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IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

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# RFID based Advanced Shopping Trolley for Super Market

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*Abstract: Despite the presence of E-trade humans have a tendency to shop for many merchandise handiest in supermarkets and department stores for the sake in their personal satisfaction. Among the problems confronted through the clients one trouble is to observe queue thru the billing manner. Though their cause is simply to shop for one or merchandise, ready to invoice merchandise consumes time and additionally inconvenient in recent times as humans stay in a hectic environment. As in line with our survey cash and common time spent on every patron is excessive mainly in over-crowded supermarkets. The shopkeepers are geared up to welcome any clever machines that automate the billing manner to lessen manpower and time fed on for that manner. The most important goal is to fulfill the patron and additionally lessen the time spent at the billing manner that is to finish the billing manner with inside the trolley in place of ready in a queue even for one or merchandise. The clients need to upload the goods after a brief test in trolley and whilst finished the finalized quantity can be displayed with inside the trolley. Customer ought to both pay their invoice through their ATM playing cards or thru pre-recharged patron card furnished through the shop.*

*We have ensured protection for stopping robbery and additionally facilitated for customers who unknowingly drop their tasks into trolley through cautioning them. Our remaining motto is to mitigate the time intake in buy through casting off queue making sure patron`s consolation and shrinking the tediousness of barcode scanning and putting off waging of billers.*

*Keywords: Shopping trolley, Super market, RFID, ATMEGA32.*

## I. INTRODUCTION

We see nowadays RFID`s are sizeable and taking function in lots of superior tasks because of its speedy and powerful response. RFID are normally tags which can be used for specific identity of merchandise through the use of radio waves. These RFID`s provide extra benefits over traditional Barcodes as they've a prime downside that's Line of sight era and additionally those barcode tags have constraints in its sturdiness while the RFID`s tags are extra long lasting and capable of read/write facts that may also be encrypted. These tags should keep masses of facts like merchandise name, price, size, weight and different records the use of their identity number. By imposing this RFID era for specific illustration of every product in a marketplace buying is accomplished extra without problems. This can be accomplished through having Shopping trolley established with an RFID reader to experiment every product and cargo it that's managed through a micro controller. Every new purchaser may be supplied with a completely unique RFID primarily based totally purchaser card so that you can keep all vital records approximately the purchaser and additionally quantity he recharged before. As a further characteristic IR sensors are protected to warn the consumer in the event that they by chance drop merchandise into cart with out scanning. As a situation to security, the cart is supplied with Sliding door that's run through a DC motor and it opens for each experiment to permit merchandise in. When the purchaser is accomplished buying he should pay his very last invoice through deducting cash from the purchaser card or maybe thru ATM cards. Our idea satiates the expectancy of clients whose simple call for is to ease the manner of buy. By regulating the RFID primarily based totally buying cart, one should without problems invoice the goods themselves with out bothering the presence of employees in store as info of product are simply to be had and displayed withinside the cart. This final results of the venture will now no longer most effective facilitate the clients however additionally the store proprietors through getting rid of the cashiers and cash spent on them. Literature Survey: As in line with our know-how most effective few papers had been located withinside the literature for the automatic buying trolley for tremendous marketplace the use of RFID. The automatic buying trolley for grocery store billing machine applied through Sainath (2014), exploited barcode for billing of merchandise, wherein purchaser scans the product the use of barcode era. The invoice may be forwarded to the primary billing machine wherein purchaser can pay them through displaying specific identityentification.

The issue of barcode scanning calls for line of sight for scanning and it ought to be constant inside its boundary. Cash sign in traces optimization machine the use of RFID era through Budic (2014), advanced a machine for buying the use of RFID. The RFID is hired for scanning merchandise and the records is saved withinside the database which can be paid on line or in a primary invoice. It additionally makes use of internet software to preserve whole buying info. It calls for upkeep of internet software server. No vital steps were taken for the goods which can be by chance dropped into the trolley through the purchaser. IOT primarily based totally smart trolley for shopping center through Dhavale Shraddha (2016), carried out RFID era for billing throughout buy in buying department stores and IOT is used for invoice control with the aid of ESP module. The price info may be despatched to the server through which primary billing unit will address purchaser`s price. The ESP module may be operating as a quick distance Wi-Fi chip for wi-fi communication. But there may be a downside which consists of constraints consisting of distance and interference. Server may be busy if clients are excessive and net connectivity ought to be strong for completing the system. Smart buying trolley the use of RFID through Komal Ambekar (2015), applied clever manner of buying trolley with RFID and ZigBee through which invoice is generated through experiment of merchandise withinside the reader and invoice transmitted to primary billing branch through which invoice may be paid on the counter that's a prime trouble for the purchaser. Smart buying cart with purchaser orientated carrier through Hsin-Han Chiang (2016), completed a idea of automatic buying trolley with automatic billing wherein they used face popularity for purchaser authentication. It isn't a easy system as face popularity of clients throughout buying hours will now no longer be clean and correct as department stores may be crowded. Many mistakes are viable even as the use of popularity for authentication. Smart RFID primarily based totally Interactive Kiosk Cart the use of wi-fi sensor node through Narayana Swamy (2016), carried out RFID for automatic buying. They used committed internet site for billing upkeep and for consumer interaction. Every consumer with the specific identityentification get right of entry to the webserver for the invoice price and bill records. Internet carrier is obligatory on this form of carrier. So the system might also additionally fail because of net instability and server mistakess issues may additionally arise because of excessive load. Shopping and automated billing the use of RFID era through Vinutha (2014), has an automated billing with server quit. This scans merchandise through radio frequency identity after which the invoice is generated on the server quit that's then communicated to the purchaser. This calls for server upkeep and net connectivity each for the purchaser and shopkeeper. Smart buying cart with computerized billing and Bluetooth proposed through Prateek Aryan (2014), is a system wherein billing is accomplished in a trolley and transferred to the android cellular of the consumer through Bluetooth. Every purchaser can`t be predicted to have a clever telecellsmartphone and Bluetooth could have connectivity troubles and variety is less. Automated clever trolley with clever billing the use of Arduino through Suganya (2016), advanced a version of computerized buying with Arduino and an android software which once more calls for community to be related always. Android operated mobiles might also additionally or might not be gift with each purchaser.

RFID enabled clever billing device via way of means of Vanitha Sheeba and Brindha Rajkumari (2015), did a idea version includes RFID and ZigBee which transmits generated invoice to the server after which the invoice is accrued via way of means of the employee withinside the invoice counter via way of means of figuring out customers. But this once more will cause queue for billing considering most effective invoice technology is on my own automatic via way of means of scanning the usage of RFID. Our concept has a solid and easy billing manner of creating fee withinside the trolley itself. Since it avoids the requirement of Wi-Fi, ZigBee, ESP module and others that's used above. It may be paid the usage of consumer card or the ATM card. Above ideas doesn`t make sure protection and robbery of merchandise both deliberately or accidentally. We used door via way of means of which merchandise can not be dropped with out scanning via way of means of the consumer. We additionally have used separate IR sensor to keep away from the unintended losing of merchandise. To make it greater powerful we used code good judgment which correlates the IR remember and RF remember withinside the microcontroller. For protection we established password authentication characteristic via way of means of which every consumer possesses particular card with particular password. Barcode era is changed via way of means of RFID in our device which offers rapid and correct scanning.

## II.    PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

According to patron`s factor of view our task has redefined the manner of purchasing. Evidently RFID has outsmarted barcodes via way of means of its accuracy, rapid reaction and durability. Our idea has erased the way of life of patron counting on the shopkeeper for obtaining statistics approximately products. Billing is absolutely prevented which in flip saves time for the patron and makes system smooth for shopkeeper. It avoids queue for patron in view that billing is finished withinside the trolley. It reduces one 1/3 of the general funding of the shopkeeper for billing department. Thus the version permits higher purchasing revel in the usage of progressed generation which may be treated via way of means of any not unusualplace guy who simply is aware of to study and write things.

Future development is to apply more advantageous RFID readers that function in excessive frequency that may study more than one tags simultaneously. Mobile utility may be advanced to keep away from clever card and GSM. Inventory control may be integrated the usage of IOT which in flip enables in automation of inventory control.
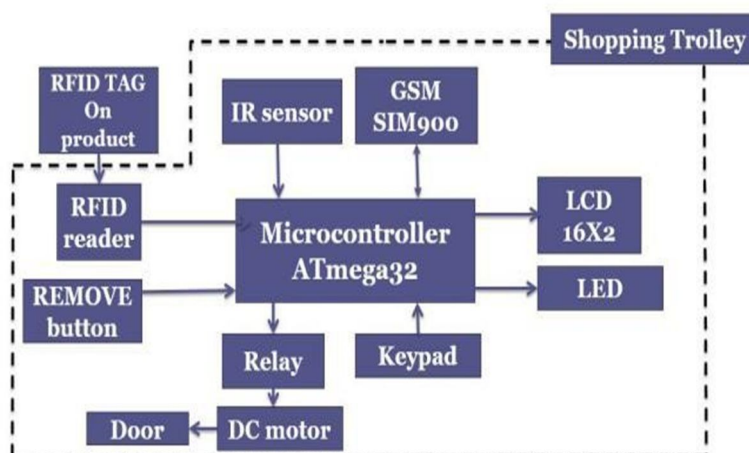


Fig.1. Block Diagram of the proposed model

1) *Micro-controller:* ATMEGA32 is used where it is an eight bit AVR based RISC machine. It operates at 4.5 to 5.5volts DC. It is a forty pin PDIP with thirty-two programmable i/o lines. It consists of non-volatile 32kB of in-system self-programmable flash, 1024B of EEPROM and 2kB internal SRAM. It has features such as timers, A/D converters, PWM and serial interface. Processing speed ranges 0 to 16MHz. So it stores the instructions and process accordingly. Purpose of microcontroller is to control the whole process through the instructions stored.

2) *RFID Tags:* These tags comprise of a microchip for storage of its unique number and a coil which acts as an antenna for radiating its stored data. It may or may not have a battery depending upon its type either active or passive respectively. Passive tags are used which doesn't have a battery. As soon as the tag comes in the RFID reader coverage range the Reader emits RF signals which gives power to passive tags and it re-emits the signal with data to the reader. Purpose of RFID tags is to uniquely identify products.

3) *RFID Reader:* EM-18 is used which operates at 5volts DC and less than 50mA. The frequency at which it works in 125kHz. It can cover a distance of 10cm. It continuously emits RF signals throughout its range and whenever an RFID tag is inside its distance coverage it retrieves the information stored in the tag. Purpose of RFID reader is to retrieve the product information from their RFID tags.

4) *Infra-Red Sensor:* It is an object detection sensor. It operates in frequency range of 300GHz to 400THz and wavelength range of 700nm to 1400nm. It has a photodiode and an LED. LED as usual emits light in IR range to a certain distance depending upon the manufacturing parameters and whenever there is a reflection of emitted light due to an obstacle, it gets sensed by the photodiode. Purpose of IR sensor is to count the objects entering the trolley for preventing misplacement or theft.

5) *CLCD:* It is a Character Liquid Crystal Display. It consists of two rows and sixteen columns. Each element in a row or a column can display a character which in turn has eight rows and five columns known as pixel. It has sixteen pins where data is fed through eight pins. The supply voltage should be 5volts. It has registers to ensure proper functioning namely data and command. Data register takes ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) values for characters to be displayed. Command register takes values for making functional adjustments such as backlight contrast, cursor position etc. Purpose of CLCD is for displaying information to the customer such as welcome note, product catalogue, product details, invoice etc.

6) *DC Motor:* A DC geared motor is used which has an operating voltage of 12volts and 0.5A. The frequency of rotation will be around 150 to 200rpm (revolutions per minute). Geared motor indicates the extra ring with teeth like projections attached to the shaft of the motor to ensure uniform speed throughout the rotation of the rotor. Purpose of DC geared motor is for proper opening and closing of the trolley door.

7) *Motor Driver:* Motor driver is a setup which has two input supply and a ground. One supply for circuit and other to pass to the motor. We used driver circuit which is capable of controlling motor rated up to 12volts. Purpose of motor driver circuit is to control the motor.

8) *Keypad:* Numeric keypad is used considered as a matrix which has four rows and 3 columns with numbers '0' to '9' and symbols asterisk '*' and hash '#'. Each row and column is connected with a wire whereas it consists of totally seven wires. The columns are always kept high and rows are kept low. So whenever a key is pressed row and column at that position gets in contact which in turn makes the row high so the corresponding element is detected depending on the row and column index. Purpose of numeric keypad is for user inputs such as password entry, selecting options such as viewing product catalogue, finish shopping and generate invoice.

9) *GSM Module:* GSM – Global System for Mobile communication. GSM sim900A type module is used which has a supply voltage in the range of 3.4 to 4.4volts. It can operate in four bands of frequency (850/900/1800/1900 MHz). GSM mostly utilizes 850 and 900 MHz frequency. It has the ability to transmit information in the form of voice (call), text (Short Message Service) and data (GPRS – General Packet Radio Service). Purpose of GSM is for sending alert for unauthorized usage and invoice in the form of text as an SMS to corresponding user.

10) *Push Button:* A push button generally resembles a switch which will produce high output when pressed and low when it is released. Purpose of push button is to enable remove operation from the trolley.

11) *LED:* A Light Emitting Diode emits light on supply voltage of around 5volts. It is a type of p-n junction diode where it emits light due to recombination of holes and electrons when biased. Purpose of a LED is to caution when product count between RF and IR varies.

12) *Power Adapter:* The power adaptor is used for dc supply to the setup. It acts a rectifier where it takes input of about 240volts AC and 30 amps and gives output of 12volts DC and 1 amp which will be suitable to our setup. Purpose of power adapter is to provide a steady DC supply from an AC power source.

The system is a mixture of modules while patron authentication is the only with which it receives started. So first patron could be supplied with a clever card that's RFID enabled. To begin purchasing patron need to take trolley and assign it to him by means of scanning his clever card throughout the RFID reader gift withinside the trolley. After a right test he could be requested to go into his password for authentication withinside the CLCD.

Thereby if he enters a accurate password the usage of keypad then he can begin purchasing otherwise if he fails to go into a accurate password for 3 tries then the cardboard receives locked and an OTP (One Time Password) is despatched to clients registered cell range the usage of GSM module.

This allows in stopping fraudulent utilization of clever cards. After a success authentication patron information are displayed in conjunction with their general stability to be had of their card after which he/she is permitted to begin purchasing. There is an choice for product catalogue by means of which patron can press the asterisk `*` withinside the keypad which in flip presentations the to be had merchandise and their corresponding cabinets in CLCD. Customer begins offevolved purchasing and he scans merchandise with RFID tag withinside the RFID reader which initiates motor by relay for commencing the door of the trolley and the scanned product is dropped into the trolley.

In the meantime, CLCD presentations the information of the goods and general price amassed withinside the purchase. During this system IR sensor works backend in parallel mode which identifies the be counted number of merchandise which can be being dropped.

This allows withinside the pass verification of range of merchandise scanned and range of merchandise dropped withinside the trolley. If the be counted number of scanned merchandise and be counted number of dropped merchandise mismatch thereby arousing a warning by a mild emitting diode. This allows to keep away from losing merchandise by chance which aren't scanned and in stopping the theft.

Thus the system repeats till patron finishes purchasing. When a patron desires to get rid of a product, push button need to be pressed which initiates get rid of operation such that door opens and product is eliminated by means of rescanning pleasing the circumstance that the scanned product identityentification need to be already gift withinside the bought list.

During this get rid of system the price of product eliminated is subtracted from the entire price and CLCD presentations the up to date price. Remove system ends as quickly as the frenzy button is released. After patron completed purchasing he want to press hash `#` withinside the keypad then the entire invoice is displayed withinside the CLCD which may be paid via the to be had stability withinside the clever card or the usage of debit or credit score cards. An bill of the paid invoice could be despatched to the patron cell as a textual content message the usage of GSM module. After a success price the door opens and the patron can cast off the goods bought with ease.
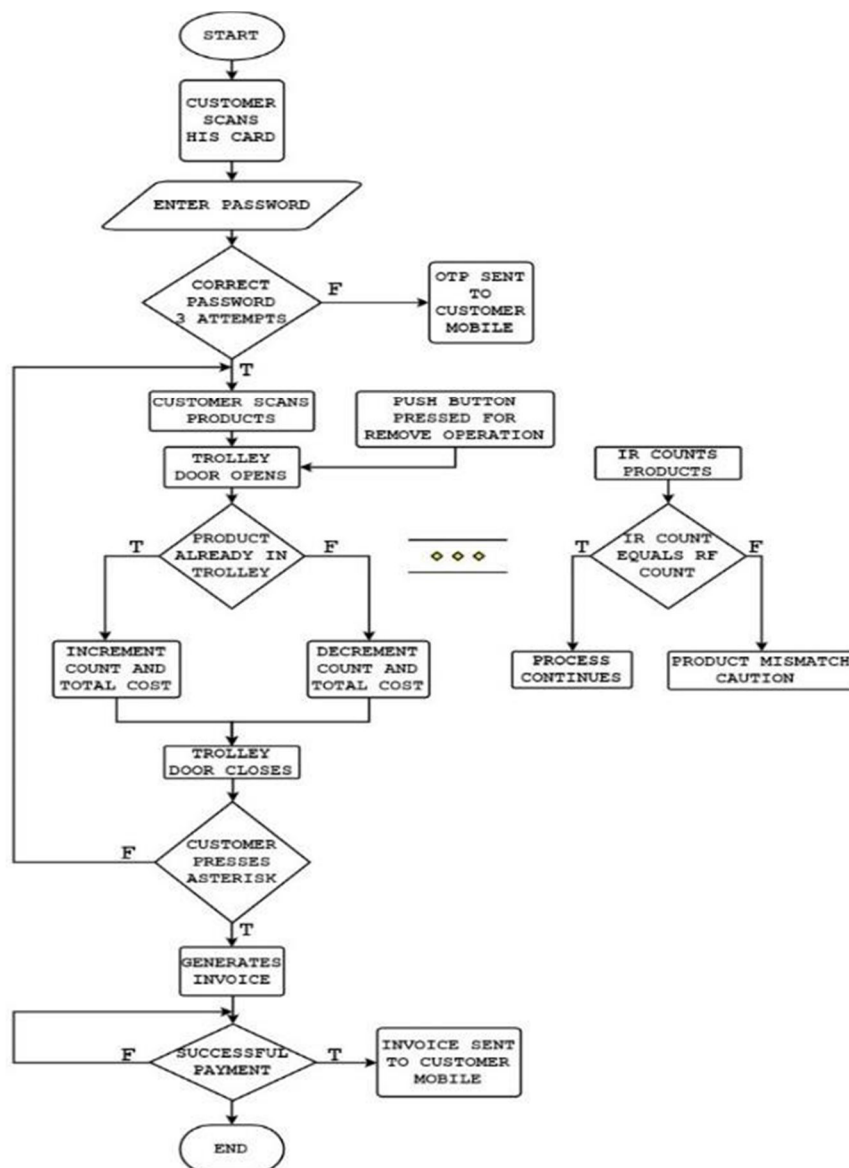
**Fig.2. Process Flow**

## III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The inspiration sooner or later led to an powerful final results in which RFID generation changed barcode because of its downside in which barcode calls for the road of sight and must be located in its specific boundary at the same time as scanning, however RFID`s simplest constraint to be taken into consideration is its distance coverage. RFID tags are greater long lasting than the barcode which damages because of temperature, water, bodily tear etc. This guarantees the system of scanning smooth and precise. Then the password authentication system aids in warding off the unlawful utilization of clever playing cards and additionally prevents information sniffing. The door withinside the trolley doesn`t open till a product is scanned which doesn`t permit to region a product internal a trolley that isn't always scanned. The monitoring of be counted number of merchandise the usage of IR sensor located withinside the trolley aids in defensive the robbery of the goods and removing merchandise that aren't billed unintentionally. Removing a product also can be completed flawlessly with the frenzy button which ensures client that merchandise may be eliminated every time he adjustments his mind. The product catalogue show characteristic permits the client for smooth seek of merchandise with none difficulties. The GSM module sends time to time facts to the client cell for ideal intimation approximately his buying activities. The consequences display that the proposed version is satisfactory to be applied in modern buying environments.
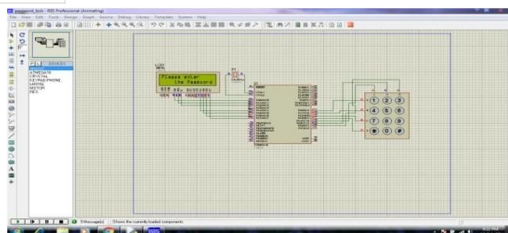
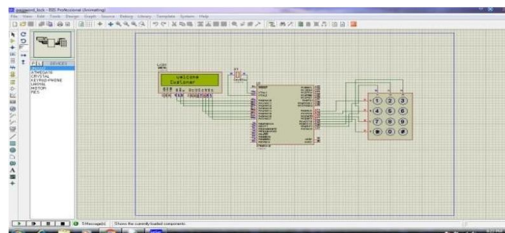Fig.3. Simulation of customer authentication



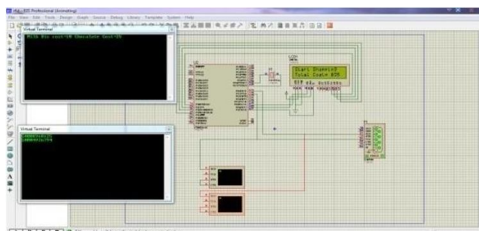Fig.4. Simulation of welcome module
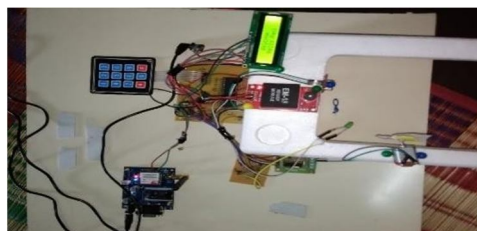


Fig.5. Simulation of Product scanning



Fig.6. Hardware output for Welcome note



Fig.7. Hardware output for Authentication



Fig.8. Hardware output for wrong password



Fig.9. Hardware output for Product catalogue



Fig.10. Hardware output for Products scan

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)
ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538
Volume 10 Issue VI June 2022- Available at www.ijraset.com

Fig.11. Hardware output for Remove operation



Fig.12. Hardware output for final invoice

## IV. CONCLUSION

According to patron`s factor of view our challenge has redefined the manner of purchasing. Evidently RFID has outsmarted barcodes via way of means of its accuracy, speedy reaction and durability. Our idea has erased the culture of patron counting on the shopkeeper for obtaining facts approximately products. Billing is absolutely averted which in flip saves time for the patron and makes technique smooth for shopkeeper. It avoids queue for patron for the reason that billing is finished withinside the trolley. It reduces one 1/3 of the general funding of the shopkeeper for billing department. Thus the version permits higher purchasing revel in the use of stepped forward era which may be treated via way of means of any not unusualplace guy who simply is aware of to examine and write things.

Future development is to apply stronger RFID readers that perform in excessive frequency that could examine a couple of tags simultaneously. Mobile software may be advanced to keep away from clever card and GSM. Inventory control may be included the use of IOT which in flip allows in automation of inventory control.

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