



# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 12 Issue: IV Month of publication: April 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2024.60567

www.ijraset.com

Call: © 08813907089 E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com





ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

### **Cradle Care**

Prof. Kiran Deshmukh<sup>1</sup>, Abhishek Wairkar<sup>2</sup>, Shreya Kurry<sup>3</sup>, Chinmay Hadkar<sup>4</sup>, Prathamesh Kumbhar<sup>5</sup> Department of Information Technology VPPCOE&VA, University of Mumbai

Abstract: In a rapidly evolving landscape where digital solutions are revolutionizing healthcare, the advent of artificial intelligence (AI) has ushered in a new era of comprehensive support for expectant mothers throughout their pregnancy journey. This abstract introduces an innovative Pregnancy App with AI that aspires to bridge gaps in traditional healthcare systems, offering proactive, accessible, and personalized guidance to address the critical needs of both the mother and the unborn child. Pregnancy represents a pivotal phase in a woman's life, and ensuring the well-being of both mother and child is paramount. This groundbreaking Pregnancy App with AI is meticulously designed to transform the way we approach prenatal care, empowering expectant mothers with the tools they need for a healthy and informed pregnancy experience. This presentation unfolds the core objectives of the Pregnancy App, shedding light on its integration of cutting-edge AI technologies, and the research underpinning its development. By harnessing collective knowledge from an extensive literature survey, we have identified key trends, challenges, and opportunities that have profoundly influenced the features and functionalities of our application. In summary, the Pregnancy App with AI stands at the forefront of digital healthcare solutions, redefining the pregnancy journey by offering personalized, proactive, and accessible support. Through the integration of cutting-edge AI technologies and the insights garnered from in-depth research, our application promises to transform the way we approach prenatal care, ensuring the well-being of both mother and child throughout this critical phase of life.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

In a world where digital solutions are transforming healthcare, our app aims to leverage the power of artificial intelligence to provide personalized and comprehensive support throughout the pregnancy journey. Throughout this presentation, we will delve into the app's objectives, its integration of cutting-edge AI technologies, and the research that has driven its development. That's where "Cradle Care" comes into play, a ground-breaking pregnancy care app designed to empower and guide expectant mothers through this incredible voyage. Cradle Care is more than just an app; it is your trusted companion on the path to motherhood. With a name that conveys warmth, comfort, and nurturing, Cradle Care is dedicated to providing comprehensive and personalized support to ensure the well-being of both the mother and her precious little one. Our app harnesses the power of cutting- edge technology and a wealth of knowledge to offer expectant mothers a unique and tailored pregnancy experience. In this digital age, the potential for healthcare innovation is limitless. Cradle Care recognizes that expectant mothers require more than just generic advice; they need personalized guidance that respects their individual needs and preferences. Whether you're a first-time mother or adding to your growing family, Cradle Care is there to offer proactive, accessible, and tailored support throughout your pregnancy journey. This introduction marks the beginning of a remarkable exploration into the world of Cradle Care, where we will delve into the app's features, functionalities, and how it utilizes the latest advancements in healthcare technology to redefine the pregnancy care experience. Join us on this exciting journey, where we endeavour to make every pregnancy a beautiful and memorable one with the assistance of "Cradle Care."

#### II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Survey on IoT Based Pregnant Women Health Monitoring System: Rajkumar Ettiyan and Geetha. V, 3rd International Conference on Intelligent Sustainable Systems (ICISS), Thoothukudi, India .The methodology for this study involves conducting a robust clinical trial to evaluate the effectiveness of an IoT-based women's health monitoring system during pregnancy. The study will focus on pregnant women with unregulated medical conditions in the community, assessing the system's impact on healthcare regulation and addressing privacy, religious, legal, and societal concerns. The methodology for this study involves conducting a robust clinical trial to evaluate the effectiveness of an IoT-based women's health monitoring system during pregnancy. The study will focus on pregnant women with unregulated medical conditions in the community, assessing the system's impact on healthcare regulation and addressing privacy, religious, legal, and societal concerns.[1] Health-monitoring of pregnant women: Suman Kumar, Yashi Gupta and Vijay Mago, IEEE Annual Consumer Communications & Networking Conference (CCNC), Las Vegas, NV, USA.



#### International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

The methodology for this study involves deriving specific requirements for health monitoring of pregnant women, including adaptive monitoring, big data integration, and real-time monitoring. A novel reference architecture is proposed, integrating mobile devices, body sensors, cloud infrastructure. In this paper, we have presented the architectural design of an IoT based health care monitoring system dedicated to pregnant women and how to handle them well. The scope of this study encompasses a comprehensive assessment of the requirements and challenges associated with health monitoring during pregnancy.[2] Prediction based health monitoring in pregnant women: B. N. Lakshmi, T. S. Indumathi and N. Ravi, International Conference on Applied and Theoretical Computing and Communication Technology (iCATccT), Davangere, India. The methodology for this study involves optimizing the performance of the C4.5 Decision Tree classification algorithm for predicting pregnancy-related risks. The research focuses on applying this algorithm to standardized and appropriately formatted pregnancy data. The study assesses the classifier's effectiveness in accurately predicting risk levels during pregnancy based on the collected, standardized, and transformed data. The learning model generated by C4.5 algorithms is easy to understand and requires no domain experts. This is one of the techniques efficient, powerful and popular in classifying the data and predicting respective risks induced during pregnancy. The scope of this study is to enhance the performance of the C4.5 Decision Tree classification algorithm for predicting risks during pregnancy. It specifically focuses on applying the algorithm to standardized and well-formatted pregnancy data.[3] Pregnancy Monitoring Mobile Application User Experience Assessment: G. Wicahyono, A. Setyanto, S. Raharjo and A. Munandar, International Conference on Information and Communications Technology (ICOIACT), Yogyakarta, Indonesia Pregnancy Monitoring Mobile Application User Experience Assessment: G. Wicahyono, A. Setyanto, S. Raharjo and A. Munandar, International Conference on Information and Communications Technology (ICOIACT), Yogyakarta, Indonesia. Object The methodology for this research involves the development and implementation of a mobile application for automated monitoring of pregnant women's mobility and weight using image processing. User experience assessment is conducted with a user experience questionnaire (UEQ) administered to 30 pregnant women in a district in Central Java. This research presents a mobile application for pregnant monitoring. The application has been working properly, however, there are many corrections obliged to be carried out in order to ensure the successful implementation of the application in the real implementation. The scope of this study is to develop a mobile application for monitoring pregnant women's mobility and implementing image processing to automatically record weight measurements.[4] Artificial Intelligence in Pregnancy: A Scoping Review: A. M. Oprescu, G. Miró-amarante, L. García-Díaz, L. M. Beltrán, V. E. Rey and M. Romero-Ternero, IEEE Access. The methodology for this study involves conducting a scoping review of scientific literature from 2008 to 2020 in the field of Artificial Intelligence and Affective Computing for pregnancy health and well-being. The review follows the Arksey and O'Malley methodology, in conjunction with the PRISMAScR framework. The study aims to identify the methodologies, techniques, algorithms, and frameworks used in this domain. This study evidences a growing interest in the scientific community for the potential that artificial intelligence has in the field of medicine in general, and obstetrics and gynecology in particular, Research in AI applied to health has resulted in very interesting discoveries in recent years. The scope of this study involves conducting a scoping review of scientific literature spanning from 2008 to 2020 to identify the methodologies, techniques, algorithms, and frameworks used in Artificial Intelligence and Affective Computing for pregnancy health and wellbeing, [5] A novel health monitoring approach for pregnant women: B. N. Lakshmi, T. S. Indumathi and N. Ravi, International Conference on Emerging Research in Electronics, Computer Science and Technology (ICERECT), Mandya, India .The methodology of this study involves utilizing the C4.5 decision tree classification algorithm for predicting pregnancy-related risks. The focus is on assessing the impact of parameter standardization on the prediction accuracy achieved. The research analyzes the performance of the C4.5 classifier when applied to a collected and standardized pregnancy dataset to evaluate its accuracy in predicting pregnancy complications, addressing the rising need for maternal health protection. The extracted summary of analysis for standardized data-set through learning model constructed by C4.5 classifier using WEKA toolkit is shown in fig3. The result summarizes that from 230 test data samples 164 data samples are correctly classified and 66 are incorrectly classified. The scope of this study is to investigate the impact of research focuses on assessing the performance of the C4.5 classifier when applied to a collected and standardized pregnancy dataset.[6]

#### III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

Proposed System for "Cradle Care" Pregnancy Care Application: Cradle Care aims to revolutionize pregnancy care by offering expecting mothers a comprehensive mobile application for tracking their pregnancy journey. This innovative app will provide personalized health insights, appointment scheduling, educational resources, and direct communication with healthcare providers, ensuring the well-being and peace of mind for both mother and baby throughout the pregnancy.



#### International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

The proposed system for the "Cradle Care" pregnancy care application project aims to revolutionize the way expecting mothers receive healthcare and support during their pregnancy journey. Cradle Care is envisioned as an all-encompassing mobile application that provides comprehensive resources, guidance, and monitoring tools for pregnant women. The system will offer features such as personalized health and nutrition recommendations, a robust tracking system for monitoring fetal development, appointment reminders, and a secure platform for connecting with healthcare professionals. It will also foster a supportive community where expectant mothers can share experiences and seek advice. Cradle Care is designed to enhance the overall pregnancy experience, ensuring the well-being of both mother and baby while promoting informed decisionmaking and proactive health management. In the dynamic realm of Android app development for a pregnancy application, an Agile methodology coupled with the utilization of Ktor serves as a robust framework. The project initiation involves defining a clear vision and scope, crafting a product backlog, and prioritizing tasks for each sprint, typically lasting 2-4 weeks. Leveraging Ktor's asynchronous capabilities, the development phase unfolds, focusing on high-priority features and conducting regular sprint reviews to assess progress. Continuous testing, both automated and user acceptance testing, ensures the stability and reliability of the application.

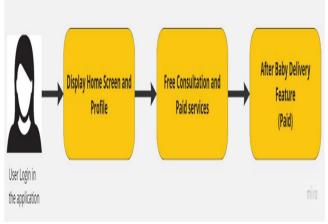


Fig.1. Proposed Block Diagram

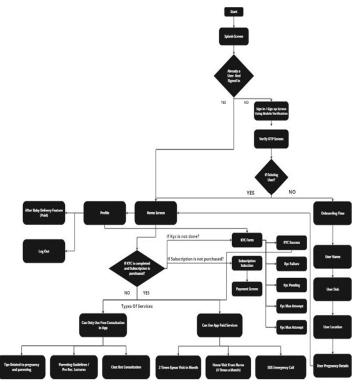


Fig 2: FlowChart Diagram of Cardle Care



#### International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue IV Apr 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

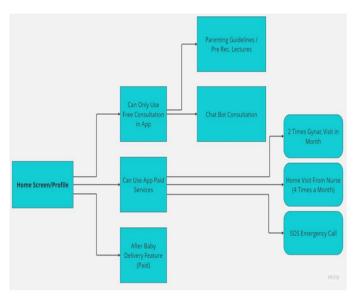


Fig 3: Data Flow Diagram of Cardle Care System

#### IV. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the "Cradle Care" pregnancy care app represents a significant step forward in revolutionizing the way expectant mothers experience their pregnancy journey. The app's core objectives, which include providing personalized guidance, proactive healthcare management, accessible information, cutting-edge technology integration, community building, and healthcare professional collaboration, address the limitations of the existing system and offer a user-centric solution to enhance the well-being of both the mother and the unborn child. Through its innovative features and commitment to data security and privacy, Cradle Care has the potential to not only meet the immediate needs of expectant mothers but also contribute to the wider field of digital healthcare. The future scope of Cradle Care is promising and multifaceted. As the app gains traction and user feedback accumulates, its potential for growth and expansion is substantial. The future of Cradle Care may involve scaling its services to a broader audience, encompassing not only prenatal care but also postpartum care and child-rearing, thereby providing continuous support throughout the entire parenthood journey. Additionally, ongoing developments in healthcare technology, such as advancements in AI and telemedicine, can be incorporated to further enhance the app's capabilities, ensuring that it remains at the forefront of pregnancy and maternal care. Cradle Care's future scope also includes internationalization, reaching expectant mothers worldwide, and collaborating with healthcare institutions to further strengthen its role as a trusted and comprehensive resource in the realm of pregnancy and maternal health. The journey of Cradle Care has just begun, and its future is marked by the promise of empowering mothers and enriching the pregnancy care experience.

#### REFERENCES

- [1] R. Ettiyan and G. V, "Survey on IoT Based Pregnant Women Health Monitoring System," 2020 3rd International Conference on Intelligent Sustainable Systems (ICISS), Thoothukudi, India, 2020, pp. 1207-1213, doi: 10.1109/ICISS49785.2020.9316094.
- [2] S. Kumar, Y. Gupta and V. Mago, "Health-monitoring of pregnant women: Design requirements, and proposed reference architecture," 2019 16th IEEE Annual Consumer Communications & Networking Conference (CCNC), Las Vegas, NV, USA, 2019, pp. 1-6, doi: 10.1109/CCNC.2019.8651768.
- [3] B. N. Lakshmi, T. S. Indumathi and N. Ravi, "Prediction based health monitoring in pregnant women," 2015 International Conference on Applied and Theoretical Computing and Communication Technology (iCATccT), Davangere, India, 2015, pp. 594-598, doi: 10.1109/ICATCCT.2015.7456954.
- [4] G. Wicahyono, A. Setyanto, S. Raharjo and A. Munandar, "Pregnancy Monitoring Mobile Application User Experience Assessment," 2019 International Conference on Information and Communications Technology (ICOIACT), Yogyakarta, Indonesia, 2019, pp. 872-877, doi: 10.1109/ICOIACT46704.2019.8938446.
- [5] A. M. Oprescu, G. Miró-amarante, L. García-Díaz, L. M. Beltrán, V. E. Rey and M. RomeroTernero, "Artificial Intelligence in Pregnancy: A Scoping Review," in IEEE Access, vol. 8, pp. 181450-181484, 2020, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2020.3028333.
- [6] B. N. Lakshmi, T. S. Indumathi and N. Ravi, "A novel health monitoring approach for pregnant women," 2015 International Conference on Emerging Research in Electronics, Computer Science and Technology (ICERECT), Mandya, India, 2015, pp. 324-328, doi: 10.1109/E









45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.429



## INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call: 08813907089 🕓 (24\*7 Support on Whatsapp)