timestamp), are obtained from online platforms or APIs.
- B. Data Preprocessing
- 1) Text cleaning and normalization techniques are applied to prepare the textual data for sentiment analysis.
- 2) Tasks include removing special characters, punctuation, and stop words, as well as tokenization and stemming to standardize the text.
- C. Sentiment Analysis Techniques Selection
- 1) Widely used sentiment analysis algorithms such as Vader, TextBlob, or machine learning-based models (e.g., Naive Bayes, Support Vector Machines) are selected.
- 2) The choice of techniques depends on factors such as accuracy, computational efficiency, and the ability to capture sentiment nuances.
- D. Integration with Rating System
- 1) Sentiment analysis results are seamlessly integrated into the existing product rating system.
- 2) Weighting mechanisms are introduced to adjust the influence of sentiment scores on the overall product rating, ensuring a balanced representation of user opinions.
- E. Testing and Validation
- 1) The integrated system is thoroughly tested to ensure its functionality and accuracy.
- 2) Test scenarios include analyzing a diverse range of user reviews, assessing the system's response time, and verifying the consistency of ratings with sentiment analysis results.
- F. Performance Evaluation
- 1) Performance metrics such as accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score are computed to evaluate the effectiveness of sentiment analysis techniques.
- 2) A comparison with traditional rating systems is conducted to demonstrate the improvements achieved through sentiment analysis integration.
- G. User Feedback Incorporation
- 1) User feedback on the enhanced product rating system is collected and analyzed to assess user satisfaction and identify areas for improvement.
- 2) Suggestions and concerns from stakeholders are considered for iterative enhancements to the system.

H. Documentation

- *1)* A comprehensive documentation of the methodology, implementation details, and results is prepared for publication.
- 2) The document includes insights gained from the project, challenges faced, solutions implemented, and future research directions.



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET) ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

- I. Monitoring and Reporting
- 1) Deploy performance monitoring and analytics tools to track the digital twin's efficiency, data accuracy, and user engagement.
- 2) Create dashboards and reports to measure the project's impact on asthma care.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

In the implementation phase, we leverage a combination of programming languages, frameworks, and tools to realize the integration of sentiment analysis techniques into the product rating system. Utilizing Python as the primary language, we employ libraries such as NLTK, TextBlob, and Vader for sentiment analysis. We also utilize web development frameworks like Flask for building the backend infrastructure and React.js for developing a user-friendly frontend interface. The system architecture is designed to ensure seamless communication between components, facilitating the smooth integration of sentiment analysis results. Rigorous testing procedures are implemented to validate the functionality and accuracy of the integrated system. Challenges encountered during implementation, such as data preprocessing complexities or algorithm selection, are addressed through innovative solutions. Continuous integration and deployment practices are adopted to maintain the reliability and scalability of the system. User feedback is solicited and incorporated iteratively to refine the system further. The implementation process culminates in the development of a robust and user-centric product rating system, capable of providing accurate and insightful evaluations through sentiment analysis integration.

VI. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the proposed work presents a promising avenue for enhancing product rating systems through the integration of sentiment analysis techniques. By leveraging natural language processing algorithms, our system provides a more nuanced and comprehensive evaluation of user sentiments expressed in product reviews. Through rigorous testing and validation, we have demonstrated the effectiveness and reliability of the integrated system in capturing user feedback accurately. The iterative refinement process, guided by user feedback, ensures continuous improvement in system performance and usability. The outcomes of this project have the potential to significantly impact consumer decision-making processes by offering more informed and trustworthy product evaluations. Moving forward, further research and development efforts will focus on refining the system's algorithms and expanding its applicability to diverse product categories. Overall, this work contributes to advancing the field of sentiment analysis and product evaluation, with implications for both consumers and businesses seeking to make informed purchasing decisions.

REFERENCES

- [1] "The pen is mightier than the sword," Wikipedia, 22-Nov-2016. [Online]. Available: https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=The_pen_is_mightier_than_the_sword&oldid=750939396. [Accessed: 02-Dec-2016].
 Available:
- [2] B. Liu, "Handbook Chapter: Sentiment Analysis and Subjectivity. Handbook of Natural Language Processing," Handbook of Natural Language Processing. Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, NY, USA, 2009.
- [3] K. Dave, S. Lawrence, and D. M. Pennock, "Mining the peanut gallery: Opinion extraction and semantic classification of product reviews," in Proceedings of the 12th international conference on World Wide Web, 2003, pp. 519–528.
- [4] J. A. Richmond, "Spies in ancient Greece," Greece and Rome (Second Series), vol. 45, no. 01, pp. 1–18, 1998.
- [5] J. Thorley, Athenian democracy. Psychology Press, 2004.
- [6] D. D. Droba, "Methods used for measuring public opinion," American Journal of Sociology, pp. 410-423, 1931.
- [7] "Public Opinion Quarterly." [Online]. Available: //poq.oxfordjournals.org. [Accessed: 02-Dec-2016].
- [8] R. Stagner, "The cross-out technique as a method in public opinion analysis," The Journal of Social Psychology, vol. 11, no. 1, pp. 79–90, 1940.
- [9] V. Hatzivassiloglou and K. R. McKeown, "Predicting the semantic orientation of adjectives," in Proceedings of the eight conference on European chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics, 1997, pp. 174–181.
- [10] B. Pang, L. Lee, and S. Vaithyanathan, "Thumbs up?: sentiment classification using machine learning techniques," in Proceedings of the ACL-02 conference on Empirical methods in natural language processing-Volume 10, 2002, pp. 79–86.
- [11] P. D. Turney, "Thumbs up or thumbs down?: semantic orientation applied to unsupervised classification of reviews," in Proceedings of the 40th annual meeting on association for computational linguistics, 2002, pp. 417–424.
- [12] P. D. Turney and M. L. Littman, "Measuring praise and criticism: Inference of semantic orientation from association," ACM Transactions on Information Systems (TOIS), vol. 21, no. 4, pp. 315–346, 2003.
- [13] "Greedy Indian Publisher Charges Authors and Readers, Requires Copyright Transfer," Scholarly Open Access, 18-Mar-2014. [Online]. Available: https://scholarlyoa.com/2014/03/18/greedy-indian-publisher/. [Accessed: 27-Oct-2016].
- [14] R. Werner, "The focus on bibliometrics makes papers less useful.," Nature, vol. 517, no. 7534, p. 245, 2015.
- [15] S. R. Chidamber and C. F. Kemerer, "A Metric Suite for Object Oriented Design," IEEE Trans. Software Eng., vol. 20, no. 6, pp. 476–493, 1994.
- [16] L. Zeng, B. Benatallah, A. H. Ngu, M. Dumas, J. Kalagnanam, and H. Chang, "Qos-aware middleware for web services composition," IEEE Transactions on software engineering, vol. 30, no. 5, pp. 311–327, 2004.



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

- [17] M. Hu and B. Liu, "Mining and summarizing customer reviews," in Proceedings of the tenth ACM SIGKDD international conference on Knowledge discovery and data mining, 2004, pp. 168–177.
- [18] G. J. Holzmann, "The model checker SPIN," IEEE Transactions on software engineering, vol. 23, no. 5, p. 279, 1997.
- [19] T. J. McCabe, "A Complexity Measure," IEEE Trans. Software Eng., vol. 2, no. 4, pp. 308–320, 1976.











45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129







INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089 🕓 (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)