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Real-Time Mental Health Support with AI and ML

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Abstract: *Mental health issues such as stress, anxiety, and depression are increasing worldwide, yet access to timely professional mental health support remains limited due to stigma, cost, and geographic constraints. This paper presents an AI-powered mental health chatbot that utilizes Natural Language Processing (NLP) and sentiment analysis to provide real-time emotional support, personalized coping strategies, and mental health resources. The chatbot ensures accessibility, scalability, and confidentiality, helping bridge the gap in mental health services by offering immediate assistance anytime, anywhere.*

Keywords: *AI Chatbot, Mental Health Support, NLP, Sentiment Analysis, Emotional Well-being.*

I. INTRODUCTION

The increasing prevalence of mental health disorders presents a major challenge in providing timely and adequate psychological support. Many individuals hesitate to seek help due to social stigma, financial barriers, and lack of availability of professional therapists. Traditional mental health services are often overwhelmed, leading to long wait times and inconsistent care.

This paper proposes an AI-driven chatbot capable of offering real-time emotional support. By leveraging NLP and sentiment analysis, the chatbot aims to create an accessible, non-judgmental, and confidential platform for users seeking mental health assistance.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

1) Mental Health Assistant using LSTM

Author: Ms. Aiciri C Hegde, Ms. Madhiraju Kavyasri, Ms. Somalaraju Soumya, Ms. Srinidhi M Sharma, Prof. Manohar R

Published Year: June 2022

Methodology: Acquiring psychiatric help has been proven useful in treating various mental health problems, particularly in remote areas where access to mental health facilities is limited. While technological advancements in mental health received some resistance, many individuals have supported online mental health treatments. Though online therapy may not be suitable for everyone, it has proven effective for those who feel uncomfortable attending traditional face-to-face support groups.

2) Application of NLP and Machine Learning for Mental Health Improvement

Author: Trinayan Borah, S. Ganesh Kumar

Published Year: August 2022

Methodology: With the tremendous improvement in technology, everything is becoming automated, making people's lives easier and faster. New technologies, trained on vast amounts of data, are used in daily life for automatic decision-making applications. In the healthcare field, machine learning and deep learning technologies play a vital role in improving health outcomes and speeding up operations. This project focuses on a multi-class text problem that classifies texts into emotional categories such as 'Happy,' 'Angry,' 'Surprise,' 'Sad,' and 'Fear.' The output can help mental health experts analyze the mental health condition of a person based on these emotional categories.

3) NLP-Based Approach for Classification of Mental Health Issues using LSTM and GloVe Embeddings

Author: Joyeeta Dey, Dhyani Desai

Published Year: January 2022

Methodology: This project was implemented using Python, where Jupyter Notebook was used to write the code and display the results. The system leveraged the TensorFlow library by Google Inc. and its Keras API as the backend of the neural networks. The collected data was cleaned, wrangled, and analyzed using the Pandas library to enable the classification of mental health issues using LSTM and GloVe embeddings

III. METHODOLOGY

A. Algorithm Implementation

- 1) Text Preprocessing: Tokenization, lemmatization, stop-word removal.
- 2) Intent Classification: Logistic Regression/BERT for user intent recognition.
- 3) Sentiment Analysis: LSTM/Naïve Bayes models for emotion detection.
- 4) Named Entity Recognition (NER): Identifies mental health-related keywords.
- 5) Response Generation:
 - Rule-Based Responses: FAQs and predefined chatbot replies.
 - Sequence-to-Sequence Models: Transformer-based AI-driven conversations.
 - Recommendation System: Suggests coping mechanisms based on user input.

B. Performance Metrics

- 1) Response Time: Measures the chatbot's processing speed.
- 2) Accuracy: Evaluates correct intent and sentiment classification.
- 3) Engagement Rate: Tracks user interaction frequency and retention.
- 4) Error Rate: Monitors incorrect or irrelevant chatbot responses.
- 5) User Satisfaction Scores: Assesses chatbot effectiveness through user feedback.

IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Initial user testing demonstrated promising results:

- 1) 85% of users found the chatbot effective in reducing stress and anxiety.
- 2) 78% reported an improvement in their overall mental well-being.
- 3) 92% felt comfortable expressing their emotions due to the chatbot's anonymity and confidentiality.
- 4) Average Response Time: 1.2 seconds, ensuring near real-time interactions.

These findings suggest that AI-driven chatbots can play a significant role in providing accessible mental health support, though further improvements are needed for personalization and advanced emotional analysis.

V. CONCLUSIONS

This paper introduces an AI-powered mental health chatbot designed to provide real-time emotional support through NLP and sentiment analysis. By bridging gaps in traditional mental health services, the chatbot offers users a confidential and cost-effective alternative for psychological well-being.

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