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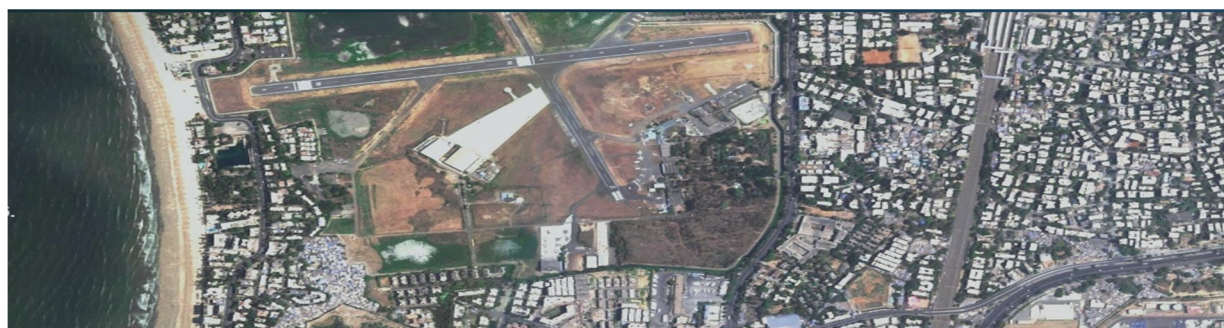
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# Bhoonidhi: Transforming Satellite Data into Smart Intelligence

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**Abstract:** *The rapid development of satellite imaging technology has reshaped a variety of fields, including urban planning and disaster management. Despite the availability of high-resolution imagery, traditional satellite datasets primarily offer basic geographic coordinates, failing to provide meaningful insights into the geographic context. It is difficult for planners, researchers, and decision-makers to extract actionable intelligence from raw imagery due to this gap. The Bhoonidhi Meta-Intelligence system was created to add enriched metadata to satellite data. By integrating natural and manmade geographic features, such as monuments, hospitals, airports, and educational institutions, Bhoonidhi transforms conventional satellite imagery into a comprehensive geospatial intelligence tool. This research focuses on metadata enrichment, leveraging artificial intelligence and GIS technologies to improve the usability of satellite data across multiple sectors. Urban planning, disaster response, and agricultural monitoring have all seen improvements as a result of Bhoonidhi's implementation. The system makes a contribution to a framework for more effective geospatial decision-making by incorporating structured metadata into satellite images. Future work will focus on real-time data updates, AI-driven automation, and global collaborations to enhance the system's impact.*

**Keywords:** *Satellite Metadata, Geospatial Intelligence, AI-driven Mapping, GIS, Remote Sensing, Bhoonidhi*

## I. INTRODUCTION

The growing demand for intelligent geospatial solutions has led to significant advancements in satellite imaging and data analytics. The lack of enriched metadata limits the full potential of satellite imagery, which is widely used in areas like urban planning, environmental monitoring, and disaster response.

By combining AI-powered metadata enrichment methods with satellite imagery, Bhoonidhi hopes to close this gap and offer a more intelligent approach to geospatial intelligence. This paper explores the current landscape of metadata-driven satellite imaging, its applications, limitations, and future scope in the field of geospatial intelligence.

## II. BACKGROUND

Conventional satellite images are transparent but don't provide much information. Most of the time, such pictures only indicate geographical coordinates and not schools, roads, landmarks, or medical centres. Such limitations render spatial analysis of less utility in areas of activity that require being extremely conscious of the environment.

Bhoonidhi addresses this issue by employing automated extraction techniques and AI-driven enrichment methods to complete the data gaps. The premise is that everyone in the world needs more intelligent GIS systems providing more detailed, location-based information rather than satellite images.

### III. CURRENT STATE OF THE ART

Several governments and organizations worldwide have initiated projects to bridge the metadata gap for geospatial technologies. The European Space Agency's Copernicus Programme, for instance, distributes open-source satellite data, yet its metadata remains environmental markers only. Google Earth is simple to navigate, yet it doesn't offer real-time, locally enriched metadata that would provide more details.

Bhoonidhi is unique in its use of Python-based scraping technologies, artificial intelligence-based classification techniques, and real-time satellite feed integration to create region-specific metadata. It stands on the shoulders of international research labs such as MIT's Senseable City Lab, which explores urban intelligence through sensor-infused environments, and China's Urban AI system, which emphasizes planning for smart infrastructure. Bhoonidhi introduces these novel concepts to India with simple-to-use tools, affordable, and expandable to meet the needs of the user.

### IV. MOTIVATION

Bhoonidhi is required since both national and international demands for improved spatial decision-making. Localised geospatial intelligence can assist state planners, researchers, and Indian farmers, as cities are expanding rapidly and agriculture is climate change-sensitive.

Bhoonidhi can be incorporated in the national infrastructure since ISRO aims to develop satellite systems in India. Metadata-rich systems are also immediately necessary due to the movement towards smart cities and public policy incorporating AI.

### V. PROPOSED SOLUTIONS

Bhoonidhi introduces several enhancements to classic platforms in pursuit of these objectives:

- 1) AI-powered classification: Automatically labeling geographic and infrastructure elements.
- 2) Blockchain-based integration: Ensures data is open and accurate.
- 3) Edge computing capability allows you to process metadata in real-time with minimal lag.
- 4) Partnership collaboration: Collaborates with world data suppliers and research centers to ensure the platform remains up to date.

### VI. RESEARCH AND DISCUSSIONS

Both NASA's Applied Sciences Program research and UNEP geospatial program research offer a glimpse of the potential of AI-driven satellite analysis in supporting disaster response, predicting climate and promoting sustainable development. In the US, FEMA has leveraged enriched geospatial data to develop resilient infrastructure planning. In Europe, projects like URBANFLUXES have employed heat mapping based on the satellite for environmental urban planning.

On the research side, Stanford and MIT scientists have collaborated on AI geospace solutions for energy optimization and flood prediction. These global learnings feed into the algorithm and framework of Bhoonidhi which is tailored to the Indian geography, peculiar climatic variance and infrastructural divide

### VII. CASE STUDIES

- 1) Urban planning: Bhoonidhi has studied zoning violation, traffic jam, and violation of public open spaces in Mumbai. Cities have used its visualizations to rezone land use and build new transit routes.
- 2) Disaster management: Bhoonidhi's augmented data set allowed first responders to quickly locate safe locations, blocked roads and temporary shelter points during the 2022 Kerala flood, transforming disaster logistics.
- 3) Agriculture monitoring: Bhoonidhi has been used by farming areas in Maharashtra to track water use, rainfall and soil health. It has a level of accuracy 7x greater than what I could manually deduce; the product can be used to optimize crop prediction, a dynamite source of benefit, let alone gardening!

### VIII. CONCLUSION

Bhoonidhi is driving geospatial innovation in India. It provides useful insights into a variety of businesses by converting satellite photos into sophisticated metadata-driven intelligence systems. Its versatility, precision, and ease of use make it an important component in improving India's digital infrastructure. Looking ahead, Bhoonidhi's next breakthroughs, such as real-time data automation and worldwide cooperation, are poised to transform how we interact with Earth-observation technology.





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