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# A Study on Analysis of Innovative Incentive Strategies for Enhanced Employee Performance

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**Abstract:** *Employee motivation and performance are critical determinants of organizational success. Traditional incentive systems that rely primarily on salary increments and bonuses are increasingly insufficient to sustain employee engagement in modern workplaces. This study examines the effectiveness of innovative incentive strategies in enhancing employee performance and job satisfaction.*

*The research was conducted in Coimbatore city using primary data collected from 52 respondents through structured questionnaires. Simple percentage analysis was used to interpret the results. The findings reveal that employees value both financial and non-financial incentives, including career advancement opportunities, recognition programs, flexible work arrangements, and wellness initiatives. The study concludes that organizations must adopt innovative and personalized incentive strategies to improve employee motivation, productivity, and organizational performance.*

**Keywords:** *Employee motivation, incentive strategies, performance management, rewards, organizational productivity.*

## I. INTRODUCTION

In today's competitive business environment, organizations must continually develop strategies to enhance employee performance and engagement. Employees represent one of the most valuable resources of any organization, and their productivity significantly influences organizational success. Incentive programs play a crucial role in motivating employees to perform effectively and align their efforts with organizational goals.

Traditional incentive systems typically focus on monetary rewards such as salary increases, bonuses, and promotions. However, these incentives alone may not sufficiently motivate employees in modern workplaces. Employees increasingly expect recognition, work-life balance, career development opportunities, and meaningful work experiences.

## II. OBJECTIVES

- 1) To identify and evaluate innovative incentive strategies that effectively enhance employee performance.
- 2) To assess the impact of both monetary and non-monetary incentives on employee motivation, productivity, and job satisfaction.
- 3) To analyse the alignment of incentive programs with organizational goals and their influence on achieving desired business outcomes.
- 4) To examine the challenges and barriers organizations face in implementing and sustaining effective incentive programs.

## III. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

- 1) Lindner (1998) emphasized that both financial and non-financial incentives play a vital role in motivating employees and improving organizational performance.
- 2) Sansone and Harackiewicz (2000) explored intrinsic and extrinsic motivation, highlighting how internal motivation combined with external rewards can improve workplace productivity.

## IV. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

### A. Research Design

A Research design is purely and simply the framework or plan study that guides the collections and analysis of data. Generally, a research design is a blue print of research that is to be followed in completing the research.

**B. Methods of Data collection**

- 1) Data is collected through Primary Method and Secondary Method
- 2) In primary data, it is done through questionnaires. Primary data are the raw data which is not subject to any processing or manipulation. It is collected freshly and is original in character
- 3) Secondary data collection is done through newspaper, internet and journals, books surveys, experiments, internal records. Secondary data are those which is been already gathered and can be accessed by anyone.

**V. DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION**

Table 1: Employees’ Opinion on Incentive Programs

Factor	Percentage (%)
Employees who want incentive review every 3 months	42
Employees satisfied with current incentive structure	42
Employees who believe incentives influence performance	42
Employees who feel demotivated due to lack of incentives	39
Employees who feel more engaged with innovative incentives	39

Interpretation: The table indicates that a significant proportion of employees recognize the importance of incentive programs in influencing their performance and engagement. It also suggests that regular review and improvement of incentive structures are necessary to maintain employee motivation and reduce dissatisfaction in the workplace.

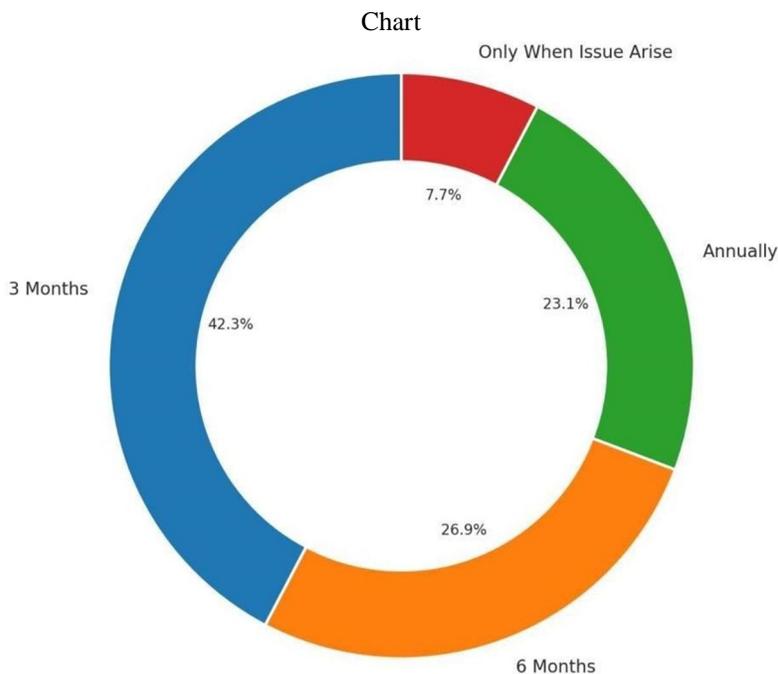
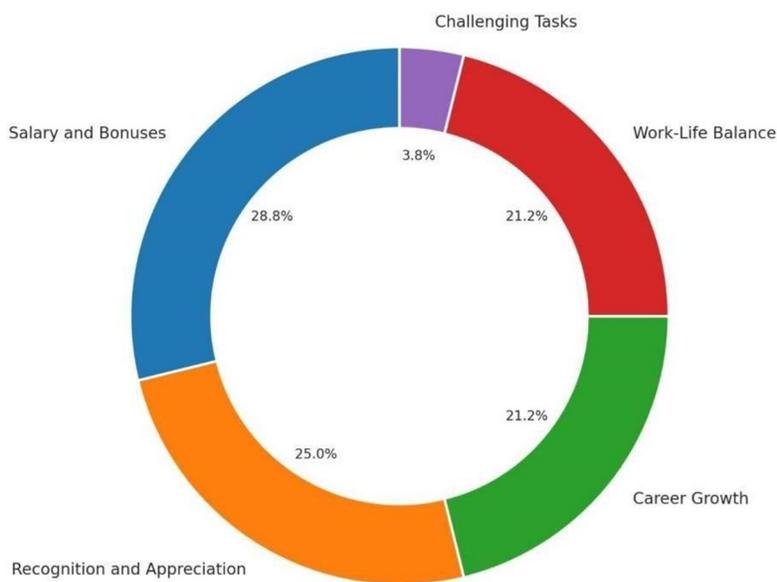


Table 2: Most Preferred Incentive Factors

Incentive Type	Percentage (%)
Career advancement opportunities	51
Salary and bonuses	29
Monetary recognition rewards	37
Flexible work arrangements	56
Personalized incentives	49

Interpretation: The table shows that flexible work arrangements (56%) and career advancement opportunities (51%) are the most preferred incentives among employees. This indicates that employees value growth opportunities and work–life balance even more than traditional financial rewards.

Chart



### VI. FINDINGS

- 1) Majority of the respondents 71% are male.
- 2) Most of the respondents 44% are within 26-35 age group.
- 3) Most of the respondents 33% shows annual income of 200,000-300,000 and 300,000-400,000.
- 4) Most of the respondents 40% hold a postgraduate degree.
- 5) Most of the respondents 31% are from Marketing department.
- 6) Majority of the respondents 52% has the experience of 1-3 years.
- 7) Most of the respondents 35% companies currently provide employee recognition awards as incentive.
- 8) Most of the respondents 29% annually incentive are provided.

### VII. SUGGESTION

Companies should consider increasing salary structures to provide better career growth opportunities and bridge the income gap, ensuring fair compensation to attract and retain top talent. Encouraging higher education through tuition reimbursement programs and skill development initiatives can further support employees in advancing their qualifications. While business-related departments like Marketing and Finance are well-represented, organizations should also strengthen IT and HR functions to maintain a balanced workforce. To reduce turnover and retain experienced employees, mentorship programs and career progression strategies should be implemented.



### VIII. CONCLUSION

This study highlights the importance of innovative incentive strategies in improving employee performance and organizational productivity. The findings indicate that a balanced approach combining financial and non-financial rewards is essential for motivating employees effectively.

Organizations should focus on designing transparent, fair, and flexible incentive systems that align employee goals with organizational objectives. Personalized rewards, career advancement opportunities, and work-life balance initiatives can significantly enhance employee engagement and job satisfaction.

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