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Hand Gesture Controlled Fire Fighting Robot

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Abstract: Nowadays fire hazards pose a dangerous threat to life and assets due to the uses of flammable substances, ignition devices, chemical igniters and fire propagation tools. So that this making fire-fighting automation a crucial area of research. This paper presents a hand gesture controlled fire-fighting robot that responds to a user commands via an ADXL accelerometer sensor and RF communication module.

The sender RF module captures hand gesture through ADXL using arduino and transmit angle data to the receiver wirelessly, which processes the signals using another arduino and drives motors accordingly. The robot is equipped with fire detection and extinguish system to manage small-scale fires. This technology provides a contactless, efficient, and rapid response system, reducing human risk in hazardous environments.

Keywords: Two Arduino Motor Pump , Wheels , Chassis Batteries And Wires Uno , ADXL Accelerometer , Rf Pair Module , Motor Drive Shield , Gear Motors , Flame Sensor .

I. INTROUCTION

Fire accidents are unpredictable and can lead to severe and dangerous consequences to human life and assets. Conventional fire-fighting methods involve direct human intervention in the form of fire brigade, which increases risks for firefighters. Robotics-based fire-fighting systems offer a potential solution by minimizing direct human involvement in dangerous situations which will surely help in saving human life and human efforts. Gesture-controlled robots enhance ease of use and responsiveness by eliminating the need for complex controllers like traditional button remote and switches. This project focuses on designing a hand gesture-controlled fire-fighting robot that utilizes an ADXL sensor for movement commands by sending different signal according to hand's gesture and an RF module for wireless communication through radio frequency wireless technology. The system operates with two Arduinos—one at the sender (gesture control) which process the data of sender and the other at the receiver (robot control) which process the data of receiver . A motor driver that will controls movement, and a fire extinguishing mechanism helps put out flames.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

- 1) Several studies have explored fire-fighting robots with different control mechanisms:
- 2) Fire Fighting Robots: These use sensors like IR, flame, and temperature sensors to detect and extinguish fires. , they lack manual control, making them less flexible.
- 3) Bluetooth and Wi-Fi Controlled Robots: These require a smartphone or remote interface but have limited range and connectivity issues in fire-prone areas.
- 4) Gesture-Controlled Robots: Studies show that gesture-based control systems improve usability and response time compared to conventional joystick or button-based systems.
- 5) The proposed system combines gesture control with wireless RF communication, providing a reliable and intuitive control mechanism for fire-fighting applications.

III. METHODOLOGY

A. System Components

- 1) ADXL Accelerometer Sensor: An **ADXL accelerometer** is a sensor that measures **acceleration** along one, two, or three axes (X, Y, and Z). It measures changes in **acceleration** due to movement or gravity. The ADXL335 provides analog voltage outputs corresponding to acceleration along each axis. These outputs can be read by microcontrollers with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs), such as Arduino boards. The bandwidth of each axis can be customized by connecting capacitors to the respective output pins, allowing designers to filter out unwanted frequencies and noise. Hence it captures hand gestures and converts them into angle data.

- 2) **RF Pair Module:** An RF pair module refers to a set of radio frequency (RF) transmitter and receiver modules used for wireless communication between two devices. There are two components in RF pair module differentiated as transmitter and receiver module. Transmitter module takes input data from microcontroller and sends that data wirelessly, this module operates at 433MHz or 315 MHz. Similarly, receiver receives data wirelessly and give that data to another microcontroller. In this way it enables wireless communication between sender and receiver modules.
- 3) **Arduino (Sender & Receiver):** Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. It is widely used for building electronic projects that can sense and control the physical world, like robots, home automation systems, and DIY gadgets. It combines hardware (various models of Arduino boards) with software (Arduino IDE), allowing users to write code and upload it to the board to control inputs and outputs. Arduino board contains a microcontroller—a small computer that can be programmed to perform specific tasks. These tasks might include reading data from sensors (like temperature, motion, or light sensors) and using that data to control actuators (like motors, lights, displays, or relays).
- 4) For example, you can write a program that reads temperature data from a sensor and turns on a fan if it gets too hot. This program is written in the Arduino Programming Language, which is based on C/C++, and uploaded to the board using the Arduino IDE (Integrated Development Environment).
- 5) **Motor Driver (L298N):** The L298 motor driver is a dual H-Bridge motor driver integrated circuit (IC) that allows you to control the speed and direction of two DC motors or one stepper motor independently. It acts as a bridge between your microcontroller (like Arduino) and high-power devices such as motors that require more current and voltage than a microcontroller can provide directly. It is widely used in robotics and automation projects.
- 6) **Fire Detection & Extinguishing System:** A flame sensor detects fire, and a small water pump or CO₂ extinguisher is triggered.

IV. WORKING PRINCIPLE

- 1) **Hand Gesture Capture:** The user moves their hand with the ADXL sensor, which records tilt and orientation.
- 2) **Data Transmission:** The sender Arduino processes this data and sends it wirelessly through the RF module.
- 3) **Data Reception & Processing:** The receiver Arduino receives the signal and translates it into movement commands.
- 4) **Motor & Robot Control:** The motor driver adjusts the robot's direction (forward, backward, left, right) based on the received signal.
- 5) **Fire Detection & Suppression:** If fire is detected, the extinguishing system activates automatically.

V. CONCLUSION

This research presents a hand gesture-controlled fire-fighting robot as an innovative and effective solution for fire emergencies. By integrating ADXL sensors, RF communication, and Arduino, the system offers a wireless, contactless, and user-friendly alternative to conventional fire-fighting robots. The project demonstrates high accuracy in movement control and rapid response to fire hazards, making it suitable for real-time applications in hazardous environments. Future enhancements may include AI-based fire detection, improved range, and real-time camera integration for advanced monitoring.

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