



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 14 **Issue:** III **Month of publication:** March 2026

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2026.78326>

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SmartAssess - An Intelligent Assessment Recommendation System

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Abstract: *SmartAssess is a web-based intelligent assessment recommendation system designed to assist recruiters and students in identifying the most suitable assessments for specific job roles. Traditional keyword-based systems fail to capture the actual intent of job descriptions, leading to inaccurate recommendations. SmartAssess uses semantic search and embedding-based similarity techniques to understand user requirements more effectively. Assessment data is converted into vector embeddings and stored using FAISS for efficient retrieval. This system reduces manual effort, improves accuracy, and supports informed decision-making in recruitment and career preparation.*

Keywords: *Assessment Recommendation System, Artificial Intelligence, Semantic Search, Sentence Transformers, FAISS, Natural Language Processing, Recruitment Technology.*

I. INTRODUCTION

Personalized and effective evaluation techniques are becoming more and more necessary in today's digital learning environments. Regardless of a student's unique skills, rate of learning, or degree of knowledge, traditional evaluation methods frequently give them the identical assessments. This one-size-fits-all method may restrict options for growth and fail to fairly assess a learner's actual comprehension. Intelligent systems are being created to improve the evaluation procedure and provide more individualized learning experiences as educational technology develops. These issues are addressed by a clever Assessment Recommendation System, which uses clever algorithms and data analysis to suggest appropriate tests for students. To recommend the best tests or quizzes, the system examines a number of variables, including students' prior performance, learning style, strengths, and shortcomings. By doing this, it guarantees that students obtain evaluations that correspond to their present level of knowledge and study requirements. This method helps students concentrate on areas that need more work while also increasing the accuracy of student evaluations. These systems also help teachers and educators by cutting down on the time needed to manually choose or create tests while offering insightful information about students' development. Furthermore, adaptive learning and individualized education are major objectives of contemporary e-learning platforms, which make extensive use of intelligent assessment systems. These systems can continually learn from user interactions and enhance their suggestions over time by incorporating methods from domains like machine learning, data analytics, and educational data mining.

A. Background and Motivation

Traditional recruitment systems rely heavily on manual processes and keyword-based search mechanisms. These approaches often fail to capture semantic relationships between job requirements and assessment content. As a result, recruiters may overlook relevant assessments or spend significant time reviewing large catalogs. The motivation behind this project is to develop an intelligent system capable of understanding job requirements and recommending appropriate assessments automatically. By combining AI models with semantic search techniques, the system can significantly improve the efficiency and accuracy of the assessment selection process.

B. Problem Statement

Organizations that conduct recruitment or training programs often maintain extensive catalogs of assessments designed to evaluate various technical and behavioral skills. However, identifying the most appropriate assessment for a specific job role remains a challenging task. Manual browsing of assessment catalogs is inefficient and prone to human error. Keyword-based search systems lack contextual understanding and frequently return irrelevant results. These limitations highlight the need for an intelligent recommendation system capable of understanding job descriptions and automatically suggesting suitable assessments. The proposed SmartAssess system addresses these challenges by using artificial intelligence and semantic search techniques to generate accurate recommendations based on job requirements.

C. Research Objectives

The primary objectives of the proposed system include:

- 1) To design and implement an AI-powered assessment recommendation system capable of analyzing job descriptions.
- 2) To extract relevant skills and requirements using large language models.
- 3) To implement semantic search techniques for identifying relevant assessments.
- 4) To develop a scalable web-based platform for real-time recommendation generation.
- 5) To improve the efficiency and accuracy of assessment selection processes.

D. Contributions

The major contributions of this research include:

- 1) Development of an AI-powered assessment recommendation system using semantic search techniques.
- 2) Integration of Google Gemini API for automated skill extraction from job descriptions.
- 3) Implementation of vector similarity search using FAISS for efficient recommendation retrieval.
- 4) Development of a user-friendly web interface for submitting job descriptions and receiving recommendations.
- 5) Reduction of manual effort required in assessment selection through automated intelligent recommendations.

E. Organization of the Paper

The remainder of this paper is organized as follows. Section II presents the literature review related to recommendation systems and semantic search technologies. Section III describes the proposed methodology and system architecture of the SmartAssess platform. Section IV presents the evaluation results and system performance analysis. Section V discusses system observations and limitations. Finally, Section VI concludes the paper and outlines possible directions for future work.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Traditional Assessment Selection Methods

In many recruitment and training environments, assessment selection is traditionally performed using manual processes. Recruiters or training managers typically browse through large assessment catalogs and identify suitable tests based on job descriptions and required skills. This approach often relies on keyword-based searches or manual evaluation of assessment descriptions. Although manual methods are straightforward, they become inefficient when dealing with large volumes of assessments and complex job requirements. The process requires significant time and effort from recruiters and may lead to inconsistent decisions due to subjective interpretation of job roles. In addition, keyword-based search mechanisms cannot capture contextual relationships between different skills and assessment content. As a result, relevant assessments may be overlooked while irrelevant ones may appear in search results. These limitations highlight the need for intelligent recommendation systems capable of understanding job descriptions and automatically identifying appropriate assessments.

B. AI-Based Recommendation Systems

Recommendation systems have been widely used in different domains such as e-commerce, entertainment platforms, and online learning systems. These systems analyze user input or preferences and recommend relevant items automatically. In recruitment systems, recommendation technologies help match job requirements with appropriate resources such as assessments, training modules, or candidates. AI-based recommendation systems improve efficiency and reduce the time required for manual searching

C. Semantic Search Techniques

Recent research has introduced semantic search techniques that improve information retrieval by understanding the contextual meaning of text. Sentence Transformer models convert sentences into vector embeddings that capture semantic relationships between words. Vector similarity search methods such as FAISS allow systems to efficiently retrieve similar results from large datasets. These techniques are widely used in modern recommendation systems to improve search accuracy.

D. Large Language Models for Skill Extraction

Large Language Models (LLMs) such as Google Gemini and other transformer-based models are capable of understanding natural language and extracting structured information from unstructured text. In recruitment applications, these models can automatically identify important skills and requirements from job descriptions. This capability helps improve the accuracy of recommendation systems by providing structured skill data for further processing.

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

A. System Architecture

The SmartAssess system follows a client-server architecture consisting of three main components: the frontend interface, backend services, and database layer. The frontend is developed using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript, which allows users to interact with the system through a web browser. The backend is implemented using Python frameworks such as Flask and FastAPI, which handle authentication, process user queries, and communicate with the recommendation engine. The system integrates Google Gemini API for skill extraction, Sentence Transformer models for generating semantic embeddings, and FAISS vector similarity search for retrieving relevant assessments. User authentication details and system data are stored in a MySQL database. This architecture ensures efficient communication between the user interface, backend services, and AI components.

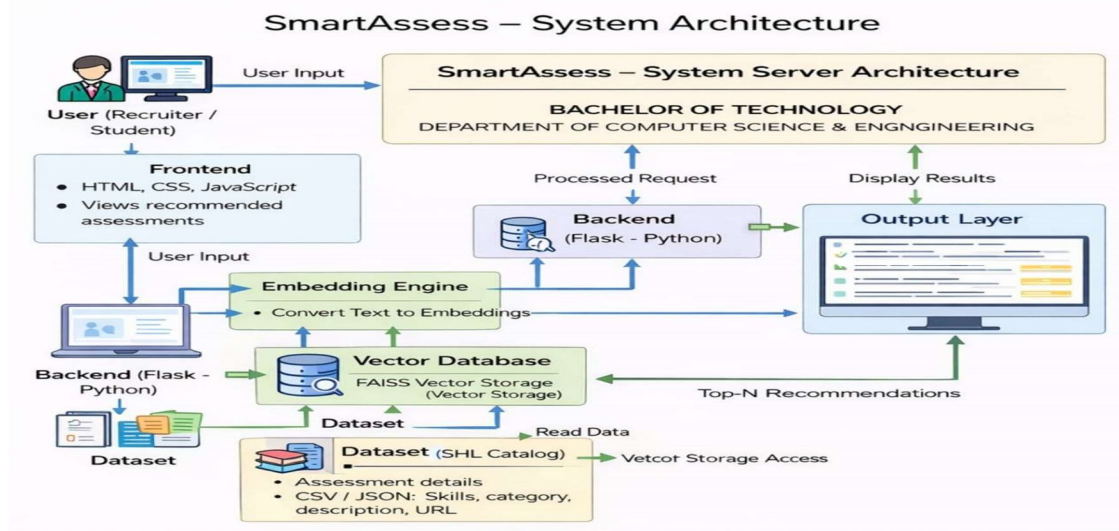


Fig. 1: System Architecture of SmartAssess

B. Overall System Workflow

The SmartAssess platform follows a structured workflow to generate assessment recommendations. The system's workflow can be summed up as follows:

- User Registration and Login
- User enters job description or skill requirements
- System extracts important skills using Gemini API
- Sentence Transformer generates text embeddings.
- FAISS performs vector similarity search.
- Top relevant assessments are retrieved. 7. Results are displayed to the user

This workflow enables the system to provide intelligent assessment recommendations based on semantic understanding of job descriptions.

1) User Authentication and Access Control

The system includes a secure authentication module that allows users to register and log in to access the recommendation system. User credentials are stored securely in the MySQL database. Password hashing techniques are used to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access.. This module ensures that only authenticated users can access the recommendation functionality.

2) Assessment Recommendation Engine

The recommendation engine is the core component of the SmartAssess system. It analyzes the job description entered by the user and extracts relevant skills using the Gemini API. The extracted skills are converted into vector embeddings using Sentence Transformer models.

The system then performs similarity search using FAISS to identify assessments that match the extracted skill set. The retrieved results are ranked based on relevance and displayed to the user.

3) Database Integration

The system uses a MySQL database to store user account information and system logs. The assessment dataset used in the project is collected from the SHL assessment catalog. The dataset contains information about assessment names, descriptions, and skill categories.

The database ensures secure data storage, efficient retrieval, and reliable system performance.

IV. EVALUATION AND RESULTS

The SmartAssess system was evaluated to analyze its performance, usability, and effectiveness in recommending relevant assessments based on job descriptions. The system was tested using different modules such as user authentication, skill extraction, semantic search, and recommendation generation. System Implementation Outcomes.

A. System Implementation Outcomes

The developed SmartAssess platform was successfully implemented and tested in a simulated recruitment scenario. Users can register, log in, and enter job descriptions or skill requirements through the web interface. The system processes the input, extracts relevant skills, and provides recommended assessments in a few seconds. The integration of AI models and vector search technology allows the system to generate accurate recommendations while reducing the manual effort required to browse assessment catalogs.

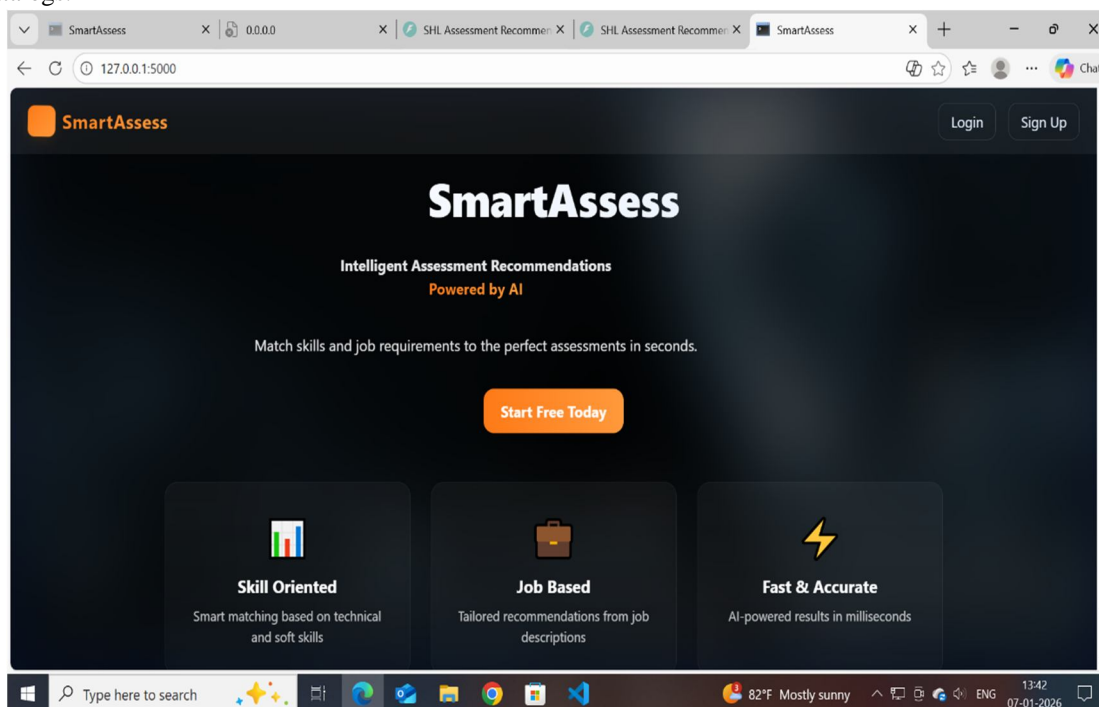


Fig. 2: User Homepage Interface

B. Functional Evaluation

Functional testing was conducted to verify that all modules of the system operate correctly. Several test scenarios were performed, including user login, job description input, recommendation generation, and result display. The testing results show that the system successfully processes user queries and retrieves relevant assessments from the dataset. The authentication module ensures secure access, and the recommendation engine produces consistent results without errors.

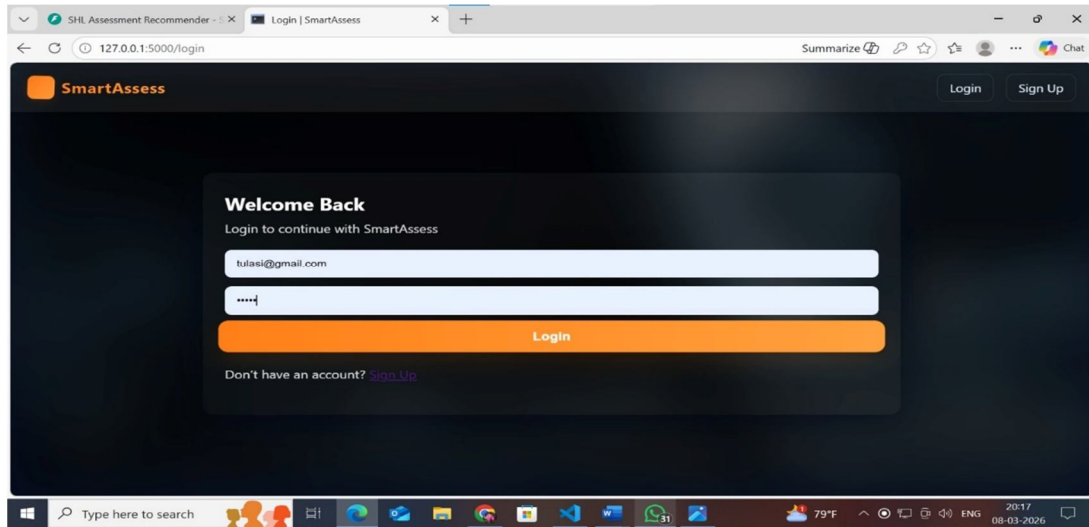


Fig. 3: User Login Page

C. Performance Analysis

The performance of the system was evaluated based on response time and processing efficiency. The use of FastAPI and FAISS vector search enables the system to process queries quickly and return recommendations within a short time. During testing, the system maintained stable performance while processing multiple requests. The semantic search mechanism improved recommendation accuracy by identifying contextually relevant assessments instead of relying only on keyword matching.

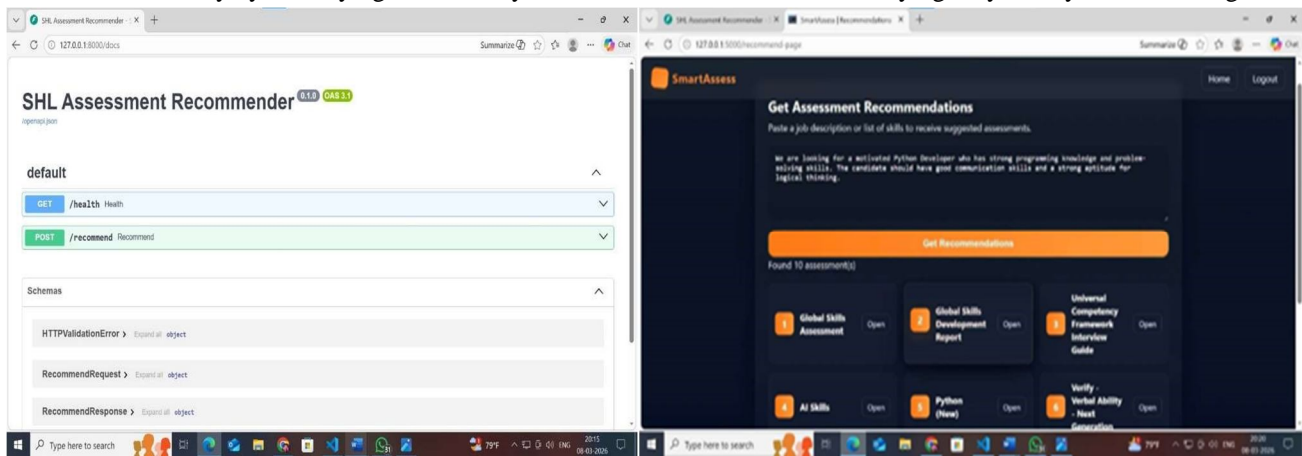


Fig. 4: FastAPI Recommendation API and SmartAssess Recommendation Results

D. User Interface Evaluation

The user interface of SmartAssess was designed to be simple and user-friendly. The web interface allows users to easily navigate between login, signup, and recommendation pages. The input form enables users to paste job descriptions and receive recommendations with a single click.

The evaluation results indicate that users can easily interact with the system without requiring advanced technical knowledge. The clean interface and organized layout improve the overall usability of the platform.

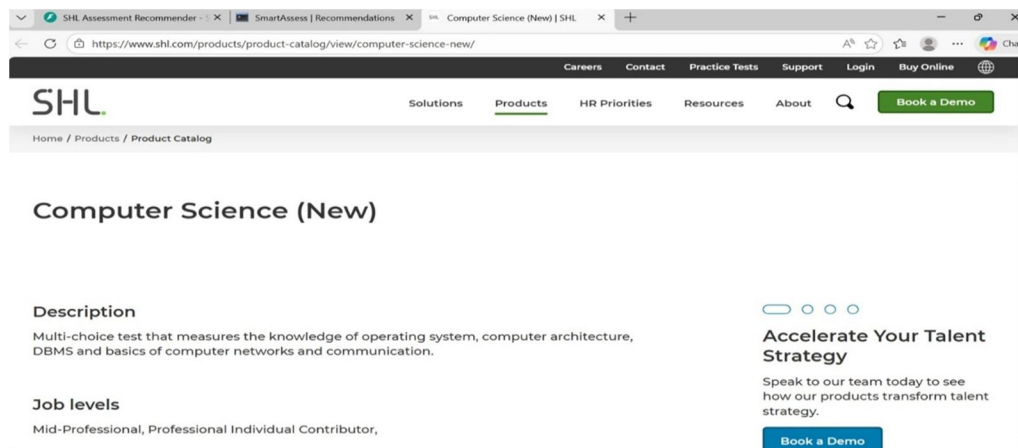


Fig. 5: Fig. 5: SHL Assessment Catalog Page

V. DISCUSSION AND LIMITATIONS

A. System Performance and Observation

The SmartAssess system was developed to provide intelligent assessment recommendations based on job descriptions and skill requirements. During testing, the system successfully processed user inputs and generated relevant assessment recommendations using semantic search techniques. The integration of the Gemini API, Sentence Transformer embeddings, and FAISS vector search enabled the system to identify contextually relevant assessments instead of relying only on keyword matching. The system demonstrated stable performance while handling multiple user queries. The web interface allowed users to easily interact with the system by entering job descriptions and viewing recommended assessments. The results indicate that the SmartAssess platform improves the efficiency of assessment selection compared to manual browsing of assessment catalogs.

B. Limitations of the System

Despite the advantages of the SmartAssess system, some limitations exist. The current implementation depends on internet connectivity because it uses external APIs such as the Gemini API for skill extraction. Additionally, the system relies on a predefined assessment dataset, which may limit recommendation diversity if the dataset is small. Another limitation is that the system currently focuses on textual job descriptions and does not consider additional recruitment factors such as candidate experience level, industry-specific requirements, or historical hiring data. These limitations may affect recommendation accuracy in certain cases. Future improvements can address these limitations by expanding the dataset, integrating additional data sources, and implementing advanced machine learning models for better recommendation accuracy.

C. Comparison with Existing Systems

The proposed SmartAssess system provides several advantages compared to traditional assessment selection methods. Manual approaches require recruiters to search through large assessment catalogs, which is time-consuming and may lead to inconsistent decisions. Keyword-based search systems also have limitations because they cannot capture the contextual meaning of job descriptions. This increases the system's dependability and suitability for contemporary hostel management. In contrast, SmartAssess uses semantic search and artificial intelligence techniques to analyze job descriptions and recommend relevant assessments automatically. The system extracts skills using the Gemini API and identifies similar assessments using vector embeddings and FAISS similarity search. This approach improves recommendation accuracy and significantly reduces the time required for assessment selection.

VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

A. Conclusion

The SmartAssess system provides an intelligent and efficient solution for recommending relevant assessments based on job descriptions and required skills. The system uses artificial intelligence techniques such as semantic search, skill extraction, and vector similarity search to automate the assessment selection process. By integrating technologies like FastAPI, Flask, Google Gemini API, Sentence Transformers, and FAISS, the platform can analyze job requirements and provide suitable assessment recommendations within a short time.

The system reduces the need for manual browsing of assessment catalogs and improves the accuracy of recommendations by understanding the contextual meaning of job descriptions. The user-friendly web interface allows recruiters and users to easily interact with the system and obtain results quickly. Overall, SmartAssess improves efficiency, reduces effort, and provides a practical approach for intelligent assessment recommendation.

B. Future Work

Although the SmartAssess system provides effective recommendations, several improvements can be implemented in future versions. The system can be extended by integrating larger and more diverse assessment datasets to improve recommendation coverage. Advanced Machinelearning techniques and feedback-based learning can also be introduced to enhance recommendation accuracy. Future development may include mobile application support, integration with HR management platforms, and real-time analytics for monitoring system performance. Additional features such as multi-language support and personalized recommendations based on user preferences can further enhance the usability of the system.

VII. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors would like to express their sincere gratitude to Bonam Venkata Chalamayya Engineering College for providing the academic environment and support necessary to complete this research work. The authors also extend their appreciation to the faculty members and project mentors for their valuable guidance, suggestions, and continuous encouragement throughout the development of the SmartAssess system. Their support played a significant role in the successful completion of this project.

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