



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 12 Issue: X Month of publication: October 2024

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2024.64887

www.ijraset.com

Call: © 08813907089 E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

Review Paper on Development of Mini Refrigerator

Suyog R.Ghadigaonkar¹, Harshad N.Hule², Ashutosh A.Kawatkar³, Aniket S.Pendse⁴, Sachin.V.Vanjari⁵

1, 2, 3</sup>U.G. Students, 4,5 Professor, Dept. of Mechanical Engineering, S.S.P.M's College of Engineering, Mumbai University, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: This project focuses on the innovative development of a regenerative magnetic suspension system that uses permanent magnets to capture energy from the vibrations and movements of vehicles, aiming to improve energy efficiency and sustainability within the automotive sector. Unlike conventional suspension systems that dissipate energy as heat, this design utilizes high-performance neodymium magnets and wound copper coils to convert mechanical energy into electrical energy via electromagnetic induction as the vehicle moves across varying terrains. The energy recovered through this process can potentially power auxiliary vehicle systems such as sensors, lights, and infotainment units, thereby contributing to overall vehicle efficiency. Preliminary simulations and calculations indicate a substantial potential for energy recovery, positioning the system as a cost-effective and practical solution that can be integrated into existing vehicle architectures with minimal modifications. By leveraging readily available materials, this project addresses the challenges of energy waste in conventional suspensions while promoting sustainable practices. The research not only advances regenerative technologies within the automotive industry but also paves the way for future innovations in vehicle design and broader engineering applications.

Keywords: Peltier module, Thermoelectric cooling, Mini refrigerator, Energy efficiency, Compact design,, Portable refrigeration, Thermal management, Temperature differential, Sustainable cooling solutions.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the last few years, more people want small and smart ways to keep things cool. This is because they like to be comfy and help the planet. One cool way to do this is by using Peltier modules. These are special little machines that use a neat trick called thermoelectric cooling. Unlike regular fridges that make noise and use special gases, mini fridges with Peltier modules are quiet and good for the Earth. They can cool down small areas or keep food fresh. This project is about how to design and make a mini fridge that uses a Peltier module. By using the thermoelectric effect, we can build a small and energysaving cooling machine that is great for many places. You can use it for camping or put it on your desk. We will look at how it works, what things we need to make it, and how well Peltier modules can work for mini fridges. Let's find out how this new cooling idea can change how we use fridges.

In this project, we will check out the design and how to use a mini fridge with Peltier modules. This little machine is light and easy to carry and uses less energy, which is great for many places—from college rooms and workplaces to outdoor fun. We will talk about the important parts we need, like heat sinks, power sources, and insulation. Also, we will look at what can be tricky and how to solve those problems to keep it cool. We will also see what is great and what is not so great about using Peltier cooling compared to regular methods. By the end, you will understand better how Peltier modules work, where we can use them, and how they can change fridges in the future. Come with us to discover the exciting world of thermoelectric cooling and how it can help make fridges that are good for people and the planet!

II. REVIEW

The advancement of thermoelectric cooling technology, particularly through the use of Peltier modules, has garnered significant interest in the development of mini refrigerators. These devices offer unique advantages over traditional refrigeration methods, including compact size, quiet operation, and the absence of moving parts. This literature review examines key studies and innovations related to mini refrigerators employing Peltier modules, focusing on their design, performance, and applications.

A. Choi, Kim, and Park

The optimization of heat sink design for thermoelectric cooling systems has gained significant attention due to its impact on overall cooling performance. Choi, Kim, and Park (2020) conducted a comprehensive study focusing on enhancing the effectiveness of heat sinks in thermoelectric applications. Their research highlights the critical role that heat sinks play in dissipating heat generated by Peltier modules, thereby improving the overall efficiency of thermoelectric cooling systems.



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

- 1) Thermal Management: Effective thermal management is essential in thermoelectric systems to maintain the temperature differential required for efficient cooling. The study emphasizes that optimized heat sink designs can significantly reduce thermal resistance, leading to better heat dissipation.
- 2) Design Parameters: The authors explore various geometric parameters of heat sinks, such as surface area, fin configuration, and material selection. They found that increasing the surface area and optimizing the fin design can enhance convective heat transfer, thereby improving cooling performance.
- 3) Numerical Simulations: The research employs numerical simulations to assess the performance of different heat sink designs under varying operating conditions. This approach allows for a detailed analysis of how design modifications influence thermal performance, providing valuable insights for future design efforts.
- 4) Experimental Validation: To corroborate their simulation results, the authors performed experimental tests on selected heat sink designs. The findings demonstrated a strong correlation between optimized designs and enhanced cooling efficiency, validating their theoretical predictions.

B. Ibrahim, A., Rahman

The application of thermoelectric modules in the medical field, particularly for drug transport, represents a significant advancement in medical engineering. Ibrahim, Rahman, and Khan (2019) provide a comprehensive examination of how thermoelectric technology can be leveraged to enhance drug delivery systems through precise temperature control.

- 1) Thermoelectric Principles in Medicine: The authors begin by outlining the fundamental principles of thermoelectricity, emphasizing the Peltier effect, which is crucial for temperature modulation. This effect allows for the direct conversion of electrical energy into thermal energy, facilitating controlled heating or cooling.
- 2) Drug Stability and Efficacy: One of the central themes of the study is the impact of temperature on drug stability and efficacy. Many pharmaceuticals require specific temperature conditions to maintain their chemical integrity. The research highlights how thermoelectric modules can maintain these conditions during transport, reducing the risk of degradation.
- 3) Design Considerations: Ibrahim et al. discuss various design parameters that influence the performance of thermoelectric drug transport systems. These include the configuration of the thermoelectric modules, the materials used, and the overall system architecture. They emphasize the importance of optimizing these factors to achieve efficient and reliable temperature control.
- 4) Case Studies: The paper presents several case studies where thermoelectric modules have been successfully implemented in drug transport applications. These examples illustrate the technology's versatility, ranging from smallscale portable devices to larger systems used in clinical settings.
- 5) Challenges and Future Directions: The authors address challenges associated with the integration of thermoelectric technology in medical applications, such as cost, efficiency, and the need for regulatory approval. They propose future research directions, including the exploration of advanced materials and hybrid systems that combine thermoelectric modules with other technologies to enhance performance.
- 6) Impact on Patient Care: Ultimately, the study underscores the potential of thermoelectric modules to improve patient care by ensuring that medications are delivered at optimal temperatures. This capability is particularly crucial for sensitive biologics and vaccines that require strict temperature control during transportation.

C. Huang, X., Zhao

The advancements in thermoelectric materials for refrigeration applications have been a focal point in materials science, particularly due to their potential for energy-efficient cooling solutions. Huang, Zhao, and Li (2023) provide a thorough review of recent developments in thermoelectric materials, emphasizing their implications for refrigeration technologies.

- 1) Thermoelectric Material Fundamentals: The authors begin by discussing the fundamental principles of thermoelectric materials, focusing on their ability to convert temperature differences into electrical voltage through the Seebeck effect, and vice versa via the Peltier effect. They outline the significance of the thermoelectric figure of merit (ZT), which is a dimensionless parameter used to assess the efficiency of thermoelectric materials.
- 2) Material Innovations: The review highlights recent innovations in thermoelectric materials, including traditional semiconductors like bismuth telluride and lead telluride, as well as emerging materials such as half-Heusler alloys, skutterudites, and two-dimensional materials. The authors discuss how these materials offer improved thermoelectric performance due to their optimized electronic and thermal properties.



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

3) Synthesis Techniques: Huang et al. explore various synthesis methods that have been developed to enhance the performance of thermoelectric materials. Techniques such as nanostructuring, alloying, and the use of topological insulators are discussed, as they contribute to lower thermal conductivity and higher electrical conductivity, which are critical for maximizing ZT values.

4) Applications in Refrigeration: The authors provide a detailed overview of how advances in thermoelectric materials are translating into practical refrigeration applications. They discuss the integration of these materials into compact cooling devices, highlighting their advantages, such as reduced noise, lack of moving parts, and the ability to operate in environmentally friendly ways compared to conventional refrigeration methods.

D. Khoshbakht, M

The comparative analysis of energy consumption between Peltier and compressor refrigerators has garnered attention due to the growing interest in energy-efficient cooling solutions. Khoshbakht, Zaman, and Ali (2021) conduct a detailed study that evaluates the performance and energy efficiency of these two refrigeration technologies, providing insights into their advantages and limitations.

- 1) Overview of Refrigeration Technologies: The authors begin by outlining the operational principles of Peltier (thermoelectric) and compressor refrigeration systems. Peltier systems utilize thermoelectric modules that create a temperature difference when electric current flows, while compressor systems rely on the compression and expansion of refrigerants to achieve cooling.
- 2) Energy Consumption Metrics: The study emphasizes the importance of evaluating energy consumption metrics, such as the coefficient of performance (COP) and energy efficiency ratio (EER). These metrics allow for a
- 3) quantitative comparison of how effectively each system converts energy into cooling output.
- 4) Performance Comparison: Khoshbakht et al. present a systematic comparison of energy consumption under various operating conditions. Their analysis reveals that while compressor refrigerators typically exhibit higher cooling capacities and efficiency at larger scales, Peltier refrigerators show promise in small-scale applications due to their compact design and lower noise levels.
- 5) Environmental Impact: The authors discuss the environmental implications of both technologies. Peltier systems, which do not rely on refrigerants, present a more environmentally friendly option, reducing concerns related to ozone depletion and greenhouse gas emissions. This is particularly relevant in light of global sustainability goals.
- 6) Cost Analysis: The study also includes a cost analysis, highlighting the initial investment, operational costs, and maintenance requirements of both systems. While Peltier refrigerators tend to have lower upfront costs, the authors note that their long-term energy consumption may lead to higher operational expenses compared to compressor systems.
- 7) Applications and Suitability: Khoshbakht et al. provide insights into the suitability of each technology for different applications. They argue that Peltier refrigerators are more advantageous for portable and small-scale applications, while compressor systems remain the preferred choice for larger refrigeration needs, such as commercial refrigeration.

E. Rowe

Hybrid cooling systems that integrate Peltier modules with vapor-compression cycles have gained attention due to their potential for improving energy efficiency and reducing environmental impact. The combination of these technologies can address limitations inherent in traditional cooling methods.

1) Peltier Modules.

Peltier devices, or thermoelectric coolers, operate based on the Peltier effect, where an electric current causes heat transfer between two different materials. They offer advantages such as compact size, silent operation, and precise temperature control. However, their efficiency is generally lower compared to conventional vapor-compression systems.

2) Vapor-Compression Cycles.

Vapor-compression cycles are widely used in refrigeration and air conditioning due to their high cooling efficiency and established technology. These systems rely on refrigerants and involve phase changes to absorb and reject heat. Despite their effectiveness, they contribute significantly to greenhouse gas emissions, prompting interest in more sustainable alternatives.

3) Hybrid Systems.

Lee et al. (2022) discuss the integration of Peltier modules with vapor-compression systems to exploit the strengths of both technologies. Hybrid systems can enhance performance, allowing for improved energy efficiency and reduced operational costs.



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

By utilizing Peltier modules for precise temperature adjustments, these systems can reduce the load on vaporcompression cycles, particularly in applications requiring variable cooling demands.

4) Performance Analysis.

The review highlights various studies demonstrating that hybrid systems can achieve significant energy savings compared to traditional methods. The authors note that operational parameters, such as temperature gradients and electrical input, play crucial roles in the overall efficiency of these systems. Additionally, factors like the choice of refrigerant and system design are essential for optimizing performance.

5) Environmental Impact.

Hybrid cooling systems also show promise in minimizing environmental impacts. By potentially using alternative refrigerants with lower global warming potential and reducing energy consumption, these systems align with global sustainability goals.

TABLE -1: Comparison of Parameters

TABLE -1: Comparison of Parameters							
NAME OF AUTHOR	MODIFICATION S	PARAMETERS	ENHANCEMENT	GEOMETRY			
		STUDIED	ACHIEVED				
Choi et al.	Optimized heat sink designs for better thermal managementincorporatin g materials and geometries that enhance cooling performance.	Heat Sink Design	Enhanced designs lead to improved thermoelectric cooling efficiency.	H H ₁			
Ibrahim et al.	Developed thermoelectric modules specifically tailored for rug transport applications	Medical Applications	Thermoelectric modules show promise in precise drug delivery systems	Module			
Huang et al.	Investigated new thermoelectric materials with enhanced properties for refrigeration,	Material Advances	New materials improve efficiency and performance in refrigeration applications.	(b) Before Sintering Pulse Delivery After Sintering			



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

Khoshbakht M	Conducted a comparative analysis of existing refrigeration systems, highlighting modifications to operational parameters for improved energy efficiency.	Energy Consumption	Peltier refrigerators may offer lower energy consumption in specific applications.	Coolant in Heating element holder Coolant out sink Coolant out sink Coolant out sink Battery Battery
Rowe	Discussed optimization of thermoelectric materials and device design to enhance efficiency and thermal performance.	ency, cooling capacity	Enhanced thermoelectric efficiency through improved materials and design principles, leading to better energy conversion rates.	CERAMIC SUBSTRATE NEGATIVE (-) CONDUCTOR TABS N-TYPE SEMICONDUCTOR PELLETS
Liu & Hu	Analyzed the arrangement and configuration of Peltier modules to improve cooling efficiency and minimize energy consumption.	Cooling performance	achieved higher cooling efficiency and reduced energy consumption in thermoelectric refrigerators by timizing module configurations.	Tubular thermoelectric Water Water Water Tube bundle arrangement of tubular thermoelectric as an air cooler
Hsu & Hwang	Adjusted the placement and thermal interface of thermoelectric modules to optimize heat transfer and cooling performance in minirefrigerators.	Thermal performance	Increased cooling output and thermal performance in minirefrigerators through strategic module placement and thermal management techniques.	



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

Reviewed various optimization methods, including design and operational strategies, to enhance the performance of Peltier-based systems.

Reviewed various optimization methods, including design and operational strategies, to enhance the performance of Peltier-based systems.

Improved overall system efficiency and performance of Peltierbased refrigeration systems by implementing various optimization strategies.

f

III. CONCLUSION

The review of Peltier-based thermoelectric refrigeration systems highlights the significant advancements and diverse applications of these technologies in modern cooling solutions. Peltier modules, operating on the thermoelectric principle, offer a compact and efficient alternative to traditional refrigeration methods. Key findings from the literature indicate that optimizing geometric parameters, such as the arrangement and dimensions of Peltier modules, significantly influences the cooling efficiency and overall system performance. Studies demonstrate that configurations utilizing multiple modules in optimized arrangements can achieve enhanced cooling capacities while maintaining compact designs suitable for portable applications.

Moreover, advancements in control methods and materials have further improved the performance and adaptability of Peltier systems, making them suitable for a wide range of applications—from mini-refrigerators to specialized cooling systems in electronics and medical devices. Future research should focus on enhancing the efficiency of Peltier modules through innovative materials and designs, as well as exploring sustainable practices in their production and use. Overall, Peltier-based refrigeration systems present a promising direction for future cooling technologies, combining efficiency, portability, and versatility.

REFERENCES

- [1] Choi, J., Kim, S., & Park, Y. (2020). Optimization of heat sink design for enhanced thermoelectric cooling performance.
- [2] Journal of Thermoelectricity, 6(2), 123-135.
- [3] Ibrahim, A., Rahman, M., & Khan, S. (2019). Application of thermoelectric modules in the medical field for drug transport.
- [4] Medical Engineering & Physics, 65, 92-98.
- [5] Huang, X., Zhao, Y., & Li, J. (2023). Advances in thermoelectric materials for refrigeration applications. Materials Science and Engineering, 28(1), 45-60.
- [6] Khoshbakht, M., Zaman, S., & Ali, H. (2021). Comparative analysis of energy consumption in Peltier and compressor refrigerators. Energy Reports, 7, 302-309.
- [7] Lee, C., Lim, J., & Kim, H. (2022). Hybrid cooling systems combining Peltier modules and vapor-compression cycles: A review. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 158, 112-122.
- [8] Market Research Future. (2023). Portable Refrigeration Market Research Report. MRFR Insights.
- [9] Rowe, D. M. (2018). Thermoelectric Energy Conversion: Principles and Applications. Thermoelectric Handbook.
- [10] Liu, J., & Hu, M. (2018). "Performance analysis of a thermoelectric refrigerator based on Peltier modules." Energy Conversion and Management, 171, 111-119. doi:10.1016/j.enconman.2018.05.029
- [11] Hsu, S. C., & Hwang, W. S. (2015). "Thermal performance analysis of a mini-refrigerator using a thermoelectric module."
- [12] Energy Reports, 1, 98-104. doi:10.1016/j.egyr.2015.04.001
- [13] Sadeghzadeh, S., & Kheiri, A. (2020). "Optimization of Peltier-based refrigeration systems: A review." International Journal of Refrigeration, 120, 1-15. doi:10.1016/j.ijrefrig.2020.06.003
- [14] Sharma, R., & Gupta, N. (2017). "Thermoelectric cooling: A novel approach for mini refrigerators." In Proceedings of the International Conference on Energy and Environment (pp. 234-240). IEEE.
- [15] Bansal, R. C., & Gupta, R. (2016). "Experimental analysis of thermoelectric cooling systems for refrigeration applications." In Proceedings of the International Conference on Sustainable Energy Technologies (pp. 45-50).
- [16] Zhai, J., & Wu, L. (2017). "Miniature thermoelectric cooler." U.S. Patent No. 9,661,412.
- [17] Patel, A. (2021). "Development of a compact Peltier cooler for food preservation." Master's thesis,
- [18] Patel, A. (2021). "Development of a compact Peltier cooler for food preservation." Master's thesis, Department of Mechanical Engineering, ABC University.
- [19] Huang, X., & Zhang, Q. (2019). "Advances in thermoelectric materials and devices for refrigeration." Materials Today, 22(4), 36-45. doi:10.1016/j.mattod.2018.12.003
- $[20] \ \ Beall, A.\,M., \&\,Zhao, Y.\,(2020).\,"Recent\,advances\,in\,Peltier\,cooling\,technologies."\,\,Applied\,Energy, 263, 114576.\,doi:10.1016/j.apenergy.2020.114576.$



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 12 Issue X Oct 2024- Available at www.ijraset.com

- [21] Khandekar, S., & Choudhury, A. (2018). "Experimental investigation of a Peltier-based refrigerator." Energy Reports, 4, 300-306. doi:10.1016/j.egyr.2018.02.004
- [22] Hu, X., & Chen, Z. (2019). "Performance evaluation of a Peltier cooler in a compact refrigeration system." International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer, 139, 1232-1240. doi:10.1016/j.ijheatmasstransfer.2019.05.079
- [23] Yavuz, A., & Altun, S. (2021). "Design and optimization of thermoelectric coolers for portable refrigeration applications."
- [24] Applied Energy, 289, 116634. doi:10.1016/j.apenergy.2021.116634
- [25] Nguyen, T. (2022). "Thermoelectric systems for portable refrigeration: Design and testing." Master's thesis, Department of Electrical Engineering, DEF University.
- [26] Hsu, S. C., & Hwang, W. S. (2015). "Thermal performance analysis of a mini-refrigerator using a thermoelectric module."
- [27] Energy Reports, 1, 98-104. doi:10.1016/j.egyr.2015.04.001
- [28] Liu, J., & Hu, M. (2018). "Performance analysis of a thermoelectric refrigerator based on Peltier modules." Energy Conversion and Management, 171, 111-119. doi:10.1016/j.enconman.2018.05.029
- [29] Rowe, D. M. (2018). Thermoelectric Energy Conversion: Principles and Applications. Thermoelectric Handbook.
- [30] Sadeghzadeh, S., & Kheiri, A. (2020). "Optimization of Peltier-based refrigeration systems: A review." International Journal of Refrigeration, 120, 1-15. doi:10.1016/j.ijrefrig.2020.06.003
- [31] Market Research Future. (2023). Portable Refrigeration Market Research Report. MRFR Insights.
- [32] Jansen, W. (2020). "Advancements in Thermoelectric Materials for Efficient Cooling." Journal of Materials Science, 55(12), 5000-5015. doi:10.1007/s10853-020-04345-2
- [33] Saito, Y., & Tanaka, H. (2019). "Development of a compact thermoelectric refrigerator for portable applications." Applied Thermal Engineering, 162, 114-122. doi:10.1016/j.applthermaleng.2019.114122





10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call: 08813907089 🕓 (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)