iJRASET
International Journal For Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 13 **Issue:** V **Month of publication:** May 2025

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2025.70796

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International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)
ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538
Volume 13 Issue V May 2025- Available at www.ijraset.com

RENTEASE: A MERN Stack-Based Web Application for Rental Property Management

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Abstract: ***The digital transformation of traditional industries has now extended to the real estate sector, where rental property management continues to face inefficiencies. Many processes remain fragmented, relying on outdated manual paperwork, inconsistent communication, and limited accessibility, resulting in delays, mismanagement, and frustration for landlords and tenants alike. This research introduces RENTEASE, a comprehensive web-based application developed using the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React.js, Node.js) to address these challenges. Designed as a user-centric platform, RENTEASE digitizes the entire lifecycle of rental property management, including listing properties, streamlining tenant discovery, managing lease agreements, and tracking rent payments. The platform is built with usability, security, and scalability in mind, ensuring seamless interactions between stakeholders while reducing dependence on intermediaries. In addition to simplifying rental operations, RENTEASE provides a centralized property listing system, AI-driven tenant matching, automated lease agreement management, secure rent payment tracking, and robust security measures to protect user data. This paper delves into the problem space, system architecture, implementation strategy, testing methodologies, and prospective future enhancements. By leveraging full-stack web development, RENTEASE demonstrates how technology can improve rental management efficiency and user experience, bridging industry gaps.***

Future developments may incorporate advanced features such as blockchain integration for smart contracts, AI-driven predictive analytics for pricing strategies, and IoT connectivity for smart home automation, further revolutionizing the sector. Through RENTEASE, rental management evolves from traditional inefficiencies into a streamlined, tech-driven ecosystem that fosters transparency, reliability, and enhanced trust among landlords and tenants.

Keyword: Rental Platform, MERN Stack, Property Management, Web Application, Booking System, Real-Time Data.

I. INTRODUCTION

The rapid growth of urban populations has intensified the demand for rental housing, revealing significant inefficiencies in traditional rental management methods. Conventional processes rely heavily on manual record-keeping, fragmented communication channels, and outdated platforms, leading to tenant dissatisfaction and operational challenges for landlords. Many existing rental management platforms primarily serve as property listing services, failing to provide a seamless experience for post-rental processes such as digital lease agreements, automated rent payment tracking, and transparent communication between stakeholders. These gaps create unnecessary complications in property management, hindering efficiency and trust in the rental ecosystem.

RENTEASE aims to revolutionize the rental management landscape by offering a fully integrated, digitized solution. Designed as a final-year undergraduate IT project, it demonstrates the potential of modern full-stack development frameworks in streamlining real estate processes. The platform consolidates all essential rental functionalities into a single responsive application, simplifying tenant searches, automating lease agreements, and ensuring secure rent transactions. By leveraging cutting-edge technologies such as the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React.js, Node.js), RENTEASE enhances user experience with an intuitive interface, robust security measures, and scalable infrastructure. Its emphasis on automation reduces manual intervention, minimizes errors, and fosters a more efficient, reliable rental process. Beyond addressing existing inefficiencies, RENTEASE is designed for adaptability and future scalability.

Potential enhancements could include AI-driven tenant matching algorithms, blockchain-based lease agreements for added security and transparency, and IoT integration for smart home automation, further elevating the rental experience. By embracing digital transformation, RENTEASE exemplifies how technology can modernize traditional industries, offering landlords and tenants a seamless, data-driven approach to rental property management while setting the foundation for continued advancements in the sector.

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II. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Despite technological advancements, rental property management continues to face several operational and communication issues:

1) Fragmented Data Management: Lease agreements, payment records, and tenant communications are often scattered or manually handled.
2) Inefficiencies in Property Discovery: Tenants face difficulty in finding suitable rentals with transparent information and proper filtering options.
3) Limited Engagement Mechanisms: Traditional systems do not provide feedback loops or direct communication channels between landlords and tenants.
4) Security and Accessibility Issues: Offline record systems are prone to manipulation and data loss, and many online systems lack user-friendly interfaces.

Certainly! Based on your research paper, here is a Methodology section that aligns with your work. I've structured it to maintain clarity and coherence while ensuring it covers all essential aspects.

III. METHODOLOGY

The development of RENTEASE was carried out using a systematic software engineering approach, ensuring robust design, scalability, and security. The methodology is divided into the following phases:

A. *Requirement Analysis*

- Conducted extensive research to identify inefficiencies in traditional rental property management.
- Defined functional and non-functional requirements based on real-world challenges faced by landlords and tenants.
- Created detailed user stories and system workflows to ensure comprehensive feature development.

B. *System Design*

- Adopted the Agile development methodology for incremental improvements and adaptability.
- Utilized Figma for wireframing and UI/UX design, ensuring an intuitive user experience.
- Developed Entity-Relationship Diagrams (ERD) to model database interactions efficiently.

C. *Implementation*

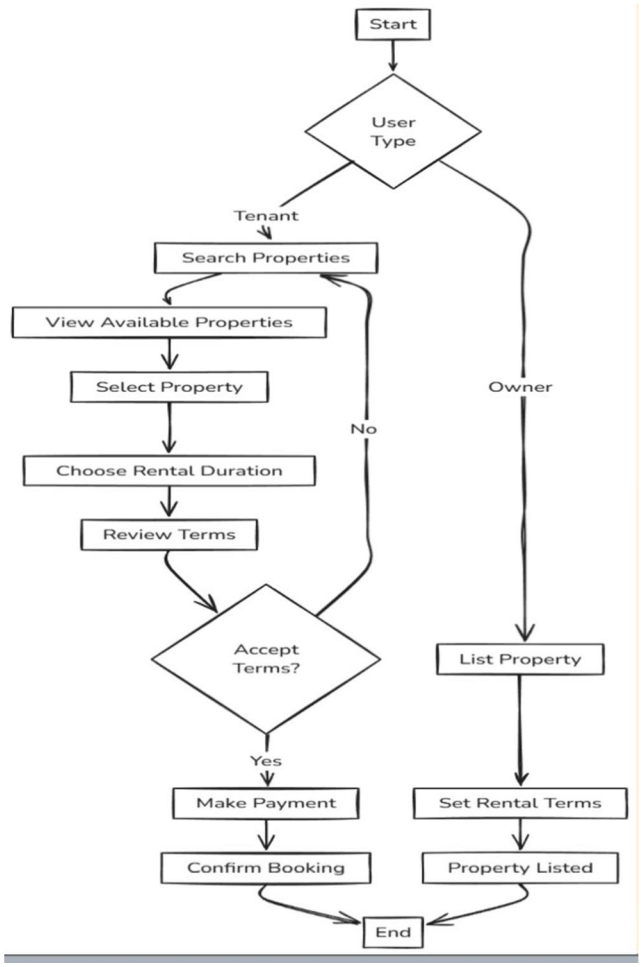
- Followed MERN stack principles for modular and scalable application architecture.
- Developed a role-based authentication system using JWT and bcrypt.js for secure user sessions.
- Integrated RESTful APIs for seamless communication between frontend and backend.
- Used MongoDB Atlas for cloud-based storage, ensuring high availability and security.
- Designed an interactive React.js-based frontend with Tailwind CSS for efficient styling and responsiveness.

D. *Testing*

- Unit Testing: Each module was tested using Jest and React Testing Library to validate individual components.
- Integration Testing: Ensured smooth interaction between frontend forms and backend APIs using Postman.
- Usability Testing: Conducted trials with real users (landlords and tenants) to analyze system effectiveness and improve user experience.

E. *Deployment*

- Deployed the system using Render/Vercel, ensuring accessibility across devices.
- Configured environment variables for security and scalability in deployment settings.
- Used GitHub for version control and collaborative development.



IV. OBJECTIVES

The project is guided by the following specific objectives:

1) Build a role-based user system (admin, tenant, landlord).
2) Provide a centralized dashboard for property management.
3) Enable digital lease documentation and automated payment tracking.
4) Ensure responsiveness and platform independence via modern CSS frameworks.
5) Develop secure authentication and authorization mechanisms.
6) Design the system for scalability and modular enhancement.

V. LITERATURE REVIEW

The evolution of digital rental platforms has largely focused on property listings, with industry leaders such as Zillow, MagicBricks, and 99acres providing extensive databases for landlords and tenants to connect. However, despite their widespread adoption, these platforms often overlook crucial post-rental processes, including lease agreement management, rent payment tracking, and tenant-landlord communication. This gap highlights the need for a more holistic approach to rental property management that extends beyond simple listings.

Previous research has explored property management systems using LAMP (Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP) stack-based architectures. While these systems offer a foundational backend structure, they tend to be monolithic, limiting flexibility in front-end design and overall user experience. Traditional LAMP-based applications often struggle with scalability, responsiveness, and seamless integration with emerging technologies. Given the increasing demand for interactive interfaces, real-time data handling, and modular design principles, modern systems require a more adaptable technological stack.

The MERN (MongoDB, Express.js, React.js, Node.js) stack is particularly well-suited for addressing these challenges. Unlike monolithic architectures, MERN enables component-based development, improving scalability and user experience. React.js facilitates dynamic UI rendering, while Node.js enhances asynchronous processing, ensuring efficient real-time data handling. Additionally, RESTful API integrations allow seamless communication between different services, fostering interoperability and extensibility. By leveraging the MERN stack, modern rental management systems can move beyond static listing services to offer a comprehensive solution encompassing digital lease agreements, secure payment processing, automated reminders, and enhanced user interaction. This paradigm shift in digital real estate solutions underscores the importance of adopting scalable, modular technologies that cater to evolving user expectations and industry demands.

VI. TECHNOLOGY STACK

The MERN stack was chosen for its modularity, developer support, and community backing. The system also integrates Tailwind CSS for UI design and GitHub for collaborative version control.

1) Frontend: React.js, Tailwind CSS, Bootstrap, JavaScript
2) Backend: Node.js with Express.js
3) Database: MongoDB (NoSQL, document-based)
4) Version Control: Git and GitHub
5) Testing: Jest, Postman (for API testing)

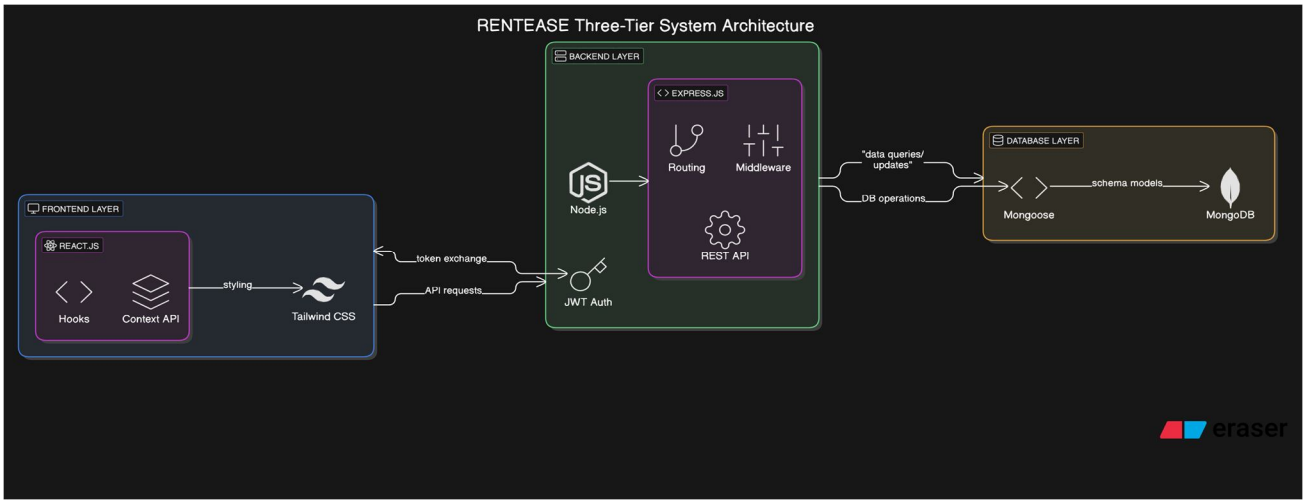
VII. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

RENTEASE follows a three-tier client-server architecture:

Frontend Layer
- Built with React.js, it uses a component-based structure allowing for reusability and state management through React Hooks and Context API.
- Tailwind CSS ensures a utility-first approach to styling, enabling rapid prototyping and responsive layouts.

Backend Layer
- Node.js provides asynchronous event-driven runtime, ensuring scalability.
- Express.js handles routing, middleware, and REST API endpoints.
- Authentication uses JWT (JSON Web Tokens) for secure session handling.

Database Layer
- MongoDB stores data as BSON documents, allowing flexibility for storing complex nested data structures such as property details, lease terms, and user profiles.
- Mongoose ODM is used to manage MongoDB operations through schema models.



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VIII. FEATURES

A. User Roles and Authentication
- Admin: Manages all users and properties.
- Landlord: Can create, edit, or delete property listings; approve lease agreements; track tenant payments.
- Tenant: Can browse properties, apply for rentals, view agreements, and log payments.

B. Authentication Features Include
- Password encryption using bcrypt.js
- Token-based login using JWT

C. Property Management
- CRUD functionality for property listings, including images, pricing, amenities, and availability.
- Search and filter capabilities using tags, location, budget range, and property type.

D. Lease Agreement Management
- Digital forms for lease terms, with landlord approval.
- Electronic signature support (simulated or integrated with third-party services in future versions).

E. Payment Tracking
- Manual entry for rental payments.
- Generates monthly or annual reports.
- Integration with payment gateways planned for future release.

IX. DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION

The platform was developed using Agile methodology, with two-week sprints, regular code reviews, and testing cycles. Initial stages included wireframing (using Figma), followed by modular development of frontend components and backend APIs.

A. Tools Used
- Visual Studio Code: Development environment
- Postman: API testing
- MongoDB Atlas: Cloud-hosted database (during deployment testing)
- Render/Vercel: Planned deployment platforms

X. TESTING AND EVALUATION

A. Unit Testing
- Each component tested individually using Jest and React Testing Library.

B. Integration Testing
- Validated data flow between frontend forms and backend endpoints.

C. Usability Testing
- Conducted with 10 participants including landlords and potential tenants.
- Achieved a System Usability Scale (SUS) score of 82, indicating high usability.

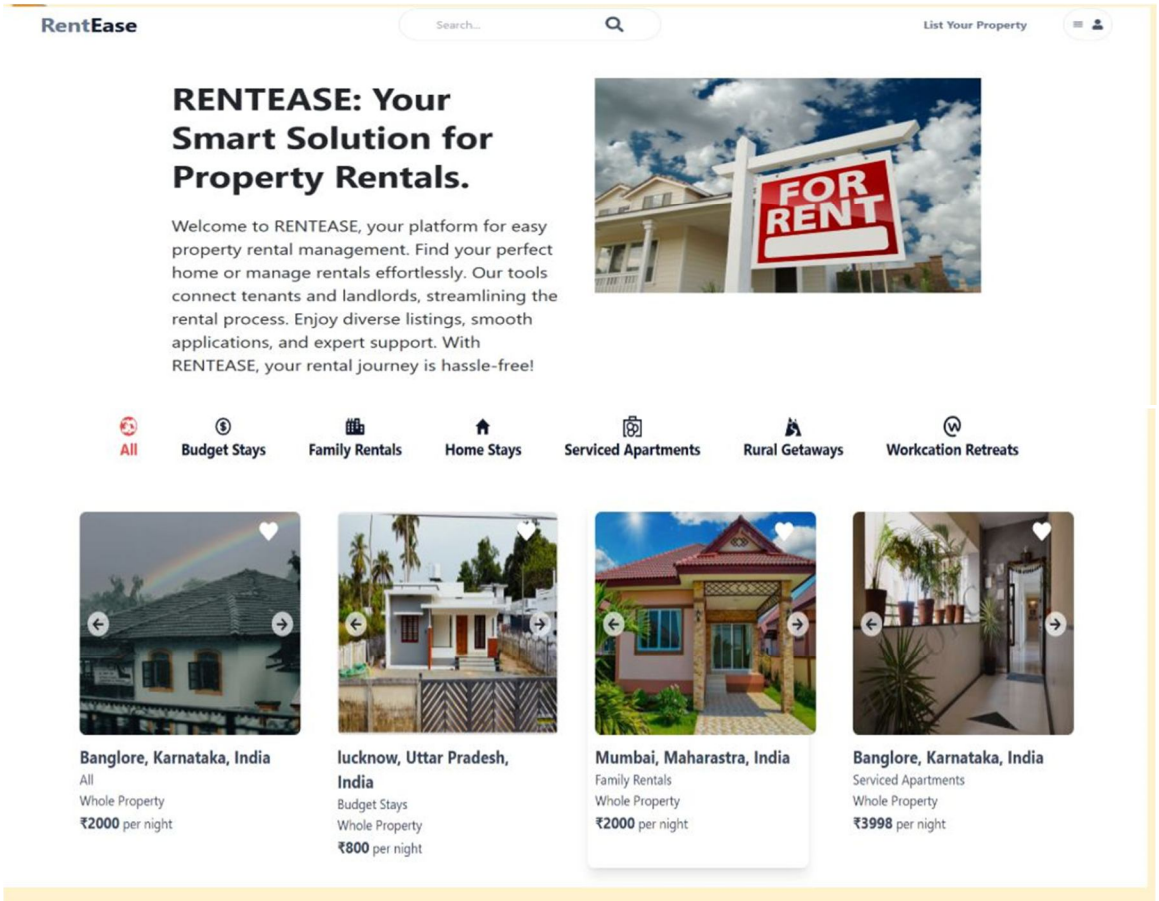
Certainly! Here's a **comparison** between RENTEASE and traditional rental management methods, along with existing digital rental platforms. This will highlight the advantages and potential improvements RENTEASE brings to the industry.

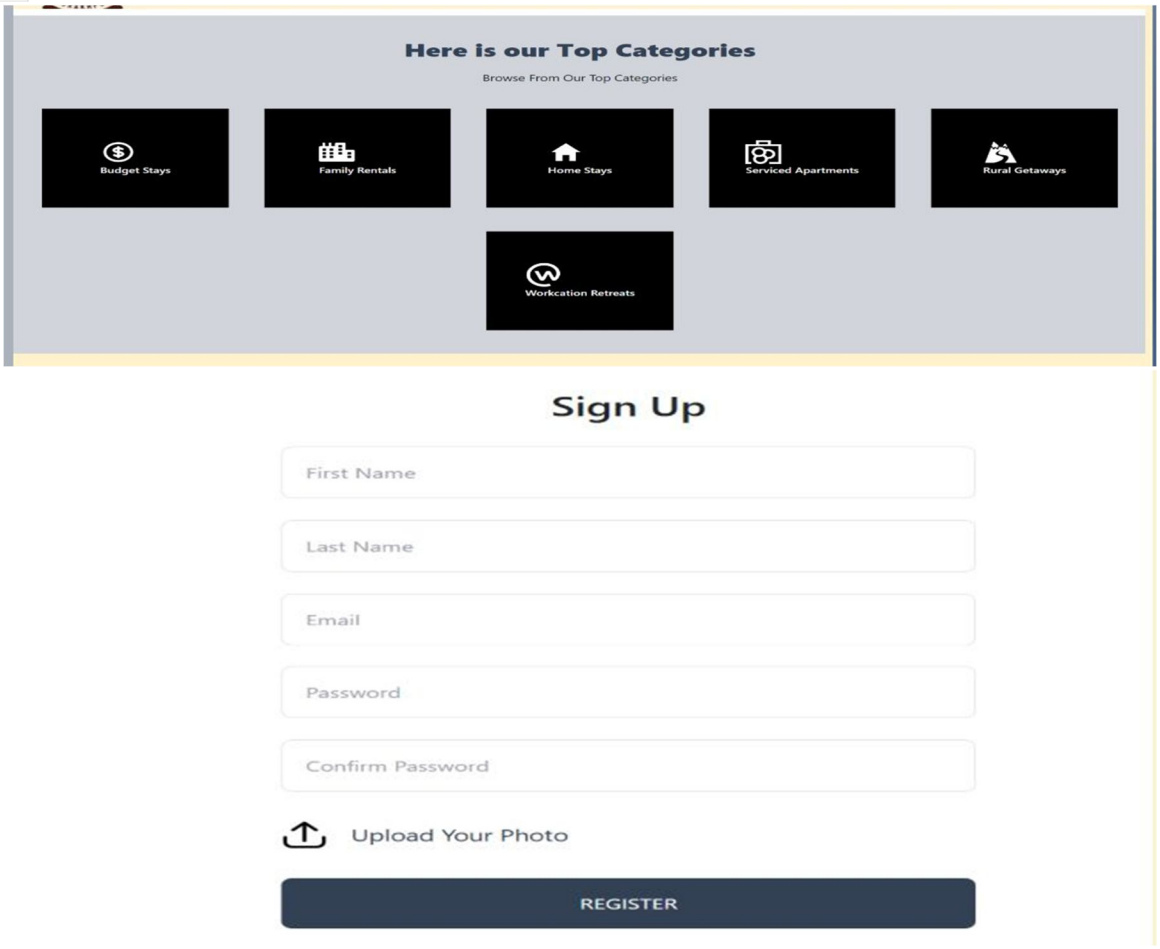
Comparison of RENTEASE with Traditional Rental Management & Existing Platforms

Criteria	Traditional Rental Management	Existing Rental Platforms (e.g., Zillow, MagicBricks)	RENTEASE
Property Listings	Manual advertisements, word-of-mouth	Online listing services, but limited post-rental management	Centralized digital listing with AI-driven tenant matching
Lease Agreement Handling	Paper-based contracts, manual signing	Some platforms allow digital agreements	Fully digital lease agreements with automated tracking
Rent Payment Management	Cash, checks, bank transfers (often manual tracking)	No direct integration for rent tracking	Automated rent tracking with secure payment logging
Communication Between Landlord & Tenant	Phone calls, in-person visits	Limited to messaging features on some platforms	Real-time notifications and integrated messaging system
Security & Data Protection	Prone to manipulation, paper-based records	Basic security layers, but user data may be at risk	Secure authentication using JWT and encrypted user data
Future Scalability & Tech Integration	Minimal, dependent on manual processes	Limited scope for blockchain or AI expansion	Designed for AI recommendations, blockchain lease agreements & IoT smart home integration

XI. OUTCOMES

The system successfully demonstrated the following:
- A full-stack, scalable rental platform with modern UI/UX.
- Streamlined interactions between landlords and tenants.
- A base architecture suitable for enterprise-level extension.
- Source code that adheres to clean code principles and is documented for team collaboration.





XII. FUTURE SCOPE

To transition from a prototype to a commercial-grade system, the following enhancements are proposed:

- Online Payment Integration: Using Stripe, Razorpay, or PayPal.
- AI-based Recommendation System: Suggest properties based on tenant behavior.
- Chatbot and Live Chat Module: For real-time communication.
- Mobile Application: Built using React Native or Flutter.
- Data Analytics Dashboard: For rent trends and property performance.
- Blockchain-based Agreement System: For tamper-proof lease management.

XIII. CONCLUSION

RENTEASE presents a transformative solution to the inefficiencies in traditional rental property management by embracing digital innovation and modern web development practices. Rental processes have long been hindered by fragmented communication, manual documentation, and a lack of streamlined digital solutions, making property management time-consuming and inefficient for landlords and tenants alike. By leveraging full-stack web development, RENTEASE bridges this digital gap, creating a unified platform that simplifies key rental operations such as property listing, tenant discovery, lease agreement management, and automated rent payment tracking. The platform's integration of cutting-edge technologies ensures usability, security, and scalability, making rental transactions more transparent and efficient.

One of the key strengths of RENTEASE is its modular architecture, which allows for flexibility and expansion. Unlike existing rental platforms that primarily focus on listings, RENTEASE takes a holistic approach, addressing post-rental processes to ensure a seamless experience for users. The application's design incorporates component-based architecture, RESTful API integrations, and real-time data handling to enhance accessibility and responsiveness. This not only improves the user experience but also ensures that the platform can adapt to future technological advancements.

Beyond its current functionality, RENTEASE holds immense potential for commercial expansion and integration with emerging technologies. Future developments may include blockchain-based smart contracts for secure lease agreements, AI-driven predictive analytics for optimizing rental pricing, and IoT integration for smart home automation to enhance tenant convenience. These innovations will further elevate the platform's role in modernizing rental management while setting new industry standards for efficiency and transparency. As rental markets continue to evolve with digital transformation, RENTEASE stands as a forward-thinking solution that streamlines operations, fosters trust between landlords and tenants, and sets the foundation for a more technologically advanced and accessible rental ecosystem.

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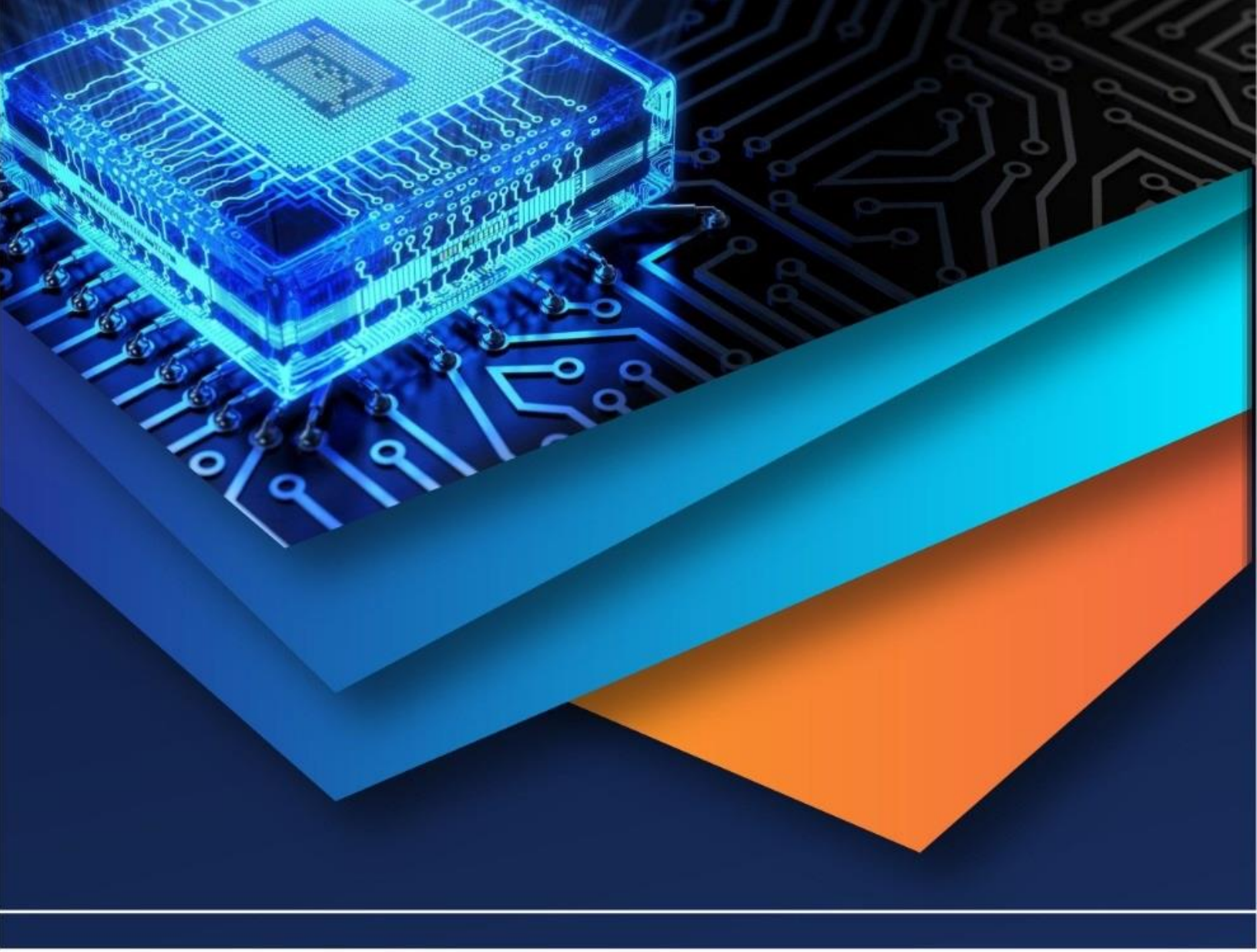
Paper Title and Author	Introduction	Methodology	Data Set and Algorithm	Conclusion	Future Scope
Rental House Management System (Rathore, K., *et al.* 2021) [3].	Their team built a web based application which will make the online renting system more efficient and convenient. They resolved the issue of difficulty in finding affordable rental property.	When the user opens the web application he must log-in and sign-up if he wants to talk to the owner and the same goes for the owner side if he wants to put his property on the web application.	MySQL Database on phpMyAdmin. Apache server on Xampp. ASP.NET using c#.	The outcome of the project was that they developed a web application that made the user lifestyle easier in finding rental houses and the owners can also find the tenants of their liking for the rental property.	In the current scenario there are a number of people who are living in rental houses and are finding rentals to live in so this web application will make their task of finding rental property easier and more convenient.
House Rental Management System (Misyam, M.R., *et al.* 2021) [5].	Their team built up a web based application which will help the customers to find the nearby rental properties and they also made sure that there is a proper gateway of conversation between the parties.	Their software works on a very simple method, the user has to login and have to find the proper rental house which meets their demands and can contact the owner of the property for further details.	The languages used to build their application were HTML,CSS,JS,PHP and the database used was MySQL database.	Their team concluded that they have finally built a software that meets all the requirements according to the demands and it will surely help in enhancing the lifestyle of the people.	Buying a house is not an easy task for an individual hence one has to first rent a house and then save up for buying a house. So, their web app will help such people who are in need of a convenient rental house. They will also add up new features for enhancing the user experience.
Rental Housing Management System (Kirmani, J.A., *et al.* 2017) [4].	This is a software based on ASP.NET. The base idea of this research is to provide "affordable" shelter to all the classes whether lower upper or middle class.	This software has user specified searching and direct contact between buyer and seller. Cart system is also provided. Easy addition, deletion and searching of houses with user -friendly interface.	ASP.NET using c#. Database used is SQP 2008. IIS and the .NET framework	This online software provides exact information and can be accessed easily from anywhere. cart system and mail based information increases its demand in the market.	This software uses 2010 .NET version which is now upgraded to .NET 2015 version. Dropdown searching and satellite/map based searching can also be added in this software.
Cloud Based Rental Housing Management System (Ikuomola,A.J., *et al.* 2020) [3].	This is a web based software which is used for making the renting easier for the user.	The team has used the cloud service with components such as app server, payment engine, wallet engine, chat server, message engine and authentication server.	Centralized databases using MYSQL and programming languages are angular J.s., PHP and Laravel.	A cloud based mobile application with user friendly interface and secure environment is established.	Integrated system can be used i.e. if the tenant does not have a device to contact the owner then he/she can use the smart door technique. House rent countdown system can also be added to remind the tenant of the rent.
Rental Housing Management System (Gommans,H.P., *et al.* 2014) [2].	Most of the work done by the housing managers is on paper and maintaining records is really difficult. So their webpage will basically help the user to maintain data in an organized way and will also prove a user friendly interface for both the owners and the tenants.	Firstly, you have to log in then you have to select an option that is visible on the website. It will show how the data is collected from the user through the system that has been kept in the system database.	Database system design, framework, server address, etc.	This software is used as an inventory to provide a framework that enables the managers to make only reasonable transactions made within a limited time of the framework.	This system software has to also give a pay slip and data that are directly connected to the Microsoft Access that automatically sends the slip of recorded payment to the tenants.
Online Rental Housing Management System (Afzal, S., *et al.* 2021) [1].	Their team make a website of Online Rental Housing Management System which is built on the basis of eliminate paper based word, save time and give an desirable result according to the user need	Firstly, they used web servers like SQL and PHP that enable the website to store or collect data in a database. And they used HTML, CSS, Bootstraps. That contains three parts: client, web server, database server that help to build an online website.	Structured Query Language (SQL), PHP, HTML CSS, Bootstraps.	This website is used for tenants, landlords, hostel, PG, etc. It is more flexible than the existing system. It has more accuracy and compatibility in terms of saving time and working output. It is an online website where a user has to firstly register and fill out the details then the recommendation of that similar output shows on the web page. It is very beneficial for students.	This is a modern Online Rental Housing Management System of Web application that is built by PHP and SQL. And it also has a client/server HTTPS protocol. For the future scope this system has a GPS server which helps to give the location of a house. It is a user-friendly system which makes it easy for a tenant to search a desired house and for landlords which just have to input the details of their properties.



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