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Furnitureal-Home Furniture Décor Application using AR

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Abstract: *If you change the manner in which you check out things, the things you take a gander at will change. If illustrations or advancements in technology help to improve the development of portable gadgets and fantasy looks of the products for product experience, they will help to improve how people view these items. As a rule, purchasing items without contact and feeling inconveniences the actual business and prompts time and exertion for working on the clients. The improvement and the advancement in innovation will help to improve how people view these items with Augmented Reality.*

Keywords: *Augmented Reality, Three Dimension (3D), User Interface, Virtual Furniture.*

I. INTRODUCTION

With the use of augmented reality technology, we may virtually perceive objects in the real world, creating a composite vision. It collects numerous different user experiences. We are aiming to create an augmented reality system that will enable users to try on virtual furniture in their actual homes before making a purchase. This will make it much simpler for the user to select furniture items. It won't be essential to go shopping and spend a lot of time looking for the large user needs, nor will it be necessary to use a measuring tape to determine whether or not the furniture will fit in the customer's room. The main goal of this project is to create a virtual application for different furniture goods in furniture stores without requiring physical means, which is a labor-intensive and time-consuming task. The user will find it convenient to shop for furniture online by using this application. Additionally, the user will be able to test out the furniture pieces in their room and see how the space will appear with the addition of furniture. Without physically moving the furniture, the user can digitally try out different combinations of the goods. By creating this layout in augmented reality, we hope to better time efficiency while also enhancing accessibility for furniture try-on.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Furniture Shopping Based On Augmented Reality

Tanuja R. More, Avadhoot Modage, Venkatesh More, Kedar More, has proposed the project to develop an application for having a look and feel of different furniture items in without the usual means which is a very time-consuming activity. The integration of the actual and virtual worlds must be prioritized in interface design for augmented reality (AR) over user-friendliness and intuitiveness. Effective reality design or sensitive information expressions are necessary. Applying creative expression and conventional design principles can help with this.

The consumers will find it easier to picture the room or area where they want to put the furniture pieces. Obtain the precise appearance of the room or area after arranging furniture in it. Without physically moving the furniture pieces, users may virtually test out various combinations. By constructing a furniture layout using an augmented reality program, the goal is to shorten the try-on the process and improve accessibility. Theoretically, a user can try out several combinations without physically moving any furniture items.[1]

B. Virtual Furniture Application Using Augmented Reality

Snehal Mangal, Nabil Phansopkar, Safwaan Mujawar, Neeraj Singh has proposed a method of enlarged reality framework for the home furniture design dependent on fiducial marker identification in the paper "Virtual Furniture Application Dependent on Augmented Reality". They took furniture protests as an informational index. The favorable position was that it was effectively comprehended and handled.

Yet, the main detriment was that it was valuable for a single object. Through the innovation of augmented reality, we may virtually see objects in the real world, providing a composite vision. This application will take out the need to physically visit the furnishings store which is a very tedious activity. This exploration is utilizing photograph practical 3D models to render utilized in PC designs.[2]

C. Furniture Layout Application Based on Marker Detection and Using Augmented Reality

A methodology called "Furniture Layout Application Based on Marker Detection and Using Augmented Reality" has been proposed by Khushal Khairnar, Kamleshwar Khairnar, Sanket Kumar Mane, and Rahul Chaudhari to expand an application wherein a user must place a marker in the room where he needs to strike out furniture items. The person's webcam might be on, and he will be able to capture the live stream of the room through it. Finally, using a fiducial marker detection technique, the utility searches for the marker. The direct linear transformation algorithm is used to determine the marker's placement. The person will select the necessary fixture from the database, depending on what they need to try out. The utility will then overlay a Three-dimensional object. Items in three dimensions are instantly superimposed on the webcam-generated, two-dimensional picture body.[3]

D. A Study on Augmented Reality, its Applications and Challenges

Sunidhi Rachel Harrison and Priyank Singhal proposed "A Study on Augmented Reality, its Applications and Challenges". This review of augmented reality provides information on its applications and uses, as well as the obstacles and challenges it faces. Application. This provides an overview of AR.[4]

E. E-commerce Store with Augmented Reality Features

The "E-commerce Shop with Augmented Reality Features" has been proposed by Ninad Patil, Pranav Patil, Vinay Jawale, Nishant Potdar, Madhura Vyawahare, and Assistant Professor. This paper explains the role that augmented reality plays in e-commerce. It aids in giving customers a better shopping experience, which enhances customer connections. [5]

III. PROPOSED SOLUTION

A. Methodology

The proposed device makes use of Markerless Augmented Reality as a basis for enhancing client enjoyment and for a better notion of things. Markers much less monitoring is a gadget of positional shadowing the willpower of role and publicity of an item inside its terrain.

This is a totally vital function in augmented reality (AR), making it viable to realize the field-of-view and attitude of the user bearing in mind the surroundings to react therefore the location. of augmented fact content material according to the actual world.

The easy premise of the proposed application is to overlay virtual 3d models on the pinnacle of actual things by usage. of a digital digicam.

- 1) This Application will use AR supported cellular smartphone to experiment with the dwelling region and show the augmented furniture item to test whether or not it adjusts or now no longer and that helps in higher selecting the proper furnishings for our needs.
- 2) Augmented items are virtual items (3d Models) that can be similar to furnishings devices advanced using Unity 3d.
- 3) Unity 3d is a software program application that offers a complete progressive function set for 3d pe animation, modeling, simulation, rendering, and compositing.
- 4) The next step entails putting up light, shadow, and digital digicam positioning of these models by the usage of diverse additives of Unity 3d.
- 5) Next, the furniture model is called and the named version is gendered and reused to be loaded at the scrutinized backside with the useful resource of Google AR Core.
- 6) Mapping of 3d version onto the smart phone show takes vicinity which comes to a decision on the scale of the version that's then rendered and displayed on the screen.
- 7) Multiple 3D models can be placed at the same time and get and examine what the interior looks like.

B. System General Design

The technology stacks the 3D furniture models on the screen display image and takes images using a mobile built-in camera since the real scene image is seen by the human eye. First, we'd like to try to describe the features in the camera-collected images, select tracing images for 3D registration, create an initial 3D map, and capture the camera pose.

We then construct 3D furniture models. The camera creates projection models and an external parameters matrix by detecting and tracking the images. We will arrange the furniture using sliding screens because touch-screen interface functionality is available on Android smartphones.

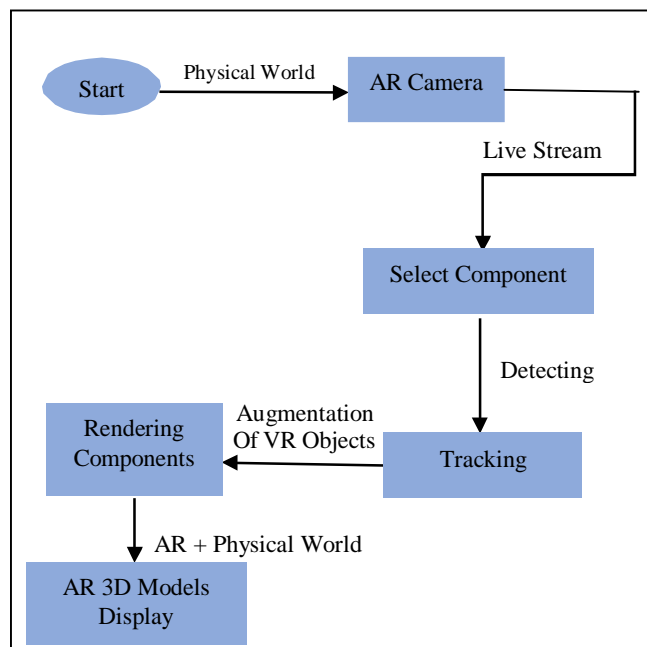
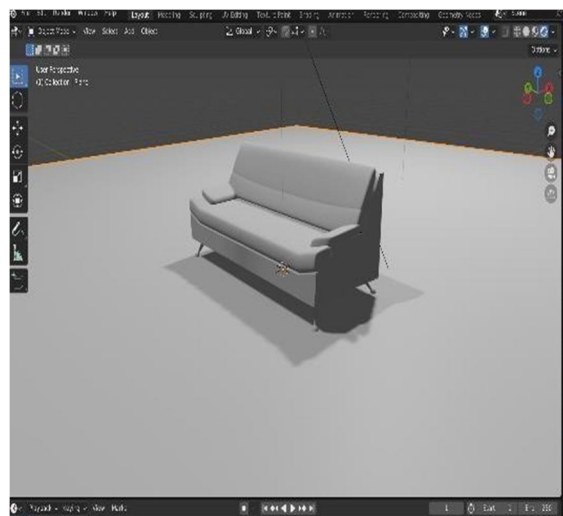


Fig [1] : System framework Diagram

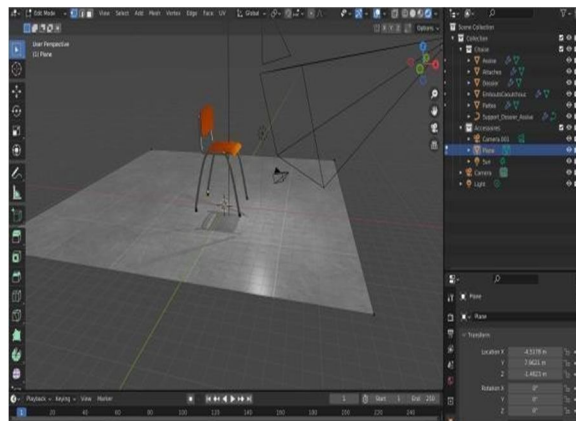
- 1) The user's time is saved, which is the live stream's main advantage. The camera will begin recording when the user launches the application. The user will position the camera where they wish to position the chosen component.
- 2) When the user positions the camera in a specific location and chooses one of the components, it will find the chosen object and set it there. The user can rotate the object as desired once it has been placed. The camera will recognize the ground layout and position the chosen object there.
- 3) When the user puts the camera in a certain location and picks one of the components, the camera will identify and place the selected object. For interior room design, it's very helpful because it will show how much space the component takes. A user can view all of the components at once when they are all placed in their designated locations. Since it will appear to be a living room. Moreover, a user has the option to replace an object. It will give a room a finished appearance.

C. Experimental Result

- 1) Graphical 3D Models



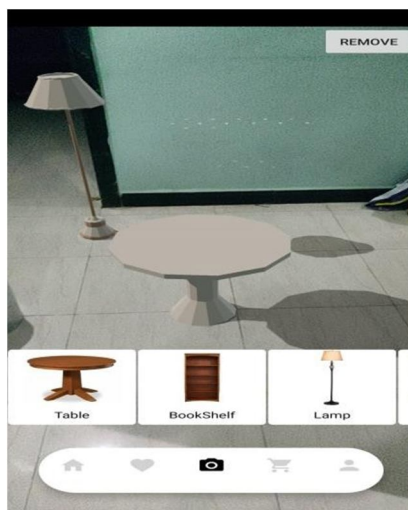
Fig[2]: Graphical 3D Sofa



Fig[3]: Graphical 3D Chair

We can generate 3D models using platforms like Unity and Blender. The AR applications utilize the 3D Modules. As seen in Figures 2 and 3 above, a 3D chair was created using Blender, and a 3D sofa was created using Unity.

2) Final Output of Application



Fig[5]: Display Of Multiple 3D Model using AR

The application's main goal is to enable simultaneous viewing of many components by the user, as illustrated in Figure 4. Several components can be selected and viewed simultaneously in a virtual representation of the real world.

IV. IMPLEMENTATION

- 1) Data and 3D model collection: The program demands that a 3D model be provided in glb format for each item in the catalog. The example Data folder is where the items are physically kept at the moment. In particular, models of chairs, lamps, tables, TVs, and other types of furniture were acquired for testing.
- 2) Design of the user interface: The application's user interface is made up of a number of pages, including those for logging in and registering, the home page, the profile page, the products page, the cart page, etc. The UI was developed with the necessity for client appeal and the demands of contemporary design in mind.
- 3) Arrange the items on the surface: In this case, using the scene dependencies that will be imported into Android Studio and Arcore. The virtual 3D model will be produced or integrated with the living area once the surface has been scanned and the user taps on the touch screen.
- 4) Verifying the position of objects: We design a scene that shows 25 out of 41 facts about an object. Another button that aids in redirection is added. For this rotation and connection rerouting, we employ two C-programmed classes.

V. FUTURE WORK

In future works, we have to think about the criticism of the client's assessment as a human interface. AR contemplates, not just the estimation of the camera postures and position, the acknowledgment of the genuine situations, and the Augmented Reality interfaces are fundamental for understanding the AR, yet in addition the client's assessment are imperative issues. This framework is intended to keep you on the lookout for avoiding risky furniture configurations and keeping the distance between furnishings and rooms in mind. Our venture dataset and degree will be adaptive in the future. The client may not exclusively have the capacity to experiment with various furniture questions however they can likewise experiment with this application by attempting on articles of clothing, goggles, watches, haircuts, and so forth. It can likewise be utilized for different applications in shopping centers, inside planning, Medical Science, and so forth.

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