



iJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 9 Issue: X Month of publication: October 2021

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2021.38677>

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Outline and Testing of Portable Solar Inverter

Miss. Rashmi Sharga

M.Tech, SGSITS, Indore, Madhya Pradesh

Abstract: In this study we talk about ,a simulacrum of one phase inverter using solar energy, The main aim is use of solar energy for electricity to study about Portable inverter, to use solar energy for electricity . Inverter circuits consists of Ups , battery module and battery charger. The main work of Inverter is to convert D.C voltage to A.C voltage .Inverter circuit are divided into 3 parts Bjt switch ,control circuit which is use for generate pluses thorough micro controller ,filter part consists of capacitor, Resistor which is use to overcome of harmonics. The main purpose of this work, to be simple such as for as assessing knowledge about solar movable inverter with minimum cost and uses.

Keywords: Solar panel, Regulator, battery charger, Inverter circuit, switching device, Transformer.

I. INTRODUCTION

Now ,a days the development progress of energy uses and importance in environmental care, different use of non-renewable and polluting fossils fuels have to check out . One such other option as solar energy. Solar energy is absolutely simple and easier .The energy build directly by the sun and run up into a different place ,usually on the originate heat and radiation The heat is still available in the sun and active in maintaining the thermonuclear reaction. The electromagnetic radiation flow out into place in all direction. A little portion of the whole radiation bring forth on the earth. The radiation that carry out on the earth is derivative source of all types of energy used now a days, Like nuclear fission and fusion. In the world needs of energy can be contributed by solar power. Due to environmental conditions two component are necessary to have working solar energy generator. This components are collector and storage unit. Storage unit is for use to store a non constant solar energy; for a some times only a very minor amount of radiation are bound to accept. And collector collects just radiation that drop and then convert in another form of energy.

1) *Uses of Solar Energy:* Solar energy is used as , liquid to gas through heat and then constrain the gas into lower pressure Nowadays solar energy uses many things .

A. Heating

Heating is the trade for with solar energy is best match, solar heating required nearly no energy change of form, so it has high efficiency. These plans scheme will use a chemical that make phase from solid to liquid that can be built by a solar collector.

B. Cooling

It may be look new but one of the most uses of solar energy nowadays is cooling. Latent heat is also known as heat, this amount of energy converts liquid to vapour or swap liquid to gas with heat and then constrain into a lower pressure level.

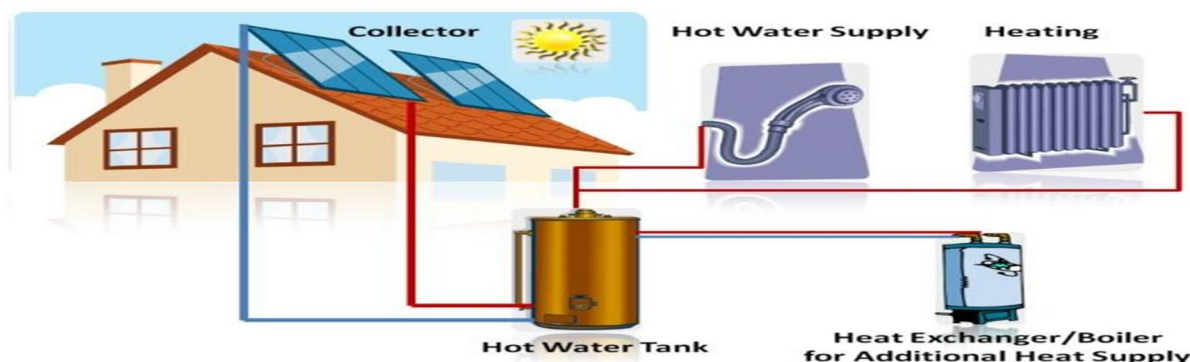


Fig:1 Application of Solar Energy Using Cooling

C. Transportation

Transportation means to transport one place to other place where we use ,like things to solar panel..

D. Generation of Electricity

Solar energy can be converted to electricity .Most of things are plan to scheme to get electricity.

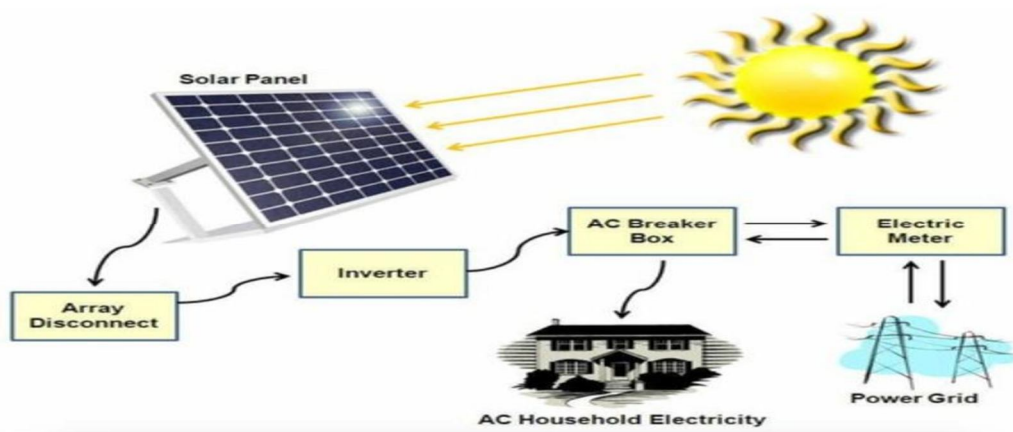


FIG 2: Generation of Electricity

If we can produce electricity through solar, the solar saver convert radiation to electricity.

II. BASIC PRINCIPLE OF SOLAR INVERTER

Solar inverters are used for converting a variable direct current output of photovoltaic to a frequency alternating current and then connect to electrical panel.

III. LITERATURE SURVEY

A. Energy Sources

Energy sources is being that can build heat or produce electricity. Sources are divided into two parts non renewable energy sources and renewable energy sources. Non renewable Is asos vici is a restore as a lifetime for example natural gas is carbon fossil fuels main element of non renewable energy sources fossil fuel. Renewable energy sources are wind solar biomass are the renewable sources of energy which is collected from the resource and naturally refill example Sunlight wind geothermal heat waves etc.

B. Design of Solar Inverter

There Are many circuit add design for high power AC from low power DC there are two methods are push pull and H- bridge push pull are used for build square and modify square wave while earth bricks are used for square wave and sine wave.

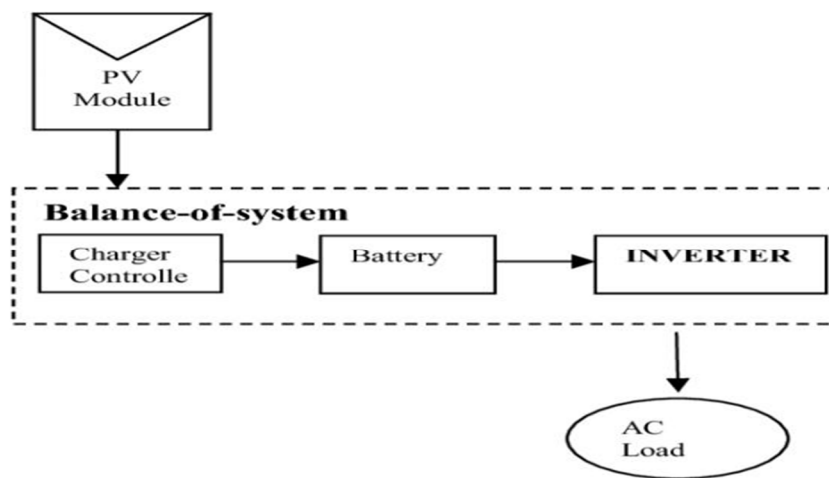


FIG 3:General flow diagram of an inverter

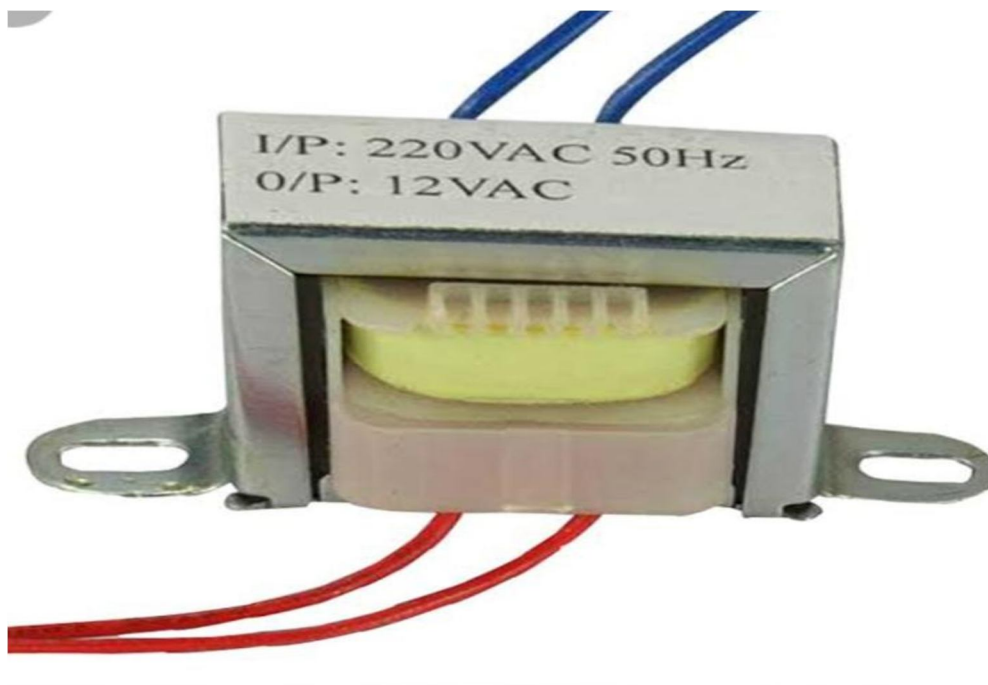
Solar inverter parts are divided into three parts



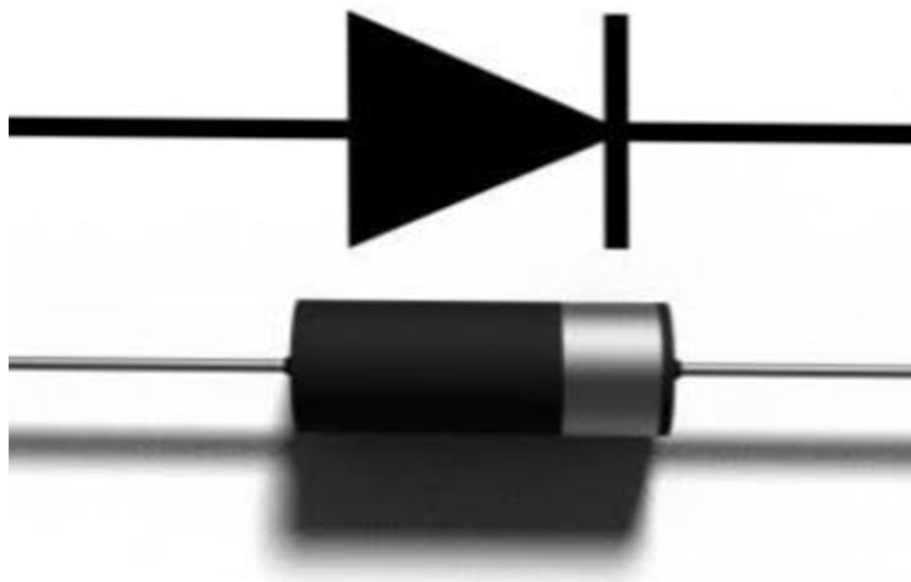
- 1) *Solar Battery Charger:* Solar battery charger is used to energy into a rechargeable battery by driven electric current thorough it. Solar battery recharger has many features like voltage regulator controllable no current backup very simple efficient and compact.
- 2) *Solar Panel:* Solar panel is used and absorb sun rays from the sun and then generates electricity.
- 3) *Inverter:* Inverter is an device That converts direct current to alternating current. Inverter specification depends upon ,The input voltage ,frequency, and power handling etc.

IV. COMPONENT REQUIRED

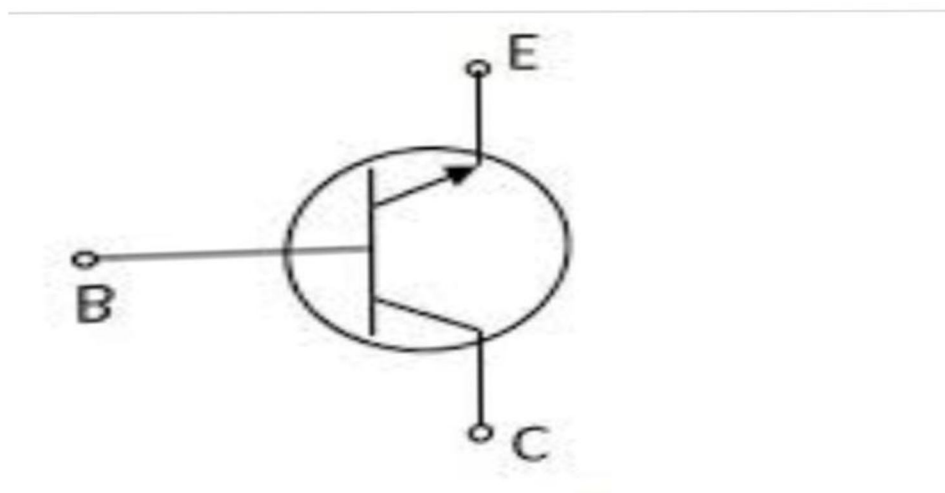
- 1) *Transformer:* Transformers is an electrical device the principle of faraday laws of electromagnetic induction that states at mutual induction between circuit, Transformer convert electrical energy from one circuit to other with help pf mutual induction between the primary and secondary winding Without electrical connection between them and also converts power from one circuit to another.



- 2) *Diode*: Diode is a device which are most important and recommended .Diode allow current flow in one direction this position is also called forward biased.



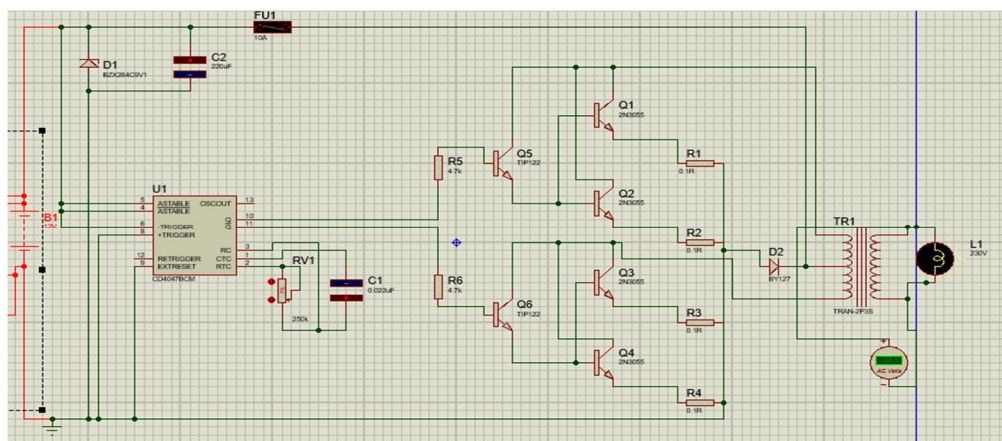
- 3) *Transistor*: A transistor is a semiconductor device to amplify a signal and electric power. A transistor terminal exchange current one pair to another pair. Due to the reason control output greater than input control power, transistor amplify a signal.
- 4) *Voltage Regulator*: Voltage regulator mostly used on 12v voltage circuit .for protection from short circuit which is good and helpful for power supplies.
- 5) *Resistor*: Resistor is an component that control a flow of current in a circuit. There are many type of resistors like wire wound resistor which is made up of Nichrome, carbon resistor ,resistor resistance depends upon the equally measurement of carbon to clay if ratio is high then resistance lower.
- 6) *BJT*: Bjt means bipolar junction transistor it has three layer named as collector, base ,emitter and also divided onto different connection like common emitter, common Collector, Common collector. It uses both hole and electron charger carrier.



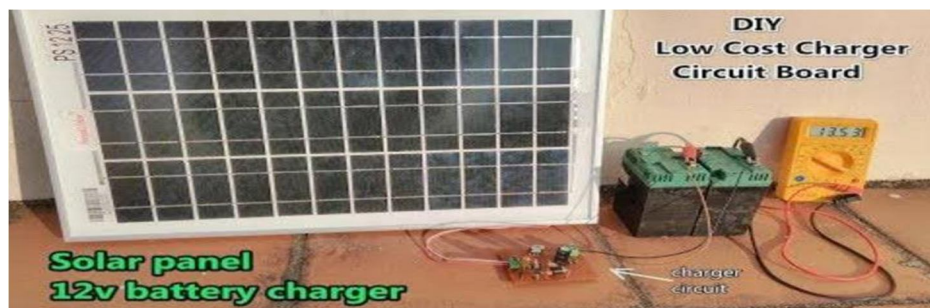
- 7) *ICCD4047*: It can be operated in any one of the mode it may be monstable or a stable mode. It consists of 15 pins for low to high transition ,In this IC it requires external capacitor and resistor for get a pulse output IC CD404 has easy configuration for both mode. It best voltage range to operable is 3 to 15 volt to get desired output .

V. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

A. Inverter Circuit



B. Solar Battery Charger



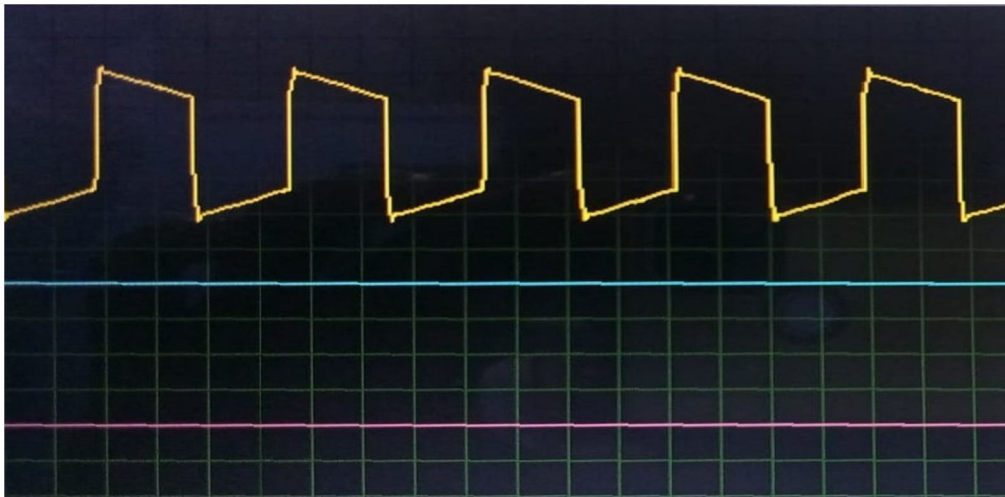
VI. SOFTWARE AND TOOLS

- 1) BZX284C9V1 (ZENER DIODE)
- 2) CAPACITOR
- 3) LAMP
- 4) LM317T (VOLTAGE REGULATOR)
- 5) MZP4739A (ZENER DIODE)
- 6) POT HG (VARIABLE RESISTANCE)
- 7) SBMG0340L (DIODE)
- 8) SD103AWS (DIODE)
- 9) SD103BW (DIODE)
- 10) SDM10U45 (DIODE)
- 11) SOLAR PANEL
- 12) TIP 122 (TRANSISTOR)
- 13) TRAN-2P3S (TRANSFORMER)
- 14) 1N4007 (DIODE)
- 15) 2N3055 (TRANSISTOR)
- 16) BATTERY
- 17) BY127 (DIODE)
- 18) RESISTOR
- 19) CD4047BCM (MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR)
- 20) FUSE

VII. RESULT

From solar panel of 16 volts we get 10.6 volt for battery charging this we supply to our inverter circuit which will give us around 170V.

Output Waveform



VIII. CONCLUSION

Photovoltaic power production is obtain more importance as a renewable energy source because renewable energy source gives good power supply which increase our security and abbreviate the need for import fuel. There are many advantages of renewable energy sources like production scheme pollution free maintenance electric conversion .Pv panel output can be Changes due to insulation level, temperature and weather conditions . This project is for a long economic benefits to environmental advantages. With the improvement in solar technology, such project would have more important and must obtain more attention and support.

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