



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 12 **Issue:** III **Month of publication:** March 2024

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2024.59620>

www.ijraset.com

Call: ☎ 08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

Construction of Green Buildings by Using AI in the Civil Engineering Field - II

Kendre Sainath Taterao¹, Mane Akanksha Anant², Mandhare Ganesh Sanjay³, Jadhav Tejas Naresh⁴, Achalere Baburao Shivanand⁵, Prof. Geetanjali S. Yadav⁶

^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}Dept. of Civil Engineering, Shree Chhatrapati Shivajiraje College of Engineering – Pune, India

⁶Guide, Dept. of Civil Engineering, Shree Chhatrapati Shivajiraje College of Engineering – Pune, India

Abstract: A branch of computer science called Artificial intelligence (AI) deals with studying, creating, and using intelligent machines. This includes the description of recently developed ideas and methods for the development and implementation of AI in civil engineering and also gives an overview of the field's advancement. The tremendous development and advancement in big data, deep learning, and machine learning technologies, have been used effectively and successfully in various civil engineering sectors.

The important areas of artificial intelligence research in civil engineering include structural management and maintenance, as well as design optimization. Data collection, sustainability assessment, and productivity are just a few advantages and prospects that the use of AI in civil engineering offers to civil engineers. With digital technology, the construction trend has now been transformed into one that emphasizes sustainability. Using of computers in civil engineering is primarily focused on numerical, algorithmic calculations, which is inappropriate for solving the empirical and poorly structured problems that arise in actual practice and are instead handled by expert systems and artificial intelligence.

Keywords: Green Building, Artificial Intelligence, Civil Engineering, Artificial Neural Networks, Building Information Modeling.

I. INTRODUCTION

Green buildings prioritize sustainability through environmentally responsible practices in construction and operation, aiming to minimize environmental impact by efficiently using energy, water, and eco-friendly materials. They take a holistic approach, considering the entire life cycle from design to deconstruction. These buildings enhance occupant well-being by improving indoor air quality, natural light, and overall comfort. Additionally, they promote environmental responsibility by reducing carbon footprints, employing eco-friendly technologies, and contributing to a sustainable future.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) mimics human intelligence by analyzing vast amounts of data and learning from it to perform tasks. It excels in problem-solving and decision-making based on patterns and insights, with versatile applications across various domains such as virtual assistants, autonomous vehicles, and medical diagnostics. AI is continuously evolving, and adapting to technological advancements.

Combining green building principles with AI introduces optimized designs, smart energy management, and predictive maintenance. AI analyzes data to create energy-efficient and sustainable building designs, monitors and adjusts energy usage in real-time, and anticipates maintenance issues to reduce downtime and ensure long-term sustainability. Moreover, AI enhances indoor environmental quality for occupant well-being, streamlines waste management to promote recycling and sustainability, and integrates with smart grids for efficient energy distribution and consumption. This integration of green building practices with AI technologies represents a significant step towards achieving sustainable, environmentally conscious infrastructure.

II. DIFFERENT TECHNIQUE & METHODOLOGY



Fig. 01: Methodology of Project.

A. AI in The Water Level Indicator

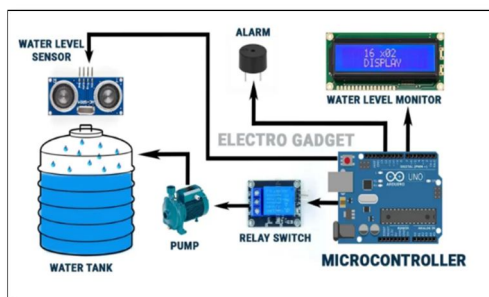


Fig.02: Water Level Indicator Circuit.

1) What is AI in the Water Level Indicator?

Application of AI in water degree signs enhances machine functionality via shrewd algorithms. Traditional signs use sensors for water level detection and alarm triggering.

AI enables the evaluation of historical facts, sample reputation, and prediction of future water degree changes. Machine learning algorithms permit adaptation to various conditions, enhancing accuracy and responsiveness.

AI enhances predictive skills, allowing unique tracking, early anomaly detection, and proactive water level management.

2) Use of AI in Water Level Indicators.

MERITS	DEMERITS
1. Enhanced accuracy	1. Technology reliability
2. Automated monitoring	2. Initial investment
3. Early anomaly detection	3. Data interpretation errors
4. Efficient resource management	4. Environmental limitations
5. Integration potential	5. Power dependency

3) Result of AI in The Water Level Indicators.

- Integrating AI improves the accuracy and efficiency of water level indicators.
- AI algorithms analyze data structures to determine water levels accurately.
- Advanced forecasting capabilities enable timely warnings for water resource maintenance.
- Machine learning optimizes the system, learns from historical data, and refines predictions.
- AI-enabled infrastructure helps prevent issues such as flooding or water shortages, ensuring proper management and efficient management of water levels.

B. AI in Room Temperature & Humidity

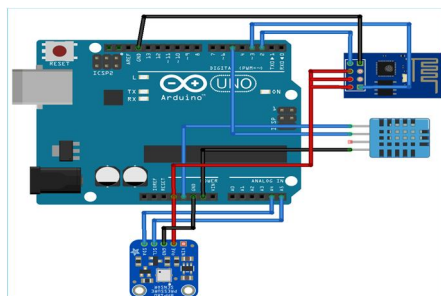


Fig.03: - Room Temperature & Humidity Circuit.

1) What is AI in Roome Temperature & Humidity?

Integrated AI algorithms enhance environmental management by analyzing historical data and predicting patterns. Machine learning algorithms learn from user preferences, allowing for climate control over indoor temperature and humidity displays.

AI enables proactive adaptation to anticipate changes in indoor conditions, resulting in energy efficiency and cost savings. The use of AI in temperature and humidity displays creates a comfortable and user-friendly indoor environment. AI improves the accuracy, efficiency, and user experience of climate control systems in controlling indoor temperature and humidity.

2) Use of AI in Roome Temperature & Humidity

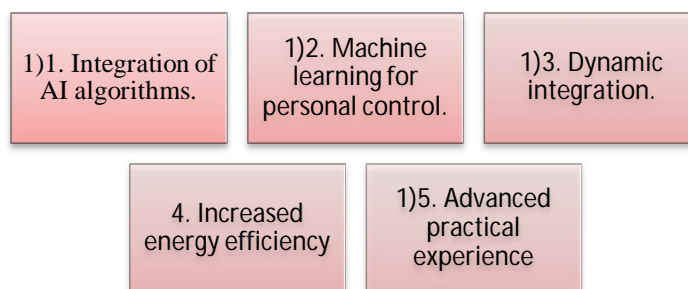


Fig.04: Use of AI in RT&H.

3) Result of AI in Roome Temperature & Humidity

- Increased responsiveness and productivity through AI integration.
- Using historical data for predictive analysis.
- HVAC system optimization for improved comfort and energy efficiency.
- Personalized and adaptive environment by user preference in AI learning.
- Potential energy savings and cost savings achieved by the system

4) Merits & Demerits of AI in Smoke Detector.

Merits	Demerits
1. Enhanced Precision.	1. Initial Cost.
2. Improved Energy Efficiency.	2. Reliance on Technology.
3. Personalized Climate Control.	3. Potential for Malfunctions.
4. Adaptive Environment.	4. Data Privacy Concerns.
5. Proactive Adjustments.	5. Complexity of implementation.

C. AI in Smoke Detector

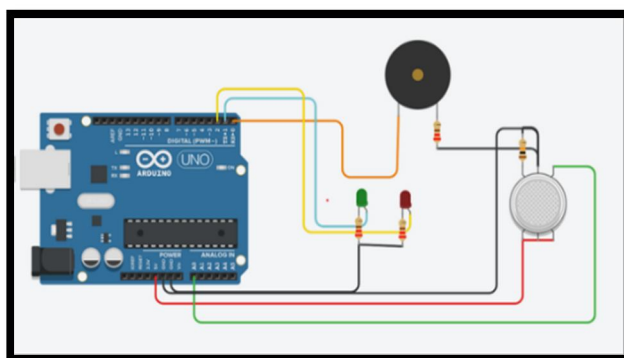


Fig.05: - Smoke Detector Circuit.

3210

1) *What is AI in Smart Irrigation?*

AI in smart irrigation revolutionizes traditional irrigation practices by employing advanced technologies like machine learning and data analytics to optimize water usage in agriculture. These systems utilize various sensors to collect data on soil moisture levels, weather conditions, crop characteristics, and other relevant factors. By analyzing this data, AI algorithms can determine precise irrigation schedules tailored to the specific needs of crops, ensuring optimal water distribution and conservation.

Furthermore, AI-powered smart irrigation systems can adjust watering patterns in real-time based on changing environmental conditions, such as temperature fluctuations or rainfall forecasts. This adaptability not only maximizes crop yield but also minimizes water wastage, contributing to sustainability efforts and cost savings for farmers. Additionally, by integrating with weather forecasting models and historical data, AI-driven smart irrigation systems can provide insights and recommendations to farmers, empowering them to make informed decisions regarding irrigation management. Overall, AI in smart irrigation represents a significant advancement in agricultural technology, promoting efficient water usage, increased productivity, and environmental stewardship.

2) *Use of AI in Smart Irrigation*

- a) *Predictive Analytics:* AI analyzes weather forecasts and soil moisture data to predict irrigation needs accurately.
- b) *Optimization algorithms:* AI optimizes watering schedules based on plant type, soil conditions, and weather patterns to minimize water waste.
- c) *Remote Monitoring:* AI-enabled sensors remotely monitor soil moisture levels and plant health, allowing for real-time adjustments to irrigation systems.
- d) *Adaptive Control:* AI adjusts irrigation parameters dynamically in response to changing environmental conditions to ensure efficient water usage.
- e) *Precision Irrigation:* AI delivers water precisely where and when it's needed, reducing water consumption while maintaining plant health.
- f) *Data-driven Insights:* AI processes large datasets to provide actionable insights for farmers, optimizing irrigation practices and resource allocation.

3) *Result of AI in Smart Irrigation*

The result of AI in smart irrigation systems is a revolutionized approach to water management in agriculture, landscaping, and urban green spaces. By integrating AI algorithms with sensors, weather forecasts, and soil moisture data, smart irrigation systems optimize water usage with precision and efficiency. AI enables these systems to analyze environmental conditions in real time, adjusting watering schedules and amounts accordingly to ensure optimal plant health while minimizing water wastage. This results in significant water savings, reduced costs, and improved crop yields or landscape health. Additionally, AI-driven smart irrigation systems contribute to sustainability efforts by promoting water conservation and environmental stewardship in agricultural and urban settings.

III. RESULT & CONCLUSION

Underscores the significant advantages of integrating artificial intelligence (AI) into green building construction. AI technologies offer a multifaceted approach to optimizing energy efficiency, seamlessly integrating renewable energy sources, efficiently managing resources, and enabling predictive maintenance. These advancements hold immense promise in enhancing sustainability and minimizing environmental impact in construction projects. By adopting a holistic and intelligent approach, AI facilitates the development of environmentally friendly buildings that prioritize human well-being, thus paving the way for a more sustainable future in the construction industry.

In summary, the incorporation of AI in green building construction represents a transformative shift towards more efficient and eco-conscious practices.

By harnessing AI's capabilities, construction projects can achieve heightened levels of sustainability while simultaneously promoting human comfort and health within built environments. This synergy between technology and environmental stewardship holds the potential to revolutionize the construction industry, leading to the creation of greener, smarter, and more resilient buildings for generations to come.



REFERENCES

- [1] Application of Artificial Intelligence in Civil Engineering Education: Ming Xie, Fanbing Meng, Jingya Zou, Wei Feng, and Shaohua Ma. College of Civil Engineering, Xijing University, Xi'an 710123, Xi'an 710123, China.
- [2] Artificial Intelligence in the field of Civil Engineering- Pranav. Dutta1, Niroj. A, Department of Civil Engineering, JAIN Deemed to be University, JAIN Deemed to be University, Bangalore, India.
- [3] Xu Binbin. Research on construction cost estimation based on artificial intelligence technology [J]. Journal of Hunan City University (Natural Science Edition), 2016, 25 (04): 124-125.
- [4] Wu Shulin. Application of genetic algorithm in water conservancy and civil engineering [J]. Theoretical Research on Urban Construction (Electronic Version), 2017 (12): 280-281.
- [5] Zhao Xuefeng, Li Shengyuan, Ou Jinping. Concrete crack detection based on artificial intelligence and smartphones [J]. Internet of Things Technology, 2017, 7 (08): 115-118.
- [6] Zhao Peng, Zhao Xuefeng, Zhao Qingan, etc. Surface damage detection of ancient buildings based on artificial intelligence machine vision technology [J]. Internet of Things Technology, 2017, 7 (09): 134-138.
- [7] Zhang Yashuai. Intelligent "Civil Engineering" Looking to the Future [J]. Science and Technology and Innovation, 2018 (04): 170-171.
- [8] Wu Shouxia, Gao Wenqi. Application research of artificial intelligence technology in intelligent building [J]. China Building Materials Technology, 2014 (05): 125-126.



10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)