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A Comparative Analysis of Biophilic Approach in Building Design

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Abstract: Today's growing modern cities become a cause for a greater number of environmental issues like global warming, earthquake, urban heat effects, and pollution, which ends in environmental degradation. People are spending a large part of their life in a confined environment, henceforth we need to consider their perspective in those spaces and bring sustainable ideas in it. As a designer and architect, we play a major role in implementing the nature-based approaches like biophilic design in our projects to create awareness among people about sustainable built forms. This becomes a connecting component between humans and nature on an infrastructure level and becomes more effective physically and mentally for the human life to live in. This study reviews the various outcomes in different climatic zones, its advantages and its well-being in environmental behavior. This ideology would work efficiently and adaptable to its surrounding environment and helps solve environmental issues in today's world.

Keywords: Biophilic, Sustainable, Nature, Human life, Environment

I. INTRODUCTION

The biophilic building generates an intensive connection with the human mind and body. There are various patterns and methods for implementing these kinds of concepts in our buildings in a way that enhances the human-nature relationship. These concepts can be implemented on walls, roofing systems, interior spaces as green pockets, nature-inspired forms and characteristics, green roofs, walls, etc.

The city's rapid urbanization is deploying today's environment through modernized constructions and technologies. One of the outcomes of urbanization would be excluding nature from the living environment. The denser urban fabrics also reduce the green spaces and technological advancement separates people from Mother Nature. So, this disconnection of nature creates Bio phobic conditions in people and fear of living. In their day-to-day busy schedules, they need some refreshing space to revive their mind and well-being. Seasonal changes influence people's comfort towards nature and improve the mental ability of children.

Bringing natural elements into a life-giving space (Nature in Space) would justify the concept of Biophilic design which creates a terminology for connecting humans and space. This approach mentioned above will help create and innovate various design ideologies as a potentially positive impact on our environment.

II. METHODOLOGY

The research methodology involves the analysis of various Biophilic architecture buildings in different climatic zones, which helps in understanding its impact and their advantages on occupant's life in the surrounding environment.

III. BIOPHILIC APPROACH

This Biophilic design is classified into three broad categories; they are Nature in the Space, Natural Analogues, and Nature of the Space; these are the basic framework to implement a biophilic design in the environment that enriches the biodiversity of the place. The relationship between nature, humans and the design of the built environment benefits the humans by creating an experience of biophilia in building design applications. [1]

Table 1:Biophilic Patterns (Source: Created by authors) [1]

Typologies	Patterns	Description	
Nature in the Space	Non-Visual Connection with Nature	By implementing a sense of touch, motions, hearing, smell, and taste stimulus creates a positive impact on human minds.	



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	Non-Rhythmic Sensory Stimuli	Natural patterns that are pleasing to the
		sensory and last for a short period and it
		is analyzed periodically e.g. chirping of
		birds, leaves rustling, the scent of
		eucalyptus in the air.
	Thermal & Airflow Variability	Change in temperature, humidity levels,
	Thermal & Finnew Variability	airflow, and things that depict nature.
	Presence of Water	A place that is enhanced by the presence
	resence of water	of water by hearing, touching & views
		the water.
	Dynamic & Diffuse Light	Different natural lights and shadows
	Dynamic & Dinuse Eight	from trees, plants, etc. that vary with
		time will create a pleasing natural
		environment.
	Connection with Natural Systems	Natural processes like seasonal and
	Connection with Natural Systems	temperature changes naturally connect
Noting LAngle and	Diamanhia Fanna & Dattama	people with nature.
Natural Analogues	Biomorphic Forms & Patterns	Incorporating different textures and
		arrangements of different patterns at
	Maria Control Maria	different levels that exist in nature.
	Material Connection with Nature	Designing with materials and elements
		that are less processed and depict the
		local life and sense of the place.
	Complexity & Order	Providing sensory information that
		holds the spatial gradation that confront
		in nature.
Natura of the Coope	Draggest	Constitute on organization and silver from
Nature of the Space	Prospect	Creating an uninterrupted view from a
	Defeat	distance for observation and planning. Designing an enclosed space that is
	Refuge	
		separated from the activity spaces that
		should not create a cramped
	Monte	environment.
	Mystery	Creating a space with views that are
		partially hidden will create a curiosity in
		the people to explore the space.
	Risk/Peril	Thrilled experience combined with
		well-grounded safety measures.

IV. COMPARATIVE STUDY

Table 2: Comparative study (Source: Created by authors) $^{[2]\,[3]\,[4][5][6]}$











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	East gate center	The Gherkin	Parkroyal Pickering	Glumac shanghai office
Location	Zimbabwe	London	Singapore	China
Area	31,600Sq.m(340140 sq.	47,950 Sq.m(516,100	29,812 Sq.m	929 Sq.m
	ft)	sq. ft)	(320,890 sq. ft)	(10,000 sq. ft)
Building	9 Floors	180m (41 floors)	89m (15 floors above	1 Floor
Height			ground)	
Architect	Mick Pearceo	Foster + Partners	WOHA	Louis Sullivan
Approach	Biomorphic	Biomorphic	Biophilic	Biophilic
Typology	Shopping complex,	office building	Hotel	office building
)1 <i>U</i>)	Office Building	S		
Green Rating	Green Building Council	LEED Platinum	BCA Green Mark	LEED Platinum
8	of South Africa (GBCSA)		Platinum	
	certified		1 144114111	
Climate	Subtropical climate	Humid continental	Tropical climate	Temperate Monsoon
Cimiuc	Sucurepreur emmare	climate	Troprom ominato	Climate
Concept	Natural analogues-	Natural analogues-	Nature in the space-	Nature in the space-
Concept	Biomorphic Forms &	Biomorphic Forms &	Visual Connection with	Visual Connection with
	Patterns (Termite Hill) –	Patterns (Venus's	Nature - Hanging	Nature - Shanghai
	They have a ventilation	flower basket sponge) –	garden features in the	office is designed with
	core at the center which is	The structural system	back façade creates a	curative views with
	inspired from the termite	and form which are	pleasant Naturalistic	elements of natural
	mound to keep the	replicated water sponge	style to the building.	living systems which
	building cool as a result	gives the same	Natural analogues-	improves productivity.
	of stack effect.	structural ability system	Biomorphic Forms &	Natural analogues-
	of stack effect.	in air	Patterns, Complexity &	Dynamic & Diffuse
		in an	Order - Textured	Light, Connection with
			contoured spaces create	Natural System -
			a natural form to that	Differing light
			place.	intensities and shadow
			Nature of the space -	changes from time to
			Risk/Peril – The	time create a natural
			complex form creates a	environmental feel
			risk feel with the	inside the building.
			moment of excitement	Nature of the space -
			sensation.	Biomorphic Forms &
			sensation.	Patterns- Textured
				contoured spaces
				creates a natural form
				to that place.
Inference	By replicating the cooling	This glass sponge	It provides recuperative	Glumac Shanghai
micronice	tower concept it saves	typology which has an	experiences for the	office design assists
	more energy compared to	exoskeleton round	guests as well as for its	people to explore the
	other commercial sectors	structure provides	residents; it is a visual	benefits of biophilic
	and has low	stiffness and diverts	treat that depicts the	design in the built
	environmental impact.	forces from strong	Singaporean culture	environment and helps
	on vironmentar impact.	currents and creates a	and ecology of the	to promote human
		natural ventilation	place.	health and ecological
		system.	piace.	balance.
		bystem.		outairee.



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V. CONCLUSION

The blending of natural strategies in all scales of an urban infrastructure balances the built structure and the surrounding environment's sustainability. The incorporation of these biophilic concepts satisfies both the aesthetical importance and functionality of that space. Using this typology in the building will also reduce the negative impact on the environment such as carbon footprint, waste emission, and pollution, and safeguard nature for the upcoming generations to live in. Incorporating green spaces, water elements, plants, and natural materials would be a comforting habitat for peaceful and a healthy life. Growing urban lifestyle affects the physical and mental health of a person, so the process should be a supportive format for the physical and psychological well-being of a person. Bringing the outdoor spaces inside helps in stress relief, improves mental health, and makes them live happier and healthier. So, merging the natural elements in the buildings makes the city and its surroundings a pleasant environment.

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