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Impact of Digital Marketing on the Customer Perceptions Related to Brand

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Abstract: The introduction of digital marketing has fundamentally changed consumer views by revolutionising how firms interact with consumers. This study examines how consumer views of brands are impacted by digital marketing, with a particular emphasis on important components including brand awareness, brand loyalty, and brand equity. In order to measure customer attitudes and perceptions influenced by digital marketing methods, such as social media campaigns, content marketing, and targeted commercials, the research employs a mixed-method approach, combining quantitative surveys and qualitative interviews. The results show that digital marketing—especially through personalised and interactive content—is essential for raising brand awareness and engagement. Through the creation of communities around brands and the facilitation of direct connection, social media platforms become effective tools for building brand loyalty. Additionally, the study emphasises the significance of In order to establish and preserve brand equity, digital marketing campaigns must be authentic and consistent

I. INTRODUCTION

Create a Coherent and Professional Online Presence: Make sure that your website, social media accounts, and online directories all reflect who you are as a business.*Content Marketing*: Produce content that speaks to your target audience and is of a high calibre and relevance. Infographics, movies, blog entries, and more can be included in this. Having high-quality, regular material helps establish your business as an expert in your sector. Participation on Social Media*: Use social media to interact with your audience by posting interesting content, answering messages and comments right away, and taking part in discussions about topics pertaining to your business. Optimising for Search Engines (SEO) To increase visibility and generate organic visitors, make sure your website and content are search engine optimised. Researching keywords, optimising the page, and obtaining high-quality backlinks are all included in this. Email Promotion Establish and maintain connections with your audience by using email marketing campaigns.

To keep subscribers interested and brand loyal, provide them personalised experiences, special discounts, and relevant material. Internet Promotion Use online advertising platforms to efficiently target your audience and drive visitors to your website or landing pages, such as Google Ads, Facebook Ads, and LinkedIn Ads. Optimising User Experience (UX): Make sure that the user experience on your website and digital assets is seamless and engaging. Retaining visitors and promoting conversions require mobile responsiveness, quick loading times, and easy navigation. Track and Examine Performance: Use analytics tools to track and evaluate your digital marketing initiatives on a regular basis. Monitor progress and adjust your approach as necessary.

II. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

- 1) Digital marketing refers to a range of online tactics, such as search engine optimisation (SEO), email marketing, social media, and content marketing, that work together to engage consumers and shape their opinions. In 2019, Chaffey and Ellis-Chadwick
- 2) Research shows that brand awareness is greatly increased by digital marketing. Search engines and social media platforms broaden the brand's audience and boost its visibility, which improves recall and recognition. Tuten and Ashley, 2015)
- 3) Direct communication between brands and consumers is made possible by interactive digital marketing techniques like social media campaigns, which increase engagement and establish a stronger bond. Positive brand perception is contingent upon this two-way communication. (Brodie and others, 2013)
- 4) Research indicates that digital marketing initiatives that prioritise constant and personalised communication can foster brand loyalty. On digital platforms, personalised content and prompt customer support promote customer retention and repeat business. In 2013, Malthuse et al.
- 5) By strengthening perceived value and uniqueness, digital marketing advances brand equity. Strong internet presences and high-quality content enhance consumers' opinions of brands' reliability and quality. (Keller, 2009)



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- 6) Customer perceptions are especially shaped by social media. When brands use social media well, they can build thriving communities, support user-generated content, and improve their brand image through influencer collaborations. In 2010, Kaplan and Haenlein
- 7) Customers are informed and educated by high-quality content marketing, which includes blogs, videos, and infographics, which establishes authority and trust. Good content marketing fits the demands and ideals of the consumer and enhances the perception of the brand. (Pulizzi, (2012)
- 8) More relevance and engagement result from tailored and targeted advertising, which improves consumer perceptions. On the other hand, overly aggressive or invasive targeting may have the opposite impact, resulting in annoyance and unfavourable opinions. In 2015, Bleier and Eisenbeiss
- 9) It is anticipated that cutting-edge technology like big data analytics and artificial intelligence (AI) will further improve and personalise digital marketing campaigns, thereby having even greater effects on consumer views and brand relationships. In 2020, Davenport et al.

III. **OBJECTIVE OF RESEARCH**

- 1) Analyse the effects of digital marketing initiatives on customer brand awareness, such as social media campaigns, SEO, and online ads.
- 2) Determine the possible hazards and detrimental consequences that subpar digital interactions may have on the perception of a brand, then suggest ways to manage and lessen these effects.
- 3) Recognise how different content marketing tactics—like blogs, videos, and infographics—affect consumer impression of brands and their ability to inspire trust.
- 4) Examine how new developments in digital marketing, such artificial intelligence (AI) and big data analytics, may affect consumer perceptions and brand interactions.

A. Hypothesis

- H0- There is no discernible effect of digital marketing on consumers' perceptions of brand awareness.
- H1 The notion of brand recognition among customers is greatly influenced by digital marketing
- H0- Customers' opinions of brand loyalty are not significantly affected by digital marketing.
- H1 The notion of brand loyalty among customers is greatly influenced by digital marketing.

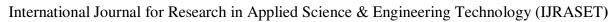
IV. SCOPE OF THE STUDY

This study's scope includes a thorough investigation of the ways in which digital marketing affects consumers' impressions of brands. Insights from both developed and developing markets are captured, encompassing a wide range of geographic regions to account for variations in consumer behaviour and the efficacy of digital marketing. We'll examine a variety of industries, including technology, retail, healthcare, and finance, to learn more about how digital marketing tactics affect each one. In order to ascertain their precise effects on consumer views, the study will assess a variety of digital marketing channels, such as social media, email marketing, content marketing, search engine marketing, and display advertising. It will also take into account other client demographics, such as age, gender, economic bracket, and educational attainment, in order to offer a thorough grasp of how various groups view businesses via digital marketing.

Furthermore, the research will take into account both recent and past data in order to recognise new patterns and comprehend how digital marketing is changing consumers' impressions of it. To give a comprehensive understanding of marketing tactics, a comparison with conventional marketing techniques will be included in the analysis. Lastly, the study will investigate how consumer views are impacted by new technologies such as automation in digital marketing, big data analytics, and artificial intelligence. This extensive scope seeks to offer insightful information on the impact of digital marketing on consumers' opinions of brands to researchers, corporations, and marketers.

V. RESEARCH METHOLODGY

- 1) Data Collection: To collect pertinent data, use both qualitative and quantitative techniques. This could involve using focus groups, surveys, interviews, and social media analytics to learn about the opinions, preferences, and actions of customers
- 2) Competitive Analysis: Examine rivals' digital marketing tactics to find areas of differentiation and best practices.





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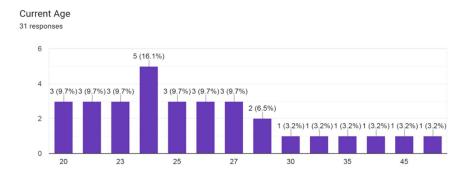
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- 3) Consumer Behaviour Analysis: Examine how customers behave on different digital platforms to identify patterns, inclinations, and issues with brand interaction.
- 4) Technology Assessment: Assess cutting-edge innovations and online marketing resources to find out how well they can raise brand awareness and engagement.
- 5) Expert Consultation: Interact with specialists in the field and in digital marketing to obtain insightful opinions and useful ideas into successful tactics for enhancing brand value.

VI. DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

A. Age

Response	Frequency	Percentage(%)
18 - 24	14	45.2%
25 - 34	13	42%
34 - 40	2	6.4%
40 - 45	1	3.2%
46 - 55	1	3.2%
TOTAL	31	100



1) Data Analysis

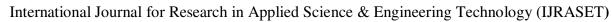
From the graph and table. it is observed that out of 31 Responses,14 respondent is from 18-24 age group with 45.2%,13 respondent is from 24-34 age group with 42%,2 respondent is from 34-40 age group with 6.4%, 1 respondent is from 40-45 age group with 3.2%.

2) Interpretation

It is observed that most of the respondent are in The age Group of 18-24 Years and the least number of respondents to the age group of 40-45 Years.

B. Gender

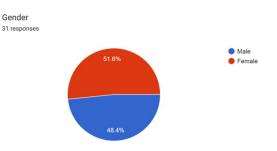
Response	Frequency	Percentage
Male	15	48.4
Female	16	51.6
Total	31	100





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1) Survey Report



2) Data Analysis

In Accordance with the table and graph above ,which show 31 replies.48.4% of the respondents are male, and 51.6% of the respondents are female.

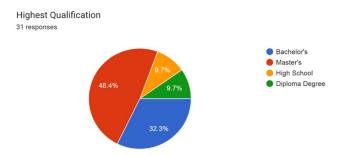
3) Interpretation

There is an not equal number of Male And Female responses, as may be noted

C. Education Level

Responses	Frequency	Percentage(%)
Bachelor's	10	32.3%
Master's	15	48.4%
High School	3	9.7%
Diploma	3	9.7%
Total	31	100.00%

1) Survey Report



2) Data Analysis

From the graph and table, it is observed that out of 31 respondent,10 respondent are Bachelors with 32.3%, 15 respondent are Masters with 48.4%,3 respondent are high school with 9.7%,3 respondent are Diploma Digree with 9.7%.

3) Interpretation

It is observed that most of the respondents are Masters and the least number of respondents are those who has High school and Diploma.

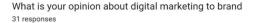


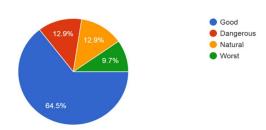
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D. Opinion About Digital Marketing To Brand

Response	Frequncy	Percentage
Good	20	64.5
Neutral	4	12.9
Dangerous	4	12.9
Worst	3	9.7
Total	31	100

1) Survey Report





2) Data Analysis

From The above and table, it is observed that out of 31 responses, 20 responses are Good to the opinion About Social Media with 64.6%,4 respondents are Neutral with 12.9%,4 respondent are Dangerous with 12.9%,3 respondent are worst with 9.7%.

3) Interpretation

The majority of people are with good opinion or the majority of people are with neutral and The Majority of People Are with Dangerous and Worst .

E. Do You Trust the Most When Forming Opinions About a Brand?

Response	Frequncy	Percentage
Social Media	17	54.8
Email Marketing	7	22.6
Search Engine Ads	5	16.1
Influencer partnerships	2	6.5
Total	31	100

1) Survey Report

Which digital marketing channels do you trust the most when forming opinions about a brand? 31 responses





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2) Data Analysis

In Accordance with the table and graph above, which show 31 replies,17 respondent are Social media with 54.8%,7 respondent are Email Marketing with 22.6%, 5 respondent are Search Engine Ads with 16.1%, 2 Respondent are Influencer Partnerships with 6.5%

3) Interpretation

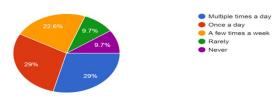
It is has been observed most of the respondents are using Social Media and the least number of respondents are Influencer Partnerships.

F. Engage with Branded Content on Social Media Platforms?

Response	Frequency	Percentage
Multiple times a day	9	29
Once a day	9	29
A few times a week	7	22.6
Rarely	3	9.7
Never	3	9.7
Total	31	100

1) Survey Report





2) Data Analysis And Interpretation

In Accordance with the table and graph above, which show 31 replies, 9 People Vote Are Multiple time a day, 9 people Vote Are Once a Day ,7 people vote are A feew Times A week,3 people vote are Rarely, 3 People vote are Never.

It is has been observed most of the respondents are vote Multiple time a day and the least number of respondents are vote Never

VII. FINDINGS

- 1) It is observed that most of the respondent are in The age Group of 18-24 Years and the least number of respondents to the age group of 40-45 Years
- 2) It is observed that most of the respondents are Masters and the least number of respondents are those who has High school and Diploma
- 3) The majority of people are with good opinion or the majority of people are with neutral and The Majority of People Are with Dangerous and Worst
- 4) It is has been observed most of the respondents are vote Multiple time a day and the least number of respondents are vote Never

VIII. CONSCLUSION

The study of Impact of Digital Marketing On the Customer Perceptions Related to Brand. it is observed that out of 31 Responses,14 respondent is from 18-24 age group with 45.2%,13 respondent is from 24-34 age group with 42%,2 respondent is from 34-40 age group with 6.4%, 1 respondent is from 40-45 age group with 3.2%, 1 respondent is from 46-55 age group with 3.2% in this topic are very enjoy full of my opinion.



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Digital marketing has a significant and diverse effect on how consumers view brands. Digital marketing builds stronger consumer relationships by providing targeted and personalised content that increases brand awareness and engagement. It makes it possible for brands to use data analytics to comprehend and predict consumer wants, leading to more successful marketing campaigns. Because they offer real and accessible marketing stories, social media platforms and influencer relationships are vital in influencing consumer impressions of brands. Moreover, real-time feedback and two-way connection are made possible by the interactive nature of digital marketing.

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