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Quick Web Craft – A Low Code SaaS Platform

TusharThite¹, Om Gaikwad², Yogesh Mane³, Samruddhi Patil⁴, Aniket Talwar⁵, S.V.Shinge⁶

^{1, 2, 3, 45}UG Student, ⁶AssistantProfessor, Computer Science and Engineering, D.Y.Patil College of Engineering and Technology, Kolhapur, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: Quickwebcraft is a simplified Software as a Service (SaaS) platform created to make dynamic web development accessible toindividualswithoutexplicittechnicalbackgrounds.Itallowsuserstobuildprofessional-looking,mobile-friendly website susingdrag- and- drop components, customizable templates and real-time previews. This platform streamlines both frontend and deployment processes, improving productivity and significantly reducing development time for users including entrepreneurs and smallbusinesses.

Keywords: Low-codetool,SaaSDevelopment,visualwebeditor,drag-and-dropinterface,Quickwebcraft

I. INTRODUCTION

Intoday's digital era, anonline presence has becomevital for businesses, freelancers, and creators. However, developing and deploying a website often requires expertise in front-end and back-end technologies, databases and deployment. For individuals lacking a technical background, these obstacles can be especially discouraging.

Quickwebcraftis emerged as a solution to these problems. It provides a low-code development environment that helps users build interactive and aesthetic websites withease. This project intends to make web development accessible to a wider audience by encouraging participation in the website creation process.

The system integrates modern web technologies like React.js, Node.js, MongoDB, and Express.js into a unified platform, presented through a user-friendly interface. With drag-and-drop functionality, real-time previews, and deployment features, the tool is positioned as a comprehensive web solution.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The digital landscape is evolving faster, growing the demand for efficient, accessible, and user-friendly website development tools. Traditional coding methods of ten requires pecialized expertise, making ithard for non-technical users to build and maintain websites. Furthermore, manual development approaches can be time-consuming and costly, hindering quick digital transformation. Low-code SaaS solutions, particularly drag-and-drop website builders, have emerged as powerful alternatives, democratizing web development through visual interfaces, pre-built templates, and reusable components. These tools are especially valuable for small businesses and individuals with limited technical resources.

Recent studies have emphasized the importance ofqualityassurance (QA) in low-code and no-code projects, highlightingthe needforrobustQAprocessestoensuresecurityandscalability[1].Asystematicreviewconductedhasshownthattheseplatforms offer faster deliveryand reduced costs, while also noting concerns like vendor lock-in and limited customization [2]. One of the researchdemonstrates howlow-codesolutions improve API development and backend integration, streamliningdeployment for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) [3].

Additionally, researchershave explored the combined power of low-code development and model-driven engineering (MDE), showing how abstraction and automation improve scalability [4]. Industry insights point to drag-and-drop tools that lower the learning curve for non-programmers, making website creation accessible for even non-programmers [5]. For large rorganizations,

successfuladoptionoftendependsonkeyfeaturessuchasuser-friendliness, scalability, and integration with existing systems [6]. Beyond website development, low-code tools are also helpful in automating business processes and improving operational efficiency through pre-built components for workflow management and data integration [7]. Low-code platforms are bridging the gap between businesses, technical and non-technical teams, incorporating collaboration and driving innovations [8]

Inconclusion, low codeplat forms are transformings of twared evelopment by enabling rapid prototyping, reducing dependency on developers, and promoting inclusive innovation. While the benefits are substantial, addressing limitations such as customization constraints and quality control is vital for long-term success and scalability.

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III. THEORETICAL BACKGROUND

The theoretical foundation of the Quickwebcraft project lies at the intersection of low-code software development, web technologies, and user-centric design. The project is guided by principles of rapid application development (RAD), which emphasizeminimalmanualcoding, visual interfaces, and reusability of components. By leveraging modern frontend frameworks

likeReact.js,backendtechnologiessuchasNode.jsandExpress.js,andcloud-basedservicesincludingVercelandMongoDBthe platform delivers a seamless and scalable development experience. The system architecture supports efficient data handling, secure authentication, and streamlined deployment, enabling users—especially those with limited technical expertise—to build, publish, and manage websites effortlessly.

A. Need for Project

- 1) Rapiddigitaltransformation: Thesetoolscansignificantlyaccelerate the process of creating and deploying websites, enabling businesses to quickly adapt to changing market conditions and seize new opportunities.
- 2) Cost-effectiveness:Low-codeplatformsoftenrequirelessdevelopmenttimeandresourcescomparedtotraditionalcoding methods, making them a more affordable option for businesses of all sizes.
- *3)* Time-to-market:Bystreamliningthedevelopmentprocess,thesetoolscanhelpbusinessesbringtheirproductsorservices to market faster, gaining a competitive advantage.
- 4) Customizationandscalability: Low-codeplatformsoftenofferahighdegreeofcustomization, allowing businesses to tailor their websites to their specific needs. Additionally, they can scale to accommodate growth and increase user demand.
- 5) Easeofuse: Thesetoolsaredesigned to be user-friendly, making the maccessible to individual swith limited technical skills. This can empower a wider range of people to create and manage their own websites

B. Technologies Used

1) React.js

Description:React.jsisapopularJavaScriptlibraryused forbuildingfastandinteractiveuserinterfacesusingreusable components. It simplifies the development of complex UI systems with its component-based architecture.

RoleintheProject: React.jsisusedtodevelopthe frontend ofQuickwebcraft,enablingthecreationofadynamicdrag-and-drop interface and seamless user experience for building websites.

2) Node.jsandExpress.js

Description:Node.jsisaJavaScriptruntimeenvironment thatexecutescodeoutsideawebbrowser,whileExpress.jsisa lightweight web framework for building backend services.

RoleintheProject: Node.jsandExpress.jsformedthebackendoftheplatform,managingAPIs,userauthentication,and data handling between the frontend and database.

3) MongoDB

Description: MongoDBisaNoSQLdatabasethatstoresdatainflexible,JSON-likedocuments,offeringscalabilityand high performance for modern web applications.

RoleintheProject: MongoDB wasusedtostoreuserprofiles, websitedata, and UI component configurations. MongoDBAtlas was used as a cloud-based solution for reliability and accessibility.

4) Vercel

Description: Vercelisacloud platformforstaticsitehostinganddeployment, optimizedforfrontend frameworkslikeReact.js. It allows fast, global deployments with minimal setup.

RoleintheProject: ThefrontendofQuickwebcraftisdeployedusingVercel, ensuringfastloadtimes, continuous integration, and a smooth user experience.

5) GitandGitHub

Description: Gitisaversioncontrolsystem, and GitHubisaplatformforhosting and collaborating on Gitrepositories. *Role in the Project:* Git is used for tracking code changes and version control. GitHub hosted the repository, enabling collaboration, issue tracking, and documentation management among team members.



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C. ProblemDefinition

TheQuickwebcraftprojectrespondstotheincreasingdemandforquickandeasytouseplatformsfordevelopingwebsitesthataresuitableforuse rswithlittletechnicalknowledge.Thecreationofthisprojectisdrivenby several significantissues as the need for a digital presence grows across multiple domains.

1) LackofTechnicalSkillsAmong

Issue: Manyindividualsandsmallscalebusinesseslackcodingknowledge, which becomes a barrier to creating and managing professional websites.

Impact: Lack of technical expertise, businesses are often required to hire expensive developers or settle for an average web presence.Quickwebcraftoffersalow-codesolutionthatbridgesthisgap,enablingusersto buildfunctionalwebsitesthrougha visual interface.

2) Time-ConsumingDevelopmentProcesses

*Issue:*Traditionalwebsitedevelopmentinvolvesmultiplestages—design,coding,testing,anddeployment—which can be time- consuming, especially for small-scale projects.

Impact: The longer development time hinders the rapid deployment of we boolutions. Quick we bor afts avestime and effort by promoting rapid and effective website construction with drag-and-drop components and reusable templates.

3) Inaccessibility of Scalable Hosting Solutions

Issue:Beginnersandnon-developersoftenstrugglewithsettingupreliablehostingenvironmentsorcontinuousdeployment pipelines. *Impact*:Thiscanleadtoinconsistentuptimeandpooruserexperience.ByintegratingwithcloudplatformslikeVercel, Quickwebcraft simplifies deployment and ensures seamless scalability with minimal user intervention.

4) Fragmentation of Frontendand Backend Technologies

Issue:Modernwebdevelopmentoftenrequiresmanagingmultipletechnologiesforfrontend,backend,database,anddeployment. *Impact*:Thiscomplexityisoverwhelmingfor solo usersor non-technicalteams. Quickwebcraft unifiesthesetechnologiesunder a single platform, abstracting the complexity while still delivering professional-grade websites.

5) LackofReusabilityandModularityinExistingPlatforms

Issue:Manywebsitebuildersrestrictcustomizationorlackreusablecomponents, limiting design flexibility.*Impact*: Users are unable to scale or modify their websites according to their evolving needs. Quickwebcraft focuses on component-based architecture using React.js, which allows modular design and easy scalability.

$6) \ Need for Collaborative Development and Community Support$

 ${\it Issue:} Mostlow-code platforms do not emphasize community collaboration or code transparency.$

Impact: Thislimitspeerlearning and adaptation for custom use cases. Quick we be caften courage scollaboration by hosting its code on GitHub and allowing developers to contribute, fork, and improve the system.

IV. MOTIVATION

As computer science students, we've often seen how many people struggle to create a digital presence simply because they have limited access or lack coding skills. This inspired us to build something that makes web development easier and more accessible for everyone.

WithQuickwebcraft,ourgoalistosimplifytheprocessofbuildingwebsitesbyusinglow-codetoolsandintuitivedesign.It's a way for us to apply what we've learned in development and design to solve a real-world problem—helping individuals and small businesses build qualitywebsites without needingtechnical expertise. We're excited to contribute to making web creation more inclusive, efficient, and scalable.



V. SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

A. DevelopmentApproach

Agile Scrum: The Quickwebcraft project is developed using the Agile Scrum methodology. This iterative approach helped us break the work into manageable sprints, focus on regular feedback, and make continuous improvements throughout the development process. It also encouraged better teamwork and flexibility as we built and refined each module.

B. ProjectInception

Objective: Todefine the purpose, end-usergoals, and architecture for allow-code webdevelopment platform. *Activities:*

- $\bullet \ Identifying the need for a simplified we by itebuild ertargeting non-technical users.$
- Gatheringuserrequirements such as drag- and-drop interface, the mecustomization, and instant preview.
- Outliningthecoremodules:Userinterface,Componentlibrary,Templatelibrary,andDeploymentintegration.

C. Module1-UserManagement

Objective: Tohandleuserauthentication, authorization, and profilem an agement. *Activities*:

- Enablinguserregistrationandloginwithsecurecredentialhandling.
- Allowingpasswordresetsandprofileupdates

D. Module2–Website Creation

Objective: Allowuserstostartbuildingwebsitesfromtemplatesorblankcanvases. *Activities:*

- Provideanoptiontobeginfromablankcanvasforfullcustomization.
- Offerarangeofpre-designedtemplatesforquickstarts.
- Letusersnametheirwebsitesandconfigureinitial settings.

E. Module3–WebsiteEditing

Objective: Toprovideavisualed itor for customizing website content and layout. *Activities:*

- Implementingdrag-and-dropfunctionalityusingaReact-basedinterface.
- Offeringalibraryofreusablecomponentslikeheaders, footers, and buttons.
- Allowinginlinecontenteditingandthemecustomization(fonts,colors,layout).

F. Module4 – ComponentLibrary

Objective: Tomanagereusablecomponentsforefficientdesign. *Activities:*

- Allowinguserstoadd,edit,anddeletecustom-builtcomponents.
- Providingtoolstoorganizecomponentsbycategoryorusecase.

G. Module5 –*Template Management*

Objective:Tostoreandmanagewebsitetemplates. *Activities:*

- Savinguser-created and default templates in the system.
- Allowingfullcustomizationoftemplatesbeforedeployment.

H. Module6 – Deployment

Objective: TomakeEffortlessDeploymentofwebsites. *Activities:*

IntegratingwithplatformslikeVercelorcustomhosting.



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- Automatingthebuildanddeploymentprocesswithone-clickoptions.
- GeneratingandmanagingpublicURLsforlivewebsites.

I. Module7–IntegrationModule

 $Objective: {\it ToConnect external services and enable API-based functionality}. Activities:$

- Facilitatingintegrationwithemailservicesandsocialmedia.
- ManagingAPIcallsandresponsesforthird-partyservices.
- Ensuringreal-timedatasynchronizationbetweenservicesandthebuilder.

The diagramillustrates the modular structure of the website builder platform. It begins with the User Management Module for handling user access. Users then create or edit websites through the Website Creation Module, which connects to the Website Editing Module for applying templates and components. Templates are managed by the Template Management Module, while components are accessed from the Component Library Module. Third-party services are integrated via the Integration Module, and the final website is published using the Deployment Module, resulting in a Live Website.

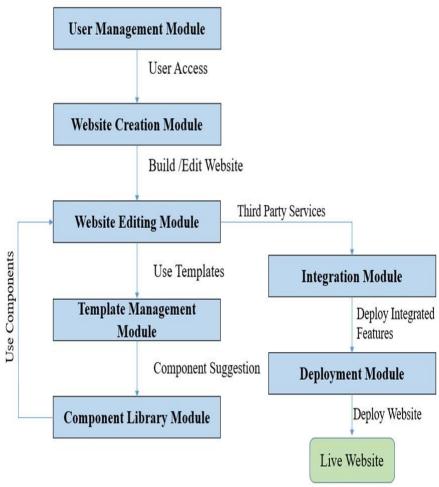


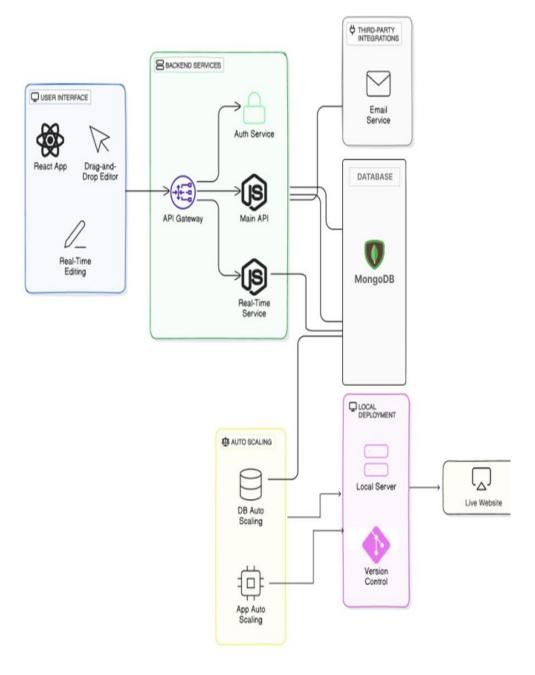
Fig.1ModularStructureofQuickwebcraft

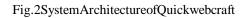
Thissystemarchitectureillustratesthemodularstructureofthe Quickwebcraftlow-codeSaaSplatform, showcasingthe integration of frontend, backend services, databases, third-partyAPIs, and deployment layers. Itemphasizes scalability, maintainability, and flexibility through distinct modules such as drag-and-dropUI, real-timeservices, API gateway, and auto-scaling, supporting seamless development and deployment workflows.



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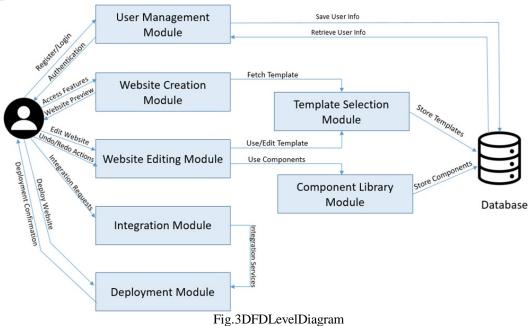


This Data Flow Diagram (DFD) represents the Level 1 flow of the website builder system, illustrating interactions between the user, main modules, and the database. The user initiates actions like registering or logging in, which are handled by the User Management Module and connected to the Database for storing or retrieving user information. The Website Creation Module enables users to access features like template selection and blank canvas creation, while the Website Editing Module facilitates website customization using resources from the Component Library Module and Template Management Module. The Deployment Module manages website hosting and domain setup, integrating with third-party services through the Integration Module. The Database ensures seamless data storage and retrieval across the system.



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VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

Thedevelopment of the low-code Saa Splatform highlights a modular and user-friendly approach to website creation, editing, and deployment. By leveraging modern technologies and a well-structured architecture, the system aims to simplify web development for users with minimal coding knowledge. Maintaining a clear workflow and regular iteration has been essential in building a functional and scalable platform.

Inthefuture, the platform can be enhanced with AI-driven design suggestions, real-time collaboration features, and support for more thirdparty integrations. Continue dimprovements will focus on boosting performance, expanding template and component libraries, and enriching the overall user experience.

VII.ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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