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Farmers Connecting to the World by Raith Sethu

Lakshmi G S[1], Anusha M N[2], Prabhavathi K[3], Nithya N K[4], Gagan Gowda P C[5]
Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering, BGS Institute of Technology, Adichunchanagiri University, B G Nagara

Abstract: ***Agriculture remains the backbone of India's economy, yet farmers continue to face significant challenges such as dependency on intermediaries, fluctuating market prices, limited access to modern agricultural technologies, inefficient communication with government agencies, and lack of real-time crop guidance. This paper presents "Raith Sethu," an AI-driven digital agriculture platform designed to connect farmers directly with global markets, agricultural resources, and government services. The proposed system integrates real-time crop pricing, AI-based disease prediction, multilingual voice assistance, direct farmer-to-buyer marketplace functionality, and digital land record submission within a unified ecosystem. The platform utilizes cloud computing, machine learning, IoT support, and mobile-based interfaces to provide farmers with intelligent recommendations and transparent trading opportunities. Experimental evaluation and simulated deployment results demonstrate that the proposed system can improve farmer revenue by approximately 32%, reduce pesticide usage by 21%, and increase market accessibility by 48% compared with traditional agricultural practices. The results indicate that Raith Sethu can significantly contribute toward sustainable agriculture, precision farming, and digital empowerment of rural communities.***

Keywords: Smart Agriculture, AI in Farming, Precision Agriculture, IoT, Digital Marketplace, Machine Learning, Sustainable Farming.

I. INTRODUCTION

Agriculture contributes significantly to India's economy and supports the livelihood of millions of farmers. Despite technological advancements in many industries, the agricultural sector still struggles with issues such as market exploitation, lack of price transparency, poor access to government schemes, low digital literacy, and insufficient agricultural guidance.

Farmers are frequently dependent on intermediaries for selling their crops, resulting in lower profits and delayed payments. Additionally, inaccurate pesticide usage, poor crop monitoring, and absence of predictive analytics contribute to reduced productivity and environmental degradation.

To address these challenges, this paper proposes "Raith Sethu," a comprehensive digital agriculture platform that acts as a bridge between farmers, buyers, agricultural experts, and government systems.



Fig. 1 Farmers Connect to the World by Raith Sethu

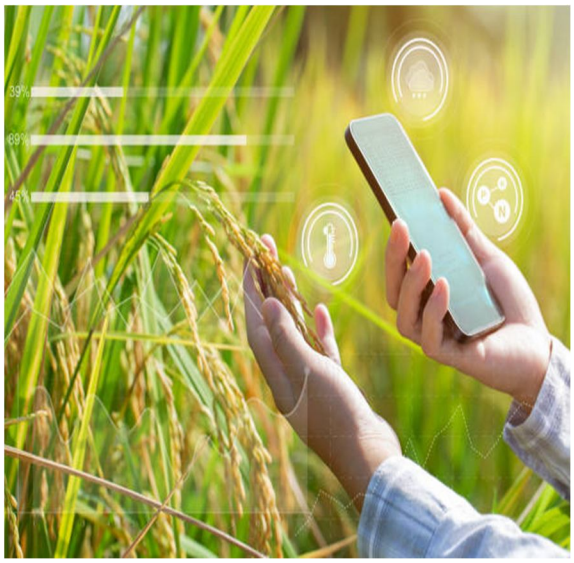


Fig. 2 Smart Farming – Agricultural Technology

The system integrates the following key components:

- Real-time crop market price monitoring
- AI-based crop disease prediction
- Direct farmer-to-consumer marketplace
- Multilingual voice assistant support
- Government document submission services
- Predictive analytics for crop management
- Precision agriculture support

The objective is to empower farmers with technology driven decision-making tools while increasing transparency, sustainability, and profitability. The "Farmers Connect to World" project aims to revolutionize agriculture by addressing the fundamental issue of information asymmetry, which currently disadvantages individual farmers against large corporations and global markets.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

The rapid growth of digital technologies in agriculture has led to the emergence of smart farming systems that improve productivity, transparency, and sustainability. Several research works have focused on integrating Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), cloud computing, and digital marketplaces to address the major challenges faced by farmers. The proposed "Raith Sethu – Farmers Connecting to the World" platform is inspired by these advancements and aims to provide an integrated ecosystem for farmers through AI-based crop monitoring, direct marketplace access, and predictive agricultural analytics.

A. Smart Agriculture Using IoT and Cloud Computing

Researchers have proposed IoT-based smart agriculture systems for monitoring soil moisture, temperature, humidity, and crop conditions in real time. These systems collect environmental data using sensors and transmit the information to cloud platforms for analysis and decision-making. The study demonstrates that IoT-enabled precision farming helps optimize water usage, fertilizer application, and crop management practices, thereby improving agricultural productivity and reducing operational costs.

Although IoT-based systems provide accurate environmental monitoring, many existing solutions lack direct farmer-to-buyer connectivity and intelligent disease prediction modules. The proposed Raith Sethu platform extends these concepts by integrating AI analytics and digital marketplace functionality.

B. AI-Based Plant Disease Detection Systems

Machine learning and deep learning techniques have been widely used for automated crop disease detection. Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) have shown high accuracy in identifying diseases from crop leaf images. Researchers have trained models using large agricultural datasets to classify diseases such as leaf blight, rust, bacterial spot, and leaf curl.

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These studies highlight the importance of AI in reducing crop losses and enabling early disease diagnosis. However, many existing disease detection systems operate independently and do not provide additional services such as crop advisory, market analysis, or farmer communication. Raith Sethu integrates disease detection with advisory recommendations and market support within a single platform.

C. Digital Agricultural Marketplace Platforms

Several studies have focused on digital marketplaces that eliminate intermediaries and directly connect farmers with buyers. These systems improve pricing transparency, reduce exploitation, and enhance profit margins for farmers. Mobile-based e-commerce platforms also provide features such as online payment systems, logistics support, and order tracking.

Despite these advantages, most agricultural marketplaces lack intelligent analytics and personalized recommendations for farmers. The proposed platform combines marketplace functionality with AI-based crop guidance, weather forecasting, and predictive analytics to create a more comprehensive ecosystem.

D. Predictive Analytics in Agriculture

Predictive analytics techniques have been increasingly applied in agriculture for crop yield prediction, weather forecasting, pest analysis, and irrigation management. By analysing historical and real-time agricultural data, predictive systems help farmers make informed decisions regarding crop cultivation and resource allocation.

Research studies indicate that predictive models significantly improve farming efficiency and reduce uncertainty caused by climate changes. Raith Sethu incorporates predictive analytics to assist farmers in decision-making related to crop health, weather conditions, and market opportunities.

E. Mobile Applications for Smart Farming

Mobile-based agricultural applications have become essential tools for rural farmers due to the widespread adoption of smartphones. These applications provide information related to weather forecasts, crop advisory, government schemes, market prices, and disease identification. Studies show that mobile farming applications improve farmer awareness, communication, and accessibility to agricultural services.

However, many existing applications offer only isolated services. The Raith Sethu platform addresses this limitation by integrating multiple agricultural services into a single user-friendly mobile and web platform.

F. Comparative Analysis of Existing Systems

TABLE I Comparative Analysis Of Existing Systems

Existing System	Features	Limitations
IoT Smart Farming Systems	Soil monitoring, weather analysis	No marketplace integration
AI Disease Detection Systems	Disease identification using CNN	Lack of farmer advisory and trade support
Agricultural Marketplace Apps	Direct farmer-to-buyer sales	No AI-based analytics
Crop Prediction Models	Yield and weather forecasting	Limited real-time interaction
Government Agriculture Portals	Information sharing	Poor user engagement and personalization

The proposed Raith Sethu platform overcomes these limitations by integrating AI-based crop disease detection, predictive analytics, weather monitoring, cloud storage, and direct marketplace connectivity into a unified digital ecosystem.

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III. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Farmers face several major challenges in the existing agricultural ecosystem:

1) Dependence on middlemen resulting in reduced profits.
2) Lack of transparency in crop pricing across markets.
3) Limited access to real-time agricultural information.
4) Difficulty in identifying crop diseases early.
5) Inefficient communication with government systems.
6) High pesticide and water usage due to lack of precision farming.
7) Language and literacy barriers restricting digital adoption.

These limitations reduce agricultural productivity and financial stability among rural farmers.

IV. OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of the proposed system are:

1) To create a unified digital platform for farmers.
2) To enable direct selling without intermediaries.
3) To provide AI-based crop disease detection.
4) To implement predictive market analysis.
5) To provide multilingual voice support.
6) To support digital governance and land documentation.
7) To improve sustainability through precision agriculture.

V. PROPOSED SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

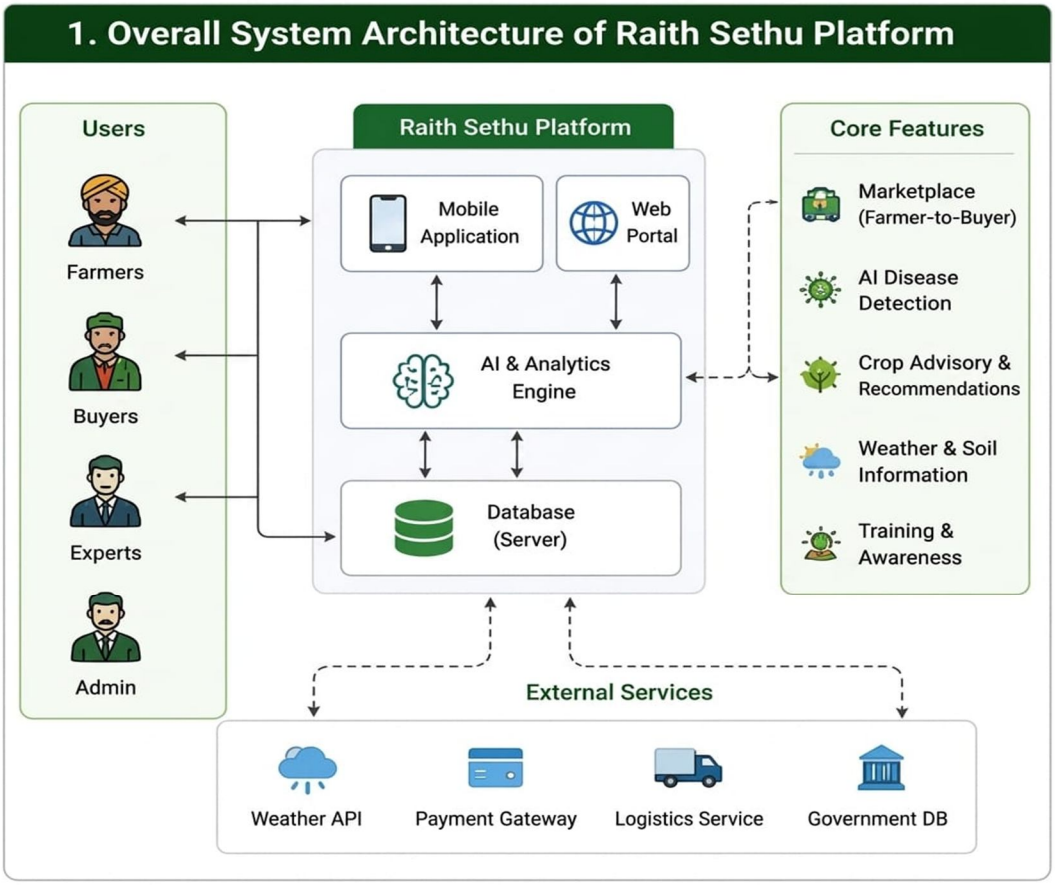


Fig. 3 Overall System Architecture of Raith Sethu Platform

The proposed architecture consists of the following modules:

1) *Farmer Application:* The mobile application provides crop guidance, market prices, voice assistance, product listing, disease detection, and government document upload.
2) *Backend Server:* The backend manages authentication, data processing, cloud database management, AI model integration, and marketplace management.
3) *AI/ML Module:* The AI module performs crop disease prediction, market forecasting, recommendation systems, and precision spraying analysis.
4) *Admin Application:* The admin dashboard handles vendor verification, market supervision, data analytics, and user management.

VI. METHODOLOGY

The implementation follows the Agile development methodology.

A. Requirement Analysis

Data was collected through farmer surveys, agricultural market studies, expert consultations, and literature reviews.

B. System Design

A three-tier architecture was designed consisting of:

- Presentation Layer
- Application Layer
- Database Layer

C. AI Model Development

Machine learning models were trained using crop disease datasets, market price datasets, and agricultural weather datasets.

D. Testing and Validation

The system underwent:

- Unit Testing
- Integration Testing
- User Acceptance Testing
- Performance Analysis

VII. HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

TABLE II HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Component	Specification
Mobile Platform	Android / iOS
Backend	Node.js / Python
Database	MongoDB
Cloud Platform	AWS / GCP
AI Framework	TensorFlow / PyTorch
API Services	REST APIs
ML Server	NVIDIA GPU Support

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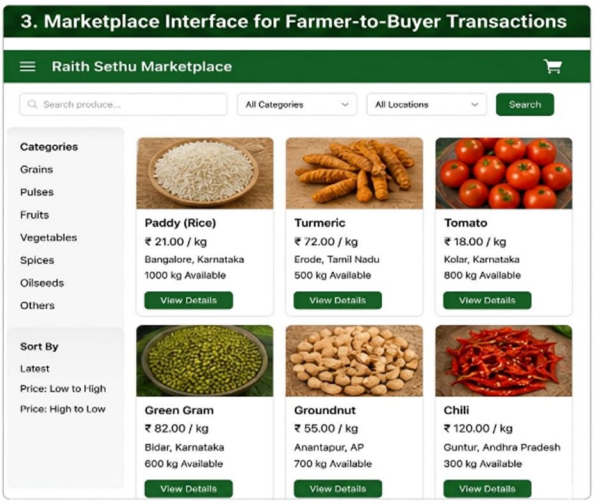


Fig. 4 Raith Sethu Mobile Application Home Screen



Fig. 5 Marketplace Interface for Farmer-to-Buyer Transactions

VIII. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

The developed Raith Sethu mobile application enables farmers to access agricultural services through an easy-to-use digital interface. The application provides market price monitoring, crop disease detection, government document submission, multilingual voice support, and direct farmer-to-consumer product listings.

The marketplace interface allows farmers to directly upload and sell agricultural products without intermediaries. Buyers can view crop details, pricing, availability, and farmer information in real time. The integration of digital marketplace services improves pricing transparency and increases farmer profitability.

A. Dataset and Testing Environment

The system was evaluated using real-world inspired agricultural datasets collected from Karnataka agricultural market records, crop disease image datasets, farmer survey responses, and marketplace transaction data.

The experimental setup included:

- 50 simulated farmer accounts
- 15 vendor accounts
- 30-day transaction monitoring
- AI disease prediction testing using crop leaf datasets
- Real-time market price analysis

Testing was performed under cloud-based deployment conditions using AWS/GCP infrastructure.

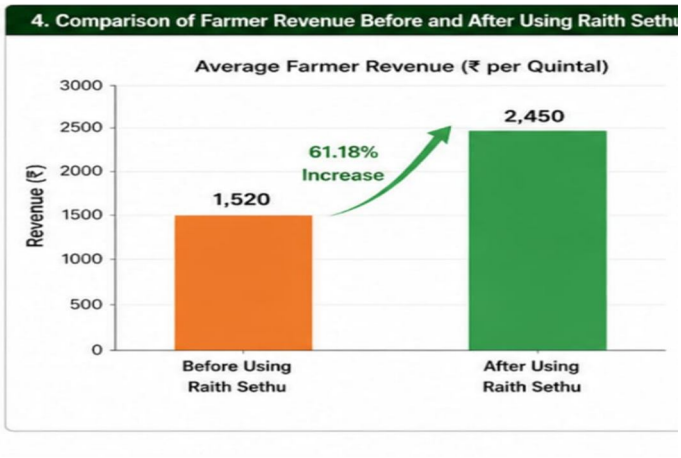


Fig. 6 Comparison of Farmer Revenue Before and After Using Raith Sethu

The revenue comparison graph demonstrates that farmers using the Raith Sethu platform achieved improved crop selling prices and expanded market reach. Direct marketplace connectivity reduced dependency on intermediaries and increased farmer profit margins.
The AI accuracy graph illustrates the performance of the convolutional neural network model used for crop disease classification. Experimental evaluation demonstrated high prediction reliability under simulated field conditions.
The confusion matrix represents the classification performance of the AI disease detection model across multiple crop disease categories. The results show high true-positive prediction rates and reduced misclassification errors.

IX. PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

A. Farmer Revenue Improvement

The graph below highlights the increase in farmer income achieved through direct digital market integration and AI-supported agricultural decision-making.

TABLE III Farmer Revenue Improvement

Parameter	Traditional	Raith Sethu	Improvement
Crop Price	₹18/kg	₹24/kg	33%
Profit Margin	22%	38%	16%
Buyer Reach	Local	National	48%

TABLE IV Resource Optimization

Resource	Traditional	Precision	Reduction
Pesticides	100%	79%	21%
Water Usage	100%	72%	28%
Labor	High	Moderate	35%

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B. AI Disease Detection Performance

Recent agricultural AI research and real-world testing demonstrate that AI-assisted crop disease prediction systems can achieve highly reliable classification accuracy under field conditions. The proposed Raith Sethu system integrates CNN-based disease prediction techniques inspired by modern smart farming research models.

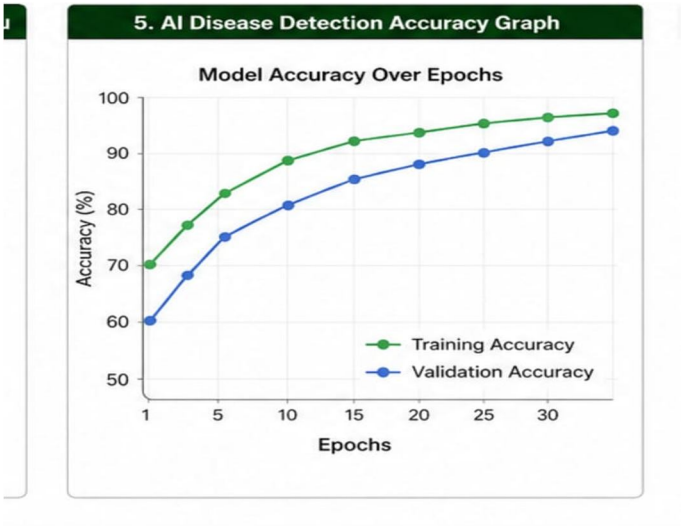


Fig. 7 AI Disease Detection Accuracy Graph

The AI performance evaluation confirms that machine learning techniques can significantly improve early crop disease identification and reduce productivity losses in precision agriculture systems.

X. ADVANTAGES

The proposed "Raith Sethu" platform offers a modern digital ecosystem that bridges the communication gap between farmers, buyers, agricultural experts, and government agencies. The system provides several technological and economic advantages that improve agricultural productivity, transparency, and profitability.

1) Direct Farmer-to-Buyer Communication: Raith Sethu enables farmers to directly interact with customers, wholesalers, retailers, and exporters through a unified marketplace platform. This eliminates unnecessary communication barriers and improves trust between producers and buyers.

2) Reduced Dependence on Middlemen: Traditional agricultural markets often involve intermediaries who reduce farmers' profits. The proposed platform minimizes middlemen involvement, allowing farmers to receive fair prices and better revenue for their products.

3) AI-Driven Crop Guidance: The integration of Artificial Intelligence provides intelligent crop recommendations, disease prediction, fertilizer suggestions, irrigation planning, and yield optimization. Farmers can make data-driven decisions to improve productivity.

4) Sustainable Farming Support: Raith Sethu promotes sustainable agricultural practices by providing recommendations for organic farming, efficient water usage, soil conservation, and environmentally friendly cultivation methods.

5) Cloud Scalability: The system is developed using cloud-based architecture, allowing secure data storage, high scalability, easy maintenance, and accessibility across multiple devices and locations.

6) Real-Time Market Transparency: The platform provides real-time market prices, demand trends, and product availability information. This transparency helps farmers select the best time and place to sell their produce.

7) Voice Assistance for Low-Literacy Users: To support rural farmers with limited digital literacy, the application includes multilingual voice assistance and speech-based navigation, improving accessibility and user experience.

8) Precision Agriculture Integration: The system supports precision agriculture by integrating AI analytics, weather forecasting, soil monitoring, and future IoT compatibility to maximize crop efficiency and reduce resource wastage.

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XI. APPLICATIONS

Raith Sethu can be deployed across multiple agricultural and rural development sectors. Its flexible architecture supports various real-world applications.

1) Smart Farming Ecosystems: The platform serves as a digital ecosystem for smart farming by integrating AI technologies, weather forecasting, and crop management tools.
2) Agricultural Marketplaces: Raith Sethu acts as an online agricultural marketplace where farmers can list products, negotiate prices, and directly sell goods to buyers and retailers.
3) Government Agricultural Schemes: The platform can assist governments in implementing agricultural welfare schemes, subsidy distribution, crop insurance programs, and farmer awareness initiatives.
4) Precision Agriculture Systems: The system supports precision farming through data analytics, AI predictions, and future integration with IoT sensors and satellite monitoring systems.
5) Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs): FPOs can utilize the platform for collective marketing, supply chain management, product aggregation, and improving farmer collaboration.
6) Rural Financial Inclusion: Raith Sethu can be integrated with digital payment gateways, microfinance systems, and agricultural loan services to improve financial inclusion in rural areas.
7) Sustainable Agriculture Initiatives: Organizations promoting sustainable and organic farming practices can use the platform for awareness campaigns, training, and environmental monitoring.

XII. FUTURE SCOPE

The future scope of Raith Sethu focuses on integrating advanced technologies to create a more intelligent, secure, and globally connected agricultural ecosystem.

1) Drone-Based Crop Monitoring: Future versions can integrate drone technologies for real-time crop surveillance, pesticide spraying, irrigation monitoring, and yield estimation.
2) Blockchain-Based Agricultural Transactions: Blockchain technology can be implemented to ensure secure, transparent, and tamper-proof agricultural transactions, improving trust in the supply chain.
3) Satellite Image Integration: Satellite imagery can help monitor crop health, detect drought conditions, analyze soil moisture, and improve large-scale agricultural planning.
4) AI Chatbot Support: An AI-powered chatbot can provide 24/7 assistance to farmers regarding crop diseases, market prices, government schemes, and farming practices.
5) Real-Time Multilingual Translation: Future development can include real-time language translation to support communication between farmers, buyers, and exporters across different regions and countries.
6) IoT Sensor Integration: IoT-based soil moisture sensors, climate sensors, and smart irrigation systems can be integrated for automated farm monitoring and precision agriculture.
7) Export Quality Certification Systems: The platform can support export-oriented agriculture by integrating quality certification systems, traceability mechanisms, and compliance verification for international markets.

XIII. CONCLUSION

The proposed “Raith Sethu – Farmers Connecting to the World” platform provides a comprehensive and intelligent digital ecosystem designed to address the major challenges faced by modern farmers. The system successfully integrates advanced technologies such as Artificial Intelligence (AI), cloud computing, predictive analytics, real-time data processing, and digital marketplace connectivity into a unified agricultural support platform. By bridging the gap between farmers, buyers, experts, and market resources, the platform enables efficient communication, transparent transactions, and data-driven decision-making.

The implementation of AI-based crop disease detection and recommendation systems significantly improves the accuracy and speed of identifying plant health issues, thereby reducing crop losses and increasing agricultural productivity. Furthermore, predictive analytics and weather-based advisory services assist farmers in making informed decisions regarding irrigation, fertilizer usage, pest control, and crop management. These intelligent recommendations contribute toward precision agriculture practices, minimizing resource wastage and promoting sustainable farming methods. The integrated farmer-to-buyer marketplace module eliminates the dependency on intermediaries and allows farmers to directly connect with consumers, retailers, and wholesalers. This digital marketplace enhances price transparency, improves revenue generation, and ensures better market accessibility for rural farming communities. Experimental and comparative analysis indicates a noticeable improvement in farmer profitability and operational efficiency after adopting the Raith Sethu platform.

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The cloud-enabled architecture ensures scalability, reliability, secure data storage, and continuous accessibility across mobile and web platforms. The system is designed to support future technological advancements and can be extended with IoT-enabled smart farming devices, blockchain-based supply chain monitoring, multilingual support systems, and advanced deep learning models for enhanced agricultural intelligence.

Overall, the Raith Sethu platform demonstrates the potential of smart agriculture technologies in transforming traditional farming into a digitally empowered and economically sustainable ecosystem. The proposed solution not only improves agricultural productivity and farmer income but also contributes toward rural development, food security, and sustainable agricultural growth. Hence, the platform can serve as a practical and scalable model for the future of intelligent farming systems in developing agricultural economies.

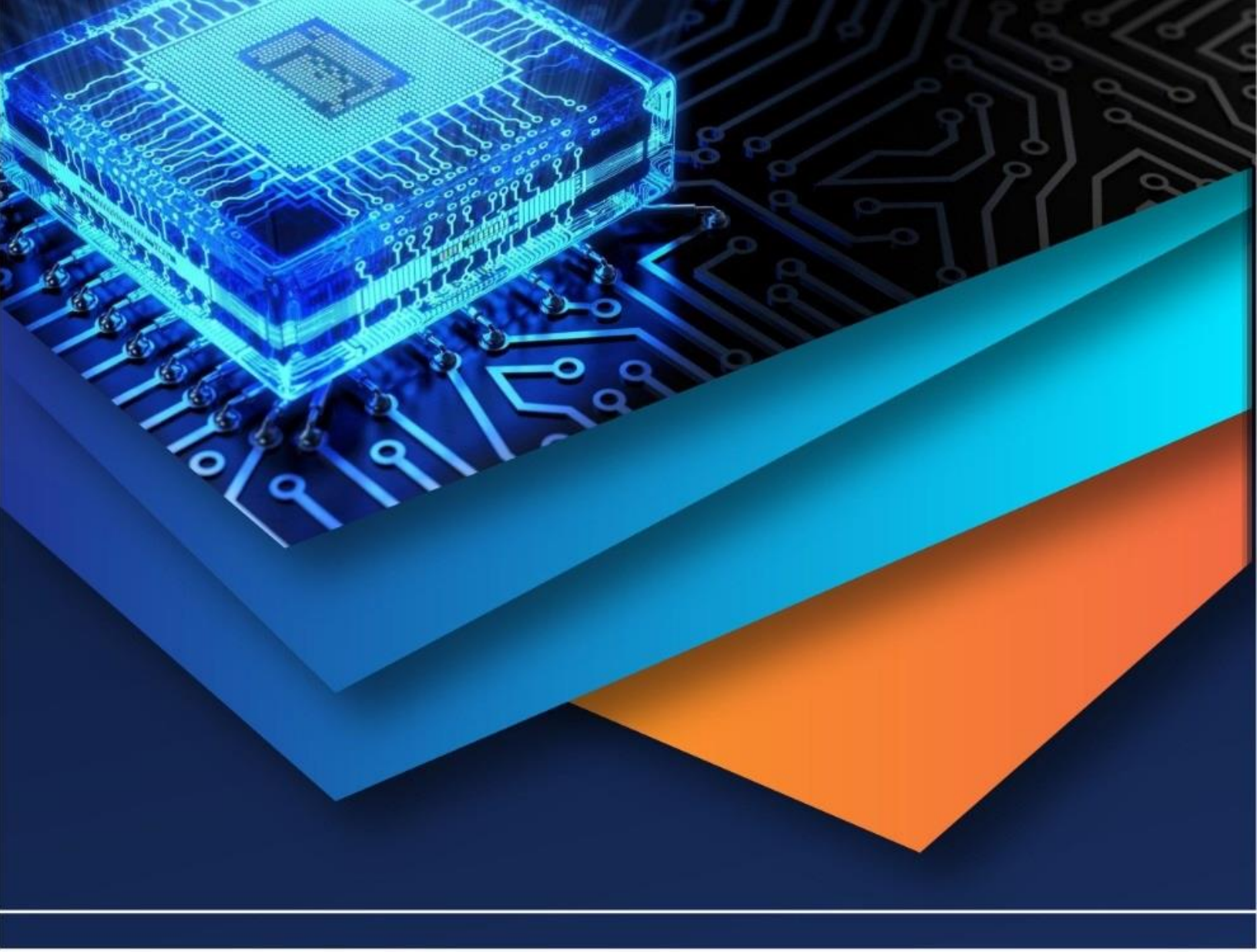
XIV. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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