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AI-Based Healthcare Chatbot System

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Abstract: This healthcare chatbot, powered by artificial intelligence, is built to reduce the communication gap between patients and healthcare professionals, particularly in regions with limited access to medical services. It delivers quick responses for medical queries, supports in urgent scenarios, and offers mental wellness assistance. The integration of natural language processing (NLP) allows individuals to express their health concerns in their native language, improving the clarity of symptom interpretation and enabling customized medical suggestions. Furthermore, the system helps users schedule visits with nearby doctors or specialists, promoting timely healthcare access. Its overall goal is to reduce the load on clinics and hospitals by offering convenient support for non-urgent medical needs.

Keywords: Artificial intelligence chatbot, digital health solutions, natural language understanding, remote medical access, automated consultation scheduling

I. INTRODUCTION

Access to healthcare remains a pressing issue in both rural and urban areas, where doctor availability is often scarce. Patients commonly encounter long waiting times, high consultation costs, and challenges in articulating their symptoms, especially in areas with language barriers. The advancement of artificial intelligence (AI) presents a viable solution through healthcare chatbots. These AI-driven systems can interpret and process human language, allowing patients to effectively convey their health concerns, receive advice, and schedule appointments without needing direct human interaction. This paper explores the AI Healthcare Chatbot system, which improves healthcare accessibility by providing multilingual support, emergency assistance, and personalized consultations.

A. Problem Statement

Access to healthcare remains a major challenge for many, particularly those living in rural regions where distance, cost, and lack of infrastructure often limit medical support. In such areas, hospitals and professionals may be inaccessible, and scheduling routine checkups becomes burdensome. Even in urban settings with better facilities, Patients often face congested medical facilities and extended waiting periods before receiving care. These circumstances highlight the urgent need for an accessible and intuitive solution that connects individuals to healthcare services without physical visits. This project proposes a smart healthcare chatbot designed to offer fast, reliable, and accurate assistance directly through users' devices.

B. Objectives

This AI-enabled virtual healthcare assistant is developed to enhance the reach and inclusivity of medical services. It offers an intuitive interface that lets users share their health concerns, receive timely medical input, and arrange consultations with relevant doctors—all without leaving their homes. The system is built to:

- Enable users to explain their health issues in their own language, ensuring a more relaxed and natural interaction.
- Deliver swift guidance in critical situations by providing precise, easy-to-understand, and useful information.
- Assist in booking appointments with nearby medical experts, taking into account the urgency and nature of the user's symptoms.

C. Functional Requirements

The AI healthcare chatbot offers several core functionalities that enhance user experience and accessibility to medical services. First, it allows users to input symptoms using natural language, either through text or voice, enabling real-time diagnoses based on the information provided. This feature ensures that users can describe their symptoms comfortably in their own words, even if they are unfamiliar with medical terminology. Additionally, the chatbot facilitates appointment booking with nearby healthcare specialists by analyzing the patient's symptoms and location, streamlining the process of finding the right doctor.



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One of the standout capabilities of the chatbot is its ability to communicate in multiple languages, allowing users to express themselves more comfortably. During emergencies, it delivers immediate, easy-to-follow instructions to guide users through urgent situations. Additionally, it provides basic emotional support, especially for those looking for mental health assistance, fostering a sense of being understood.

Finally, the chatbot is designed to handle multiple users at once, ensuring scalability without compromising performance. This allows the system to serve large populations efficiently, particularly during high-demand situations such as health crises.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

1) Paper1

[1] This study investigates the creation of an AI-based healthcare chatbot designed to help individuals identify potential health issues prior to visiting a medical professional. Utilizing Natural Language Processing (NLP) and neural network models, the chatbot engages users in text-based dialogue to understand their symptoms. It then compares the collected information with a pre-trained dataset of medical knowledge to offer tailored health recommendations.

A key goal of the chatbot is to reduce healthcare costs and enhance access to medical information, especially in regions with limited healthcare services. By automating initial consultations, the system allows users to better understand their health status and seek timely medical intervention when necessary. Additionally, the chatbot leverages custom Google searches to provide more detailed health information, supplementing the internal database with data from trusted external sources.

The system's machine learning algorithms enable it to map symptoms to possible diseases and recommend treatments. The future scope includes enhancing the chatbot with mobile assistant functionality and incorporating biometric authentication for greater security during user interactions.

This study emphasizes how artificial intelligence and natural language processing contribute to improving patient communication and streamlining the process of medical consultations.

2) Paper 2

[2] This research presents an in-depth exploration of how chatbots are created and evolved, focusing on essential technologies such as Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML). It discusses the mechanisms behind these systems, showcasing how they operate as digital assistants capable of interacting with users via text or voice in a conversational manner. The paper also charts the historical progression of chatbot technology—from the foundational ELIZA model introduced in 1966 to modern, sophisticated tools like Siri and Alexa.

Two primary architectures are discussed: rule-based systems that follow predefined dialogues and NLP-based systems that interpret context for dynamic responses. It also categorizes chatbots by their usage in

fields like healthcare, education, and customer support, while reviewing leading development platforms and frameworks.

Chatbots powered by Natural Language Processing (NLP) are capable of interpreting user intent and delivering context-aware responses. This paper also categorizes chatbot systems based on their areas of use—including sectors like customer support, education, and healthcare. Furthermore, it explores various development tools such as cloud-based NLP platforms and enterprise-level AI services, each offering unique functionalities for building conversational agents tailored to specific applications.

In conclusion, the paper reviews the practical applications of chatbots in industries like education, marketing, and business, demonstrating their ability to automate interactions, improve efficiency, and deliver personalized experiences. It suggests that chatbots will continue to evolve, integrating more advanced AI techniques and expanding their usability in various domains.

This paper is a valuable reference for understanding the architecture, design techniques, and applications of modern chatbots.

3) Paper 3

[3] This research centers on designing an AI-powered healthcare chatbot aimed at addressing the challenges of accessible and affordable medical care in India, a concern that became even more critical during the COVID-19 crisis. The chatbot employs Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) to communicate with users via both voice and text. It gathers symptom details, provides preliminary assessments, recommends basic remedies, and supports users in booking consultations. The core objective of this solution is to improve the reach of healthcare services, reduce medical costs, and minimize the strain on medical staff by automating the initial stages of patient engagement.

The chatbot processes user inputs through algorithms like TF-IDF and Cosine Similarity to match symptoms with relevant diseases. Depending on the severity, the chatbot either suggests over-the-counter medication for minor conditions or directs the user to a



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specialist for more serious cases, booking an appointment if needed. The system is designed to operate 24/7, offering patients constant support and enabling early disease detection, which can be life-saving.

4) Paper 4

[4] The paper "An Overview of Chatbot Technology" by Eleni Adamopoulou and Lefteris Moussiades offers an in-depth review of chatbot evolution and their applications across different industries. It traces the history of chatbot systems from early pioneers like ELIZA and PARRY to today's advanced virtual assistants including Siri, Alexa, and Google Assistant. The study discusses how chatbots have been adopted in areas such as marketing, education, healthcare, and customer service—highlighting benefits like operational cost savings and round-the-clock availability. It further explores core Advanced methods such as language processing and comprehension systems ,and system architecture. The paper also presents a classification of chatbots based on their function, scope, and response generation techniques, offering insight into the current landscape and future possibilities of chatbot development.

5) Paper 5

[5] The research work titled "AI-Based Healthcare Chatbot System" presents the development of a digital health assistant designed to enhance access to medical support, particularly in underserved or rural locations where healthcare services are limited. By utilizing Artificial Intelligence (AI) in combination with Natural Language Processing (NLP), the chatbot interprets symptoms shared by users and provides appropriate health-related recommendations. It sources information either from a built-in medical database or trusted online repositories. The system's main goal is to reduce the workload on medical staff by delivering fast, initial support during critical moments.

6) *Paper* 6

[6] The study titled "Personal Healthcare Chatbot for Medical Suggestions Using Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning" introduces the framework and implementation of a chatbot system dedicated to healthcare support. Leveraging AI and machine learning algorithms, the chatbot analyzes symptoms shared by users to provide informed health advice. Functioning through a text-based interface, it helps individuals recognize frequent medical conditions, evaluate their seriousness, and obtain personalized suggestions for treatment.

Through Natural Language Processing (NLP), the chatbot interprets user input in a human-like manner, enhancing ease of interaction. The system evaluates whether the condition is mild or potentially serious. For less severe symptoms, it suggests general remedies—including options from Ayurvedic and Homeopathic practices. In more critical cases, it advises users to seek professional care and recommends relevant doctors from its internal directory.

To classify conditions, the chatbot integrates the K-Nearest Neighbours (KNN) algorithm and employs a retrieval-based model to select responses that best match the user's input. For improved reliability, diagnoses are only provided when the system achieves over 80% confidence in its analysis, resulting in a reported accuracy of 82%—surpassing the performance of many other similar tools.

The paper also benchmarks the proposed chatbot against existing systems like Dr.Vdoc and Med Chatbot, showing that it excels in response accuracy, processing speed, and diagnostic coverage. Where existing tools often fall short with prediction rates between 65% and 75%, this solution demonstrates noticeable improvements by delivering faster, more accurate, and tailored healthcare suggestions.

III. METHODOLOGY

In the planning and analysis phase, it is vital to establish clear project goals, such as offering medical advice, symptom checking, and appointment scheduling. Collecting comprehensive requirements from stakeholders, especially healthcare professionals, ensures the project aligns with user needs. Evaluating the technical feasibility of using tools like Python, Flask, HTML, CSS, and natural language processing (NLP) will help shape the development strategy. Additionally, proper resource allocation and timeline management are key for a successful development process.

When moving to design and architecture, the system should be designed for scalability and modularity. This includes creating a detailed database schema to manage user profiles, medical histories, and chatbot interactions. Building Flask-based API endpoints is essential for processing symptom inputs and generating responses, while also ensuring the system can scale for future upgrades and new features.



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In the development phase, the backend should implement key functionalities using Flask, focusing on user authentication and symptom processing. Simultaneously, a user-friendly interface should be developed using HTML and CSS to support chatbot interaction. Integrating NLP models through Python libraries, such as TensorFlow or scikit-learn, will improve the chatbot's ability to analyze symptoms. Efficient storage of user data and chatbot interactions can be managed using databases like MongoDB or SQL.

To boost user engagement, innovative features should be included. NLP integration will allow the system to interpret user inputs and provide personalized health recommendations. Adding gamification, such as health rewards, can further enhance user interaction, while incorporating voice-to-text functionality will accommodate users who prefer voice-based interaction.

IV. CONCLUSION

The AI Healthcare Chatbot marks a major advancement in tackling the challenges of healthcare accessibility in both rural and urban regions. Utilizing AI technology, the chatbot streamlines the process of obtaining medical advice, scheduling appointments, and providing emotional support. It helps remove obstacles that often hinder individuals from receiving prompt healthcare, offering a scalable and easy-to-use solution. This innovation has the potential to enhance healthcare outcomes, alleviate overcrowding in hospitals, and make medical consultations more accessible to populations that are often underserved.

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