



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 11 Issue: III Month of publication: March 2023

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2023.49438

www.ijraset.com

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ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 11 Issue III Mar 2023- Available at www.ijraset.com

Mosquito Larvicidal Effects of 33 Plants Aqueous Extracts of 14 Different Plants Against Larva of Culex Mosquito

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Abstract: In this study, the mosquito larvicidal activity of 33 plant's aqueous extracts of 14 different plants were studied against the 4th instar larva of Culex quinquefasciatus mosquito. Different concentration of these plant aqueous extracts for different time duration was assessed on C. quinquefasciatus but the larvae showed negligible effects. These observation suggest that a very negligible better to say no larvicidal activity seen by these plant's aqueous extract against Culex quinquefasciatus. Keywords: Mosquito larvicidal effect, Culex quinquefasciatus, Plant's aqueous extract, 4th instar mosquito, Mosquito Larva

I. INTRODUCTION

Every plant that we see around us is full of one or the other quality and each one has some or the other important medicinal properties. In addition to providing us with oxygen, trees and plants are essential to the meaningful growth of the entire planet and hence, their importance in our life is inexhaustible.

The 14 different plants chosen was Alternanthera philoxeroides, Kalanchoe pinnata, Opuntia elatior, Centratherum punctatum, Colocasia esculenta, Cordyline fruticose, Cyperus eragrostis, Duranta, Euphorbia tithymeloides, Ixora coccinea, Jatropha gossypiifolia, Martynia annua, Persicaria longiseta, Stachyterpheta indica from which different parts 33 aqueous extracts were formed to study mosquito larvicidal effects.

The most significant group of blood-sucking arthropods is the mosquito family. They not only irritate people by biting, but they can spread dangerous infections that affect a wide range of socioeconomic consequences. Global climatic changes are to blame for the situation's worsening during the past ten years.

This has helped them, along with other variables, to adapt to a variety of habitats and consequently grow their population in various regions of the world. Many harmful organisms producing diseases like Malaria, Filariasis, Japanese Encephalitis, Dengue fever, Yellow fever, etc. are transmitted by several mosquito species belonging to the genera Anopheles, Culex, and Aedes. These diseases are contagious on a global scale, leading to high rates of human death and obstructing the economic growth of the majority of developing nations worldwide. It has been attempted to reduce or completely eradicate mosquito populations by using a variety of insecticides and chemical compositions. These pesticides are threatened by mosquitoes developing resistance to chemical insecticides, which leads to rebounding vectorial capacity even though they are very effective against the target species. Many environmental and human health problems have been sparked by the long-term stability of many of these pesticides and their propensity to bioaccumulate in creatures that are not their intended targets. Due to their abundance in bioactive chemicals, ease of availability, environmental safety, etc., plant secondary metabolites are viewed as a promising alternative strategy against numerous mosquito species and their various juvenile stages.

The activity of crude aqueous extracts from 14 different plants of Jharkhand, Hazaribag were investigated in the current study as part of ongoing efforts to find plant extracts with mosquito larvicidal properties. The results of the investigations in this area will be helpful in encouraging research aimed at the creation of new mosquito-controlling substances derived from local plant sources.

II. MATERIAL AND METHODS

A. Collection of Plants

Plants collected from the area of Ranchi and Hazaribag of Jharkhand, India. All these were then brought to the University Department of Biotechnology, Vinoba Bhave University, Hazaribag. All the plant parts were first washed by tap water and then by double distilled water three to four times and then kept for drying either in shaded area or in hot air oven at 40° c till plat parts become dry. The details of collection of plants is summarised in Table-1.



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 11 Issue III Mar 2023- Available at www.ijraset.com

B. Plant's Extract Formation

The process of maceration was used for plant's extract formation. Details are given in Table-2.

C. Plant Extract Concentration

Concentration of all plant extract for the Mosquito Larvicidal assay was made 30mg/ml.

D. Mosquito Culture

For growing mosquito larvae, four old tyres were cut, placed in the garden at shaded area and was filled with water. It was then kept undisturbed for some days and wait for female mosquito to lay egg. After some days (3-4 days) small mosquito larvae were seen floating on the water surface. According to the floating pattern and resting position on the surface of water, the larvae of Culex mosquito was selected out at early 4th instar and taken for larvicidal assay. Difference between the larvae of Culex, Aedes and Anopheles mosquito is given in Table:3 below, which is used for screening of Culex mosquito larvae.

TABLE: 1
DETAILS OF PLANT COLLECTION AND IT'S FAMILY

SI.No.	NAME OF PLANT	rs .	Site of	Month-Year	Lattitude	Longitudo	Diantia Family
31.110.	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	Collection / Place	of Collecton	Lattitude	Longitude	Plant's Family
1	Alternanthera philoxeroides	Alligator weed	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02116512	85.38259052	Amaranthaceae
2	Kalanchoe pinnata	Pattharchatta	Ratu Road, Ranchi	Jul-22	23.379474	85.303406	Crassulaceae
3	Opuntia elatior	Nagfani, Red flower prickly pear	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02077681	85.38453244	Cactaceae
4	Centratherum punctatum	Lark Daisy	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02077681	85.38453244	Asteraceae
5	Colocasia esculenta	Arabi, Kachchu	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02077681	85.38453244	Araceae
6	Cordyline fruticosa	T - Plant	Ratu Road, Ranchi	Jul-22	23.379474	85.303406	Asparagaceae
7	Cyperus eragrostis	Nutgrass	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02219681	85.3743643	Cyperaceae
8	Duranta	Nilkanta	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02324405	85.37792767	Verbenaceae
9	Euphorbia tithymeloides	Agiya	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02808583	85.3742775	Euphorbiaceae
10	Ixora javanica	Rukmini	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02808583	85.3742775	Rubiaceae
11	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Ratanjoti, Bio- Diesel Plant	Hazaribag	Aug-22	24.01623186	85.38004435	Euphorbiaceae
12	Martynia annua	Hatha-Jodi, Devil's Claws	Hazaribag	Aug-22	24.01229203	85.3911435	Martyniaceae
13	Persicaria longiseta	Oriental lady's thumb	Hazaribag	Aug-22	24.02116512	85.38259052	Polygonaceae
14	Stachyterpheta indica	Indian Snakeweed	Hazaribag	Jul-22	24.02003846	85.36962373	Verbenaceae

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TABLE: 2 DETAILS OF METHODS OF PLANT EXTRACT PREPARATION AND CONCENTRATION

S1.No.	S cientific Name	Plant Part Used	Method of Drying	Plant Parts Dry Weight(g rams)	Method of Drying of Filterate	Dry Pellet's Weight (mg)	Concentratio n of Stock Solution (mg/mL)
1	Alternanthera philoxeroides	Flower	Hot Air Oven, 40°C	1.21	Hot Air Oven, 40°C	123	30
2	Alternanthera philoxeroides	Leaf	"	3	"	468	30
3	Alternanthera philoxeroides	Stem	"	3	"	693	30
4	Bryophyllum	Leaf	Air Dry	10	"	1988	30
5	Cactus Opuntia	Spine	Hot Air Oven, 40°C	8.35	"	121	30
6	Cactus Opuntia	Flower	"	5	"	430	30
7	Cactus Opuntia	Leaf	"	10	"	2507	30
8	Cactus Opuntia	Green Ovary	"	5.955	"	292	30
9	Centratherum punctatum	Leaf	"	6	"	635	30
10	Centratherum punctatum	Flower	"	5	"	331	30
11	Colocasia esculenta	Leaf	"	15	"	1040	30
12	Colocasia esculenta	Stem	"	11.46	"	1216	30
13	Cordyline fruticosa	Leaf	Air Dry	10	"	1312	30
14	Cyperus eragrostis	Leaf	"	4.32	"	199	30
15	Cyperus eragrostis	Root	"	5.28	"	216	30
16	Cyperus eragrostis	Flower	"	2.13	"	117	30
17	Duranta	seed	"	5	"	687	30
18	Euphorbia tithymeloides	Leaf	"	7.5	"	1991	30
19	Euphorbia tithymeloides	Stem	Hot Air Oven, 40°C	5	"	651	30
20	Ixora coccinea	Flower	"	12.61	"	1251	30
21	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Leaf	"	10	"	981	30
22	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Flower	"	7	"	524	30
23	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Fruit Cover	"	5	"	243	30
24	Jatropha gossypiifolia	seed	"	8	"	455	30
25	Jatropha gossypiifolia	Stem	"	17.6	"	1305	30
26	Martynia annua	Flower	"	7.54	"	995	30
27	Martynia annua	Leaf	"	10	"	346	30
28	Martynia annua	Stem	"	20.1	"	1072	30
29	Persicaria longiseta	Leaf	"	5	"	402	30
30	Persicaria longiseta	Flower	"	1.149	"	102	30
31	Stachyterpheta indica	Leaf	Air Dry	2	"	995	30
32	Stachyterpheta indica	Flower Bud	"	20	"	1774	30
33	Stachyterpheta indica	Flower	"	1.8	"	355	30

TABLE: 3 DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CULEX, AEDES AND ANOPHELES MOSQUITO LARVAE:

Culex	Aedes	Anopheles
Larvae floats obliquely to the surface of water	Larvae floats horizontally to the surface of water	Larvae floats obliquely to the surface of water
It rests at a certain angle to the water surface	It rests parallel to the water surface	It rests at a certain angle to the water surface



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III.LARVICIDAL ACTIVITY

With some modification, in "WHO/CDS/WHOPES/GCDPP/2005.13 GUIDELINES FOR LABORATORY AND FIELD TESTING OF MOSQUITO LARVICIDES", mosquito larvicidal experimentation was designed. The mosquito was feed with aquarium diet[12]. Five larvae, each were introduced into treatment container/beaker containing 25mL of their natural growth media. The efficacy was determined through[13] bioassay method. Different volume of plant extract (Stock concentration 30mg/mL) was added in beaker to get different concentration (20, 40, 80, 160, 320, 640, 1280, 2560 ug/ml) of plant extract. All these concentrations are maintained at triplicate so as to do statistical analysis. A control was also established for treatment set where the water on which larvae were grown was used. Larval mortality counts were checked at predetermined intervals, including 6, 12, 24, and 48 hours following treatment. Larvae were considered to be dead if they sank to the bottom of the treatment tray, stayed still, showed no response to light or sound, or failed to regain life functions even after being moved to a control water solution.

IV.RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Observation obtained after doing larvicidal assay for all the concentarion for 6, 12, 24, and 48 hours is summarised in Table:4. *Alternanthera philoxeroides* flower showed 40% larvicidal effect at 320µg/ml at 1st 6 hrs but after that no effect was observed even after increasing the concentration. *Opuntia elatior* flower and leaf, *Centratherum punctatum* leaf, *Colocasia esculenta* leaf, *Cyperus eragrostis* root and flower at 320µg/ml showed 20% larvicidal [13]effect at 24th hrs, 6th hrs, 24th hrs, and 48th hrs respectively and also larvicidal effects was not observed by increasing the concentration.

V. CONCLUSION

All the 33 plant's aqueous extract showed no significant mosquito larvicidal effect.

VI.ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors would surely want to thanks University Department of Biotechnology, Vinoba Bhave University, Hazaribag for proving all essential lab facility to assess the research.

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ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 11 Issue III Mar 2023- Available at www.ijraset.com

TABLE: 4 Mosquito Larvicidal Effect by Plant Extracts in 48 Hrs Reading at Different Concentrations

					Number of		<u> </u>	Concentration (µg/mL)	ation L))	Concentration (µg/mL)	iration nL)		Su)	Concentration (µg/mL)		Conce	Concentration (µg/mL)	п	Com	Concentration (µg/mL)	=	Conc (4	Concentration (µg/mL)	<u> </u>	Conce	ntration	Concentration (µg/mL)		Concentration (µg/mL)	ion (µg	Till (Till (
			Volume of	Number of	Replicain	Total		20			40			3	08			160			320			640			1280			2	2560	
Plant's Name	Name	Plant Part Used	Water Tend (mT)	Larvae in	each	Number	De	Death of Larvae	arvae	ď	Death of Larvae	Larvae		Death (Death of Larvae	e	Death	Death of Larvae	e e	Deat	Death of Larvae	ae	Deatl	Death of Larvae	/ae	De	Death of Larvae	arvae		Death of Larvae	f Larva	
			rsed (IIII)	cacii riate	00		1st 6 12 Hrs H	12 24 Hrs Hr	74 48 Hrs Hrs		1st 6 12 2 Hrs Hrs F	24 48 Hrs Hrs		1st 6 12 Hrs Hrs	22 H _S	48 1s Hrs H	1st 6 12 Hrs Hrs	¥ 别	Hrs 1	1st 6 12 Hrs Hrs	名 H	48 15 Hrs I	1st 6 12 Hrs Hrs	24 Hrs	48 J	1st 6 12 Hrs Hrs	24 Hrs	rs Hrs	lst 6 Hrs		12 Hrs 24 Hrs	48 Hrs
anthera p	Alternanth era philox eroi des	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	2 2	2 2	2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
anthera p	Alternanth era philox eroi des	Leaf	25	\$	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
ınthera p	Altemanth era philox eroi des	Stem	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Bryophyllum	ılım	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cactus Opuntia	puntia	Spine	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cactus Opuntia	vuntia	Flower	25	3	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 1	1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cactus Opuntia	puntia	Leaf	25	\$	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 1	1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cactus Opuntia	ountia	Green Ovary	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
tratherum ,	Centratherum pun ctatu m	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	1	1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
ı tratherum _.	Centratherum pun ctatu m	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	1 2	2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Colocasia esculenta	sculenta	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 1	1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Colocasia esculenta	sculenta	Stem	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	2	2	0 0	0 2	2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cordyline futicosa	futicosa	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cypen s eragrostis	agrostis	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 2	2	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cypen s eragrostis	ragrostis	Root	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	1	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Cypen s eragrostis	ragnostis	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 1	1	0 0	0	0		0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Duranta	nta	seed	25	5	3	15	-				0				0		-	-	0	-	-	0		-	0					0	0	0
norbia titl	Euphorbia tithymel oides	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0		0 0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-+	0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Euphorbia tithymel oide	hymel oides	Stem	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Ixom coccinea	ccinea	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	-	0		-	_	0	-	-	_	0	-	_	0	-+	-	0		0		_	0	0	0
Jatropha go sypii folia	sypiifolia	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Jatropha go sypii folia	sypiifolia	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Jatropha go sypii folia	sypiifolia	Fruit Cover	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Jatropha go sypii folia	sypiifolia	seed	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Jatropha go sypii folia	sypiifolia	Stem	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Martynia annua	annua	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Martynia annua	annua	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Martynia annua	annna	Stem	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Persicaria longi seta	ongiseta	Leaf	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Persicaria longi seta	ongiseta	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Stachyterpheta	rpheta	Leaf	25	5	3	15					0	-+			0				0				- 		0		0	-		0	0	0
Stachyterpheta	rpheta	Flower Bud	25	5	3	15	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0
Stachyterpheta	rpheta	Flower	25	5	3	15	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0









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