iJRASET
International Journal For Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 11 **Issue:** X **Month of publication:** October 2023

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2023.56327

www.ijraset.com

Call: 08813907089 | E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)
ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538
Volume 11 Issue X Oct 2023- Available at www.ijraset.com

A Survey on Age and Gender Detection Using Deep Learning

Miss. Janhavi Bonkinpallewar[1], Miss. Amruta Thawari[2], Miss. Swamini Gawande[3], Mr. Rohit Mudrake[4], Miss. Rachana Ingole[5], Miss. Sanjana Chakre[6], Prof. R.S Sawant[7]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6] *Student, Department of Computer Engineering, JCOET, Yavatmal*
[7]*Asst Prof. Department of Computer Engineering, JCOET, Yavatmal*

Abstract: ***The age and gender information are very important for various real world applications such as social understanding, biometrics, identity verification, crowd behavior analysis etc. There are numerous works proposed for age and gender prediction in the past several years. The age and gender detector project aims to develop an advanced AI system capable of accurately determining the age and genders of individuals from images. As we can see, the model outputs are mostly special parts as well as wrinkles, which are important for age and gender prediction. This project utilizes deep learning techniques to analyze special features and patterns, enabling real time identification and classification of age and gender attributes.***
Keywords: ***Age detection and Gender Detection, Facial analysis, CNN, DNN, Open CV, Deep learning.***

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's increasingly digitized world, the ability to extract valuable information from visual data has become paramount. Among the many facets of computer vision, age and gender detection have emerged as pivotal tasks with diverse applications spanning security, marketing, healthcare, and beyond. Deep Learning, a subfield of artificial intelligence, has spearheaded remarkable advancements in these domains, enabling machines to not only recognize age and gender but also to do so with unprecedented accuracy and speed.

Age and gender detection hold immense promise for various sectors. In security, for instance, robust age and gender estimation systems can enhance surveillance by identifying potential threats more accurately. In marketing and advertising, understanding the demographics of an audience is invaluable for delivering targeted content and improving campaign effectiveness. Healthcare benefits from these technologies as well, with applications ranging from patient monitoring to geriatric care. These examples underscore the significance of age and gender detection as versatile tools for decision support and automation.

The pivotal role of deep learning in revolutionizing age and gender detection cannot be overstated. Deep learning techniques, particularly Convolution Neural Networks (CNNs), have exhibited exceptional prowess in image analysis tasks. Leveraging massive amounts of data and intricate network architectures, deep learning models have surpassed traditional methods and have set new benchmarks in accuracy and reliability.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

[1] This seminal paper focuses on the task of age and gender classification using Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs). The authors proposed a deep learning-based approach to automatically predict the age and gender of individuals from facial images. The authors used a large-scale dataset known as the Adience dataset, which contains a diverse set of facial images, with subjects spanning a wide range of ages and genders.

The paper demonstrated that their CNN-based approach outperformed previous methods on the Adience dataset, showcasing the effectiveness of deep learning for age and gender classification tasks. The authors acknowledged challenges in age estimation due to variations in aging patterns and limitations in dataset quality. They also noted the importance of large and diverse datasets for robust model training. It emphasized the potential of CNNs in handling complex tasks like age and gender estimation from facial images and has since inspired further advancements in this area. Researchers have built upon these concepts and developed more sophisticated models for even better performance in age and gender prediction tasks.

[2] The authors highlight the growing importance of demographic analysis in various applications, such as marketing, security, and healthcare. Age and gender detection from facial images are critical components of demographic analysis. The paper discusses several widely used datasets for age and gender estimation, including the Audience dataset, MORPH dataset, and FG-NET dataset.

Each dataset has its unique characteristics and challenges. The authors review a wide range of techniques used for age and gender detection, including traditional computer vision methods and modern deep learning approaches.

This survey paper serves as a valuable resource for anyone interested in the field of demographic analysis from facial images. It provides a comprehensive overview of the state of the art, current challenges, and potential future directions, making it an essential reference for researchers and practitioners in this area.

[3] Particularly when dealing with unfiltered images. The proposed model outperforms previous methods on both age and gender estimation tasks on the mentioned datasets. This research paper contributes to the field of age and gender estimation by addressing the challenges posed by unfiltered images and presenting a novel deep learning-based approach that achieves competitive performance. It showcases the potential of deep learning techniques for handling real-world data in demographic analysis from facial images.

[4]The paper introduces a deep learning-based approach that operates on a single facial image without the need for facial landmarks. The proposed model combines convolution neural networks (CNNs) with a novel multi-class classification loss function designed for age estimation. The paper distinguishes between "real age," which is the actual age of the subject, and "apparent age," which is how old a person looks in the image.

The model is trained to predict both real and apparent age, providing a more comprehensive understanding of age estimation. The authors demonstrate that their model achieves state-of-the-art performance on both real and apparent age estimation tasks on the MORPH and FG-NET datasets. This suggests the model's effectiveness in handling the challenges of age estimation from single images without landmarks.

[5] Introduction to the history and importance of face recognition, covering its applications in security, surveillance, human-computer interaction, and more. It covers fundamental concepts related to face analysis, including facial feature extraction, representation, and modeling. These concepts are crucial for understanding how age and gender detection from facial images are approached.

The book explores various face recognition techniques, including template-based methods, appearance-based methods, and statistical methods. Understanding these techniques is essential for grasping the foundations of age and gender estimation, gender detection as well.

The book introduces common evaluation metrics for assessing the performance of face recognition systems, such as accuracy, receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curves, and more. These metrics are also applicable to age and gender detection tasks. The authors touch upon ethical and privacy concerns related to face recognition technology, including issues surrounding surveillance and data privacy.

It provides a strong foundation in the fundamental concepts and techniques related to face analysis.

[6] The training process, including data augmentation techniques to improve model generalization. The paper provides results demonstrating the performance of their gender classification model on the LFW and CelebA datasets. Evaluation metrics such as accuracy are used to assess the model's performance. The paper suggests potential avenues for future research, including improving model robustness to variations in pose, expression, and lighting, as well as exploring the combination of gender and age classification. While the primary focus of this paper is on gender classification, the techniques and methodologies discussed, particularly the use of CNNs for image-based classification tasks, are highly relevant to age detection projects. Researchers and practitioners in the field of demographic analysis from facial images can draw insights from this paper when developing age estimation models based on similar CNN architectures.

[7] Introduction to the importance of face recognition and its wide-ranging applications, from security to human-computer interaction. It covers foundational concepts in face recognition, including feature extraction, dimensionality reduction, and classification techniques. Understanding these concepts is crucial for developing age and gender detection models. Given the ethical and privacy concerns surrounding facial analysis technologies, the handbook may include discussions on these topics and their implications for age and gender detection applications. Researchers and practitioners interested in age and gender detection can find valuable insights, concepts, and references within, which can guide further exploration and research in the field.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

This research paper proposes a robust and efficient system that leverages state-of-the-art deep learning techniques. Our proposed system aims to build upon the advancements in this field and address some of the key challenges and opportunities highlighted in the literature review.

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538
Volume 11 Issue X Oct 2023- Available at www.ijraset.com

A. Deep Learning Models

The foundation of our proposed system lies in the utilization of deep learning models. We will employ Convolution Neural Networks (CNNs) for both age and gender detection.

B. Dataset Selection and Augmentation

To ensure the effectiveness of our models, we will carefully select appropriate datasets like IMDB-WIKI for age detection and CelebA for gender detection

C. Multi-Task Learning

Recognizing the inherent relationship between age and gender, we will implement a multi-task learning approach. By jointly training the age and gender detection models, we aim to exploit shared features and improve overall accuracy.

D. Performance Evaluation

The performance of our proposed system will be rigorously evaluated using established metrics such as Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for age estimation and accuracy.

IV. APPLICATIONS

A. Security and Surveillance

Criminal Identification: Law enforcement agencies can use age and gender detection for identifying suspects or missing persons in surveillance footage, aiding in criminal investigations.

B. Marketing and Advertising

Targeted Advertising: Marketers can use age and gender information to deliver personalized ads to specific demographics, increasing the effectiveness of advertising campaigns.

C. Healthcare

Patient Care: Age and gender detection can assist healthcare providers in patient care by automatically categorizing patients into age and gender groups, aiding in diagnosis and treatment planning.

D. Human-Computer Interaction

User Experience Customization: Age and gender detection can be used to customize user interfaces and content on websites and applications, providing a more tailored experience for users.

E. Entertainment and Gaming

Virtual Reality (VR): VR applications can use age and gender detection to create personalized avatars and gaming experiences that align with users' demographics.

F. Customer Service

Chabot's: Chabot's equipped with age and gender detection capabilities can provide more personalized customer service interactions, tailoring responses and recommendations to individual users.
Retail Assistance: In physical retail environments, age and gender detection can be used to guide customers to relevant products or offer assistance based on their demographics.

G. Education

Personalized Learning: Educational platforms can use age and gender detection to customize learning materials and recommendations, adapting to the unique needs of students.

V. DIAGRAM

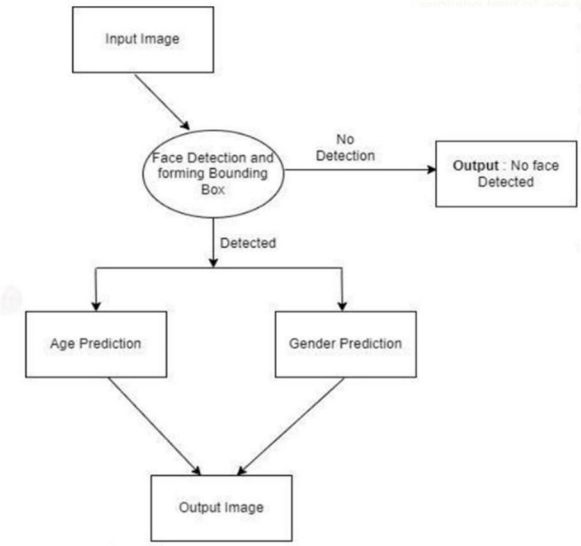


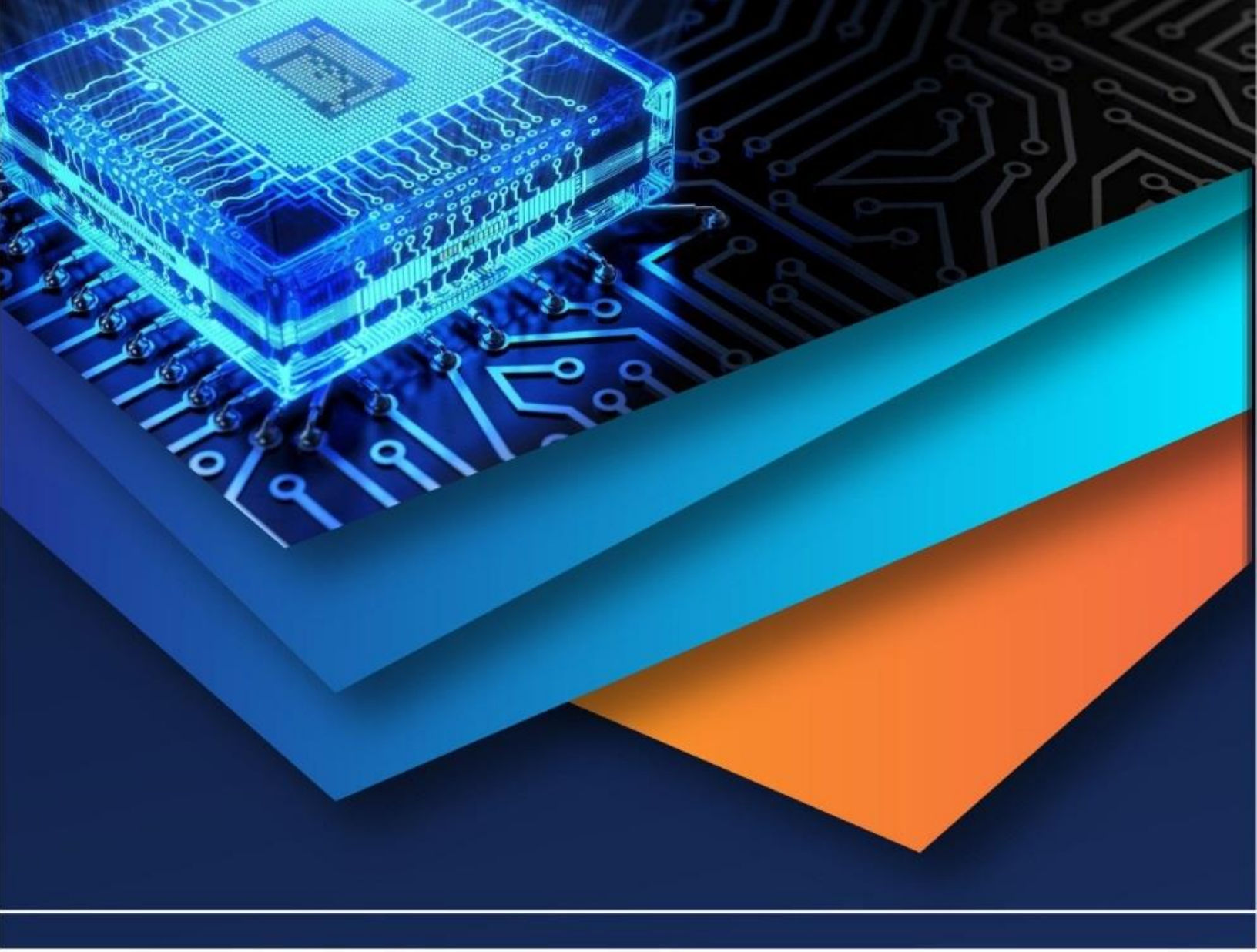
Fig 1: Flow Chart

VI. CONCLUSION

The literature review of age and gender detection projects reveals a rich landscape of research and development in the field of demographic analysis from facial images. Over the years, researchers have made significant progress in using computer vision and deep learning techniques to estimate the age and gender of individuals from photographs or video frames. The field of age and gender detection using deep learning has made significant strides in recent years, thanks to the remarkable capabilities of Convolution Neural Networks (CNNs) and other advanced deep learning techniques. This research and literature review highlight the importance and versatility of age and gender detection across a wide range of applications, from security and marketing to healthcare and education. As technology continues to advance, the potential for these systems to enhance decision support, automation, and personalization across various sectors becomes increasingly evident.

REFERENCES

[1] Authors: M. H. Bhuyan, A. Dey, and M. Nasipuri, Published: This survey paper was published in the journal "ACM Computing Surveys" in 2017.
[2] Authors: Rasmus Rothe, Radu Timofte, and Luc Van Gool, Published:"Age and gender estimation of unfiltered faces" This research paper was presented at the IEEE International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV) in 2015.
[3] Authors: Gil Levi and Tal Hassner, In 2015,"Age and gender classification" this paper was presented at the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR).
[4] Authors: Kaipeng Zhang, Zhanpeng Zhang, Zhifeng Li, and Yu Qiao, Published: "Deep expectation of real and apparent age from single image without facial landmark" This research paper was presented at the European Conference on Computer Vision (ECCV) in 2016.
[5] Authors: W. Zhao, R. Chellappa, P. J. Phillips, and A. Rosenfeld, Published:"face recognition and analysis the state of art" This book was published in 2003 and provides a comprehensive overview of the state of the art in face recognition and analysis.
[6] Authors: S. C. Kuru and B. A. Yıldırım, Published: This research paper was published in the journal "Expert Systems with Applications" in 2017.
[7] Title: "Handbook of Face Recognition", Editor:* Stan Z. Li, Published: This handbook was edited by Stan Z. Li provides a comprehensive resource on face recognition, including topics related to age and gender detection, among others.
[8] Authors: Kido S, Hirano Y, Hashimoto N: Computer-aided classification of pulmonary diseases: Feature extraction based method versus non-feature extraction based method. Proceedings of IWAIT, 1-3, 2017.



10.22214/IJRASET

45.98

IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129

IMPACT FACTOR: 7.429

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY