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A Cost Effective IOT Solutions for Energy Usage Management

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Abstract: The paper focuses on the development of a 'A Cost Effective IOT Solutions for Energy Usage Management'. With the growing demand of electricity its somewhere hard to manage the efficient energy. Traditional Meters which is found in everywhere nowadays require manual reading and often lead to errors and delay in billing. A smart energy addressed these issues by enabling real-time monitoring and automated-billing. By the use of smart energy meter, it allow users to track their energy and get updated all time through an app or a web dashboard. The smart meter is recharged with the help of Esp module. In smart energy meter, energy utilization and the corresponding amount will be displayed on the LCD as remainder. The feedback from the user help in identifying the usages between authorized and unauthorized users which helps in controlling the power wastage. Esp module is used for sending messages to the local authorities regarding user power consumptions. Also they can monitor the meter readings regularly without making effort to visit each house for taking manual readings. This technology not only reduce the human efforts but also promotes energy conservation by allowing and encouraging users to monitor and optimize their energy consumption.

Keywords: Esp module, Arduino, Smart meter, Display

I. INTRODUCTION

Electricity is an essential part of our daily lives, but managing energy consumption efficiently can be a challenge. Traditional energy meters require manual readings, which can lead to errors, delays in billing. With the advance technology, cost effective smart energy meters are transforms the way we monitor and manage electricity usage. Our policies of its distribution are partially responsible for this because we are still not able to correctly estimate our exact requirement and still power theft is prevailing. On the other hand, consumers are also not satisfied with the services of power companies. Most of the time they have complaints regarding statistical errors in the monthly bills. With this we can monitor meter and track if any fault is there or not. In previous meter a circular metal strip rotates and according to that rotation we calculate the consumption. But our meter works on pulse which is obtained with the help of LDR sensor according to consumption and we previously connected Arduino board which monitor the pulse and according to pulse the bill is generated. In this way we can reduce human efforts needed to record the meter readings which are till now recorded by visiting every home individually. Smart energy meter is an electronic device that measures the most accurate amount of electricity consumed by a residence, business or any electrically-powered device. A smart energy meter is a modern device that connects to the internet and allows users to track their electricity consumption in real time. It automatically records energy usage and sends the data to a cloud-based system, which can be accessed through a smartphone app or web dashboard. This means users can monitor their energy consumption anytime and receive alerts if they are using too much power. By using IoT-based smart meters, both consumers and electricity providers can save time, reduce costs, and contribute to energy conservation, making our homes and cities smarter and more sustainable. The system can generate usage reports, compare current usage with past consumption, and even suggest ways to reduce energy costs. For industries and commercial buildings, this feature is extremely valuable as it helps identify energy leaks and inefficiencies that would otherwise go unnoticed. They promote environmental sustainability by encouraging energy conservation and reducing carbon footprints. With more people adopting renewable energy sources like solar panels, these meters can also track how much energy is being produced and fed back to the grid.

II. LITERATURE VIEW

Sr. No.	Author(s)	Year	Title	Objective	Features & Scope
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1	A.Smithetal.	2020	An IoT-Based Smart Energy MeterWithReal- Time PowerTracking System	Real-timepower trackingand efficientbilling.	Real-timemanagementfor residential and industrial use.
2	M.Kumar,N.Gupta	2020	A Novel IoT- based Smart Energy Meter for ResidentialEnergy Managementin Smart Grid Infrastructure	Integratesmart grids with energy meters for enhanced energy management.	Load balancing, real-time usage monitoring.
3	IOSRJournals	2020	IoT-BasedEnergy Meter Analysis Using Real-Time Data Monitoring	Improve monitoring accuracyusing IoT.	Real-timedatacollection with cloud integration.
4	E.H.MatSaat Majjid M.A, Noor HasizaAbdul, NorhalidaOthman	2021	SmartElectricity Meter Data Intelligencefor FutureEnergy Systems:ASurvey	Future-ready smart meter solutions.	Dataanalyticsfor predictiveenergy consumption.
5	DevakiMohan anarangam, K.B.Jayanti,Praveen Rajendra	2021	Energy Meter basedWireless MonitoringSystem using IoT in Residential Areas	Provide users with clear energy usage data.	Remote energy monitoringusingwireless networks
6	M.Ali,S.Khan,etal.	2023	Energy Meter BasedWireless MonitoringSystem Using Blynk Application via Smartphone	Smartphone- based energy monitoring.	Wireless energy usage trackingandmonitoring viaapps.
7	Muhammad Aqeel, Hammad Shahab, Muhammad Haris Naeem, AliShahazad	2023	Asmart home energy management systemusingIoT and big data analytics approach	Optimizedhome energy management	Bigdata-driveninsights forefficientenergyuse.
8	P.Sinha,R.Joshi	2023	IoTEnabledSmart Energy Meter for Energy Management	Improve efficiency in energy management.	Real-time load analysis andcontrolmechanisms.
9	S.Roy,D. Chakraborty	2024	IoT—A PromisingSolutiontoEnergy Managementin SmartBuildings: A Systematic Review	Smartenergy solutions for buildings.	Reduced energy costs, enhancedbuildingenergy efficiency.
10	ManishTejaswini, PrachiParagRane Moin Syed,Oyesh Patel	2024	IOT-BasedSmart Energy MeterforEfficient EnergyUtilization in Smart GRID	Efficientenergy utilization.	Automatedbilling,user notification via GSM.

Table1:LiteratureReview

III. METHODOLOGY

ARDUINO UNO : The Arduino Uno is an open-source microcontroller board based on the Microchip ATmega328P microcontroller. The board has 14 digital I/O pins (six capable of PWM output), 6 analog I/O pins, that may be interfaced to various circuits and is programmable with the Arduino IDE, via a type USB cable. It can be powered by the USB cable or by an external 9-volt battery, though it accepts voltages between 7 and 20 volts.

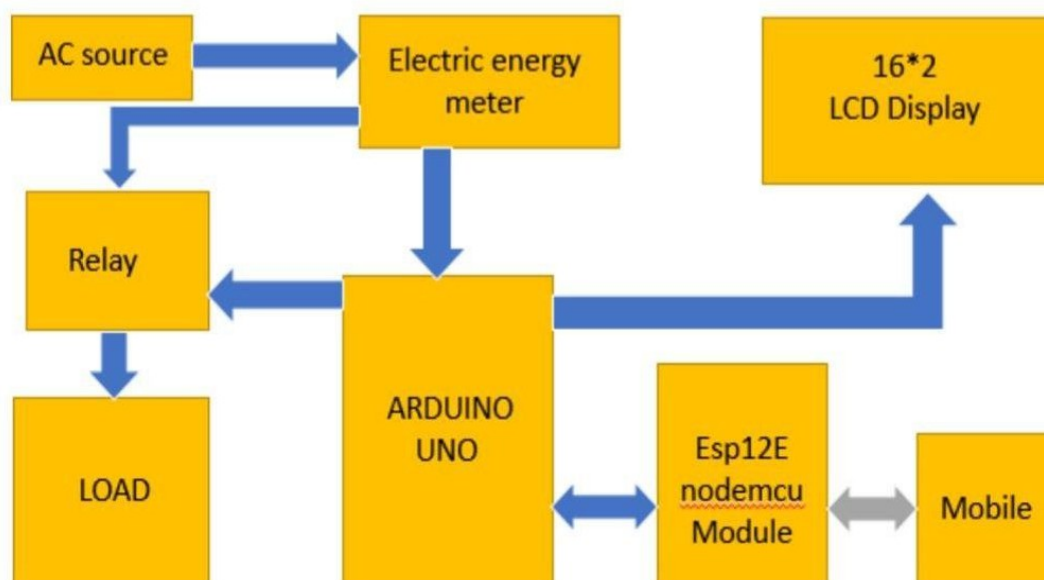
ESP12E NODE MCU MODULE : Node MCU is an open source development board and firmware based in the widely used ESP8266 -12E WiFi module. It allows you to program the ESP8266 WiFi module with the simple and powerful LUA programming language or Arduino IDE. Ai-Thinker's ESP-12E is a Wi-Fi Module based on ESP8266EX SoC. The ESP8266EX SoC is a Wi-Fi chip based on Tensilica's L106 Diamond 32-bit Processor and an integrated Wi-Fi MAC, with support for full TCP/IP Stack. Since it has a Microcontroller the ESP-12E can be used as either a stand-alone device with its Wi-Fi connectivity and GPIO pins or it can be used as a Wi-Fi adapter for other microcontrollers like Arduino, for example, through UART interface.

16x2 LCD : An LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) screen is an electronic display module and has a wide range of applications. A 16x2 LCD display is very basic module and is very commonly used in various devices and circuits. A 16x2 LCD means it can display 16 characters per line and there are 2 such lines. In this LCD each character is displayed in 5x7 pixel matrix. The 16x2 intelligent alphanumeric dot matrix display is capable of displaying 224 different characters and symbols. This LCD has two registers, namely, Command and Data. Command register stores various commands given to the display.

OPTOCOUPLER: The 4N35 is an optocoupler for general purpose application. It consists of gallium arsenide infrared LED and a silicon NPN photo transistor. What an optocoupler does is to break the connection between signal source and signal receiver, so as to stop electrical interference. An opto-isolator (also called an optocoupler, photocoupler, or optical isolator) is an electronic component that transfers electrical signals between two isolated circuits by using light. Opto-isolators prevent high voltages from affecting the system receiving the signal.

SINGLE CHANNEL RELAY DRIVER: The Single Channel Relay Module is a convenient board which can be used to control high voltage, high current loads such as motor, solenoid valves, lamps and AC load. It is designed to interface with microcontroller such as Arduino, PIC and etc..

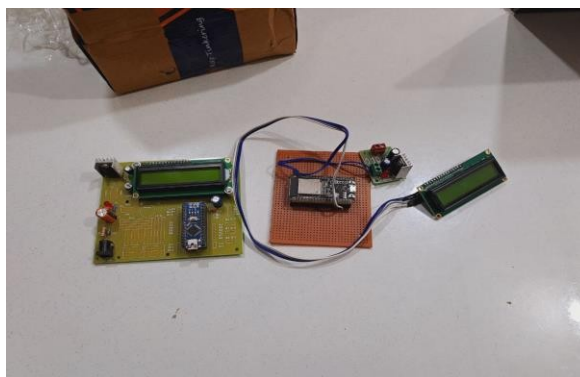
ENERGY METER: An analog power meter is a device that features a printed display to indicate any electrical parameter. An example could be the energy consumed by a typical business, or electrical device. Also called an electromechanical meter, these offer a simple to read display. The energy meter is an electrical measuring device, which is used to record Electrical Energy Consumed over a specified period of time in terms of units.



FigNo.1: Block Diagram of Smart Energy Meter

- 1) When the module is started with the initialization of the Wifi module (Esp12E nodemcu) and the LCD takes place first.
- 2) Then it will read the amount of balance available in the module and check for the balance.

- 3) A threshold value is set in the module here for example we have taken a balance greater than 10. If balance is not greater than 10 it will check another condition if balance is less than 5 or not. If the balance is less than 5 then the power will shut automatically.
- 4) If the balance is less than 10 and greater than 5 the setup will send an alert message to the user via the Esp12E nodemcu module. If balance is greater than 10 the relay will turn ON and unit of electricity consumed so far and the balance will be shown on the LCD screen.
- 5) If want the user can send a new message to the setup and add the amount recharged to the balance, if not the process will continue.



FigNo.2: Arduino ESP12E & Wi-fi Module

IV. TECHNOLOGIES

1) ARDUINO IDE:

The Arduino Integrated Development Environment or Arduino Software (IDE) contains a text editor for writing code, a message area, a text console, a toolbar with buttons for common functions and a series of menus. The open-source Arduino Software (IDE) makes it easy to write code and upload it to the board. This software can be used with any Arduino board.

2) MOBILE APPLICATION:

Smart meters provide users with mobile and web-based applications for real-time monitoring, billing, alerts, and reports on energy consumption. These applications are typically designed with user-friendly dashboards. Integration with smartphones and email systems enables users to receive notifications when energy consumption exceeds predefined thresholds or when unusual activity is detected.

3) SMART BILLING:

Automated billing features enable precise, real-time billing based on energy consumption. The system can detect discrepancies in readings and offer transparent, up-to-date billing information to users. In some advanced systems, blockchain technology may be incorporated to secure and automate transactions, ensure accurate billing, and allow peer-to-peer energy trading.

4) POWER SUPPLY:

Since energy meters need to be reliable and energy-efficient, the system components (like sensors and wireless communication modules) are designed for low-power consumption, often using battery or energy-harvesting methods for operation.

5) SECURITY TECHNOLOGY:

To ensure secure transmission of data, encryption protocols such as TLS (Transport Layer Security) or AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) are employed to protect data while it's in transit.

V. APPLICATIONS

1) REAL TIME MONITORING FOR ENERGY CONSUMPTION:

IoT-based energy meters continuously track and send real-time data about electricity usage to a centralized platform or cloud server.

Users can view their energy consumption patterns in real-time via mobile apps or web dashboards, helping them make energy-efficient decisions.

2) *REMOTEMETERREADING:*

Utility companies can remotely read energy meters without requiring physical visits to each location. This is done by wirelessly transmitting data from the energy meter to the utility's database. Saves on labor costs, reduces human error, and ensures accurate billing.

3) *AUTOMATICFAULTDETECTIONANDALERT:*

IoT-enabled meters can detect faults or anomalies, such as power outages, over-consumption, or faulty connections, and send alerts to users and utility companies. Faster response times to issues, reducing downtime and improving service reliability.

4) *LOADMANAGEMENT:*

Smart energy meters can assist in load balancing by analyzing consumption data. They can send information on peak usage times to utility companies, which can then implement measures like load shedding or load shifting. Ensures a stable supply of energy and helps prevent overloading of the power grid.

5) *ENERGYTHIEFPREVENTION:*

IoT-based energy meters can detect irregularities like tampering, theft, or unauthorized consumption by tracking usage patterns and comparing them to normal behaviour. Helps utility companies identify and prevent energy theft, reducing financial losses.

6) *TIME-OF-USEPRICINGANDDYNAMICBILLING:*

Smart meters can support time-of-use (ToU) pricing models, where consumers pay different rates based on the time of day or season when they consume electricity. Encourages consumers to use energy during off-peak hours, balancing the grid and reducing costs.

7) *PREDICTIVEMAINTAINANCE:*

Smart energy meters can collect historical data, which can be analyzed using AI and machine learning to predict when maintenance is needed before a failure occurs. Reduces downtime and extends the lifespan of energy infrastructure.

8) *GRIDOPTIMIZATIONANDSARTGRIDINTEGRATION:*

The data from smart meters helps utility companies optimize grid operations by providing insights into demand patterns, enabling more accurate predictions and better grid management. More efficient grid operations, reducing energy waste, and improving grid reliability.

9) *INTEGRATIONWITHSMARTHOMESANDBUILDING:*

Smart meters can integrate with home automation systems, allowing users to control energy usage through smart devices, such as thermostats, lights, and appliances. Enables seamless energy management, contributing to greater convenience and efficiency in home or building management.

10) *ENERGYEFFICIENCYANDCONSUMPTIONANALYTICS:*

By collecting and analyzing energy usage data, IoT-based meters provide insights into consumption trends and suggest areas where energy efficiency can be improved. Consumers can optimize their energy use, leading to cost savings and reduced environmental impact.

11) *ENVIRONMENTALIMPACTMONITORING:*

By monitoring energy usage and comparing it with environmental standards or renewable energy sources, IoT-based meters can help reduce carbon footprints. Supports sustainable practices and compliance with environmental regulations.



12) CONSUMERENGAGEMENT:

IoT-based meters allow consumers to track their energy consumption, set goals, and receive recommendations on how to reduce usage. Promotes energy-saving behaviors and engages consumers in sustainable energy practices.

VI. CONCLUSION

“ACostEffectiveIOTSolutionsfor EnergyManagement”, represents a significant technological advancement in energy management, offering real-time monitoring, automated billing, and enhanced control over energy consumption. This energy management offer a smart and affordable way to save energy and reduce energy cost. By using connected sensors and smart meters or automations, businesses and homes can track how much electricity they use on a daily basis and avoid energy wastage. By integrating with smart grids, artificial intelligence, and data analytics, these meters empower consumers and utilities to make informed decisions, optimize energy usage, and reduce operational costs. This solutions not only help lower power bills but also support greener and more sustainable future. With the falling cost of IoT devices and easy access to cloud platform, and it is now more practical than ever to adopt these technologies without spending too much. While challenges such as high initial costs, data security concerns, and infrastructure requirements exist, ongoing technological advancements and widespread adoption are expected to overcome these hurdles. Overall, IoT-based smart energy meters have the potential to revolutionize energy management, contributing to greater efficiency, sustainability, and the future of smart cities. Overall, the IOT is providing to be a powerful and cost-effective tool for managing energy smartly and efficiently.

Further research can be conducted to improve the scalability of the system, making it adaptable for use not just in homes but in large industrial and commercial environments. Integration with smart home devices and IoT-based appliances could automate power management further, allowing the system to control energy consumption intelligently based on user behavior and preferences.

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