



IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 13 Issue: IV Month of publication: April 2025

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2025.69192

www.ijraset.com

Call: 🕥 08813907089 🔰 E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com



Smart Learning Using Generative AI

Ehtesham Ali Sayyad¹, Jitesh Kirnapure², Shivam Todkar³, Siddheshwar Bali⁴,, Adarsh Landge⁵, Prof. Vishal Shinde⁶

Trinity College of Engineering and Research, Pune

Abstract: It talks about how generative AI can change the educational environment by shining light on it to explain how it is possible to customize learning experiences for students. The proposed platform enables the student to select particular topics and algorithms; with this, the AI will be in a position to create particular animated videos with Indian English captions and voiceovers, which seems to speak out an imperative methodology of clarification of complex concepts with increased student engagement and understanding. The service also keeps instructors updated on the learning performance and engagement of learners; therefore, it makes the learning environment more responsive. As educational systems continue to incorporate digital solutions in handling teaching needs, this paper will evaluate the pros and cons of the integration of AI-based technologies into learning environments and concentrate on a more inclusive and effective learning environment that can be developed to satisfy learner needs.

I. INTRODUCTION

Today, technology, including generative AI, is making unprecedented changes to the face of learning. It comes at a very exciting time when educational settings are gradually turning digital, where individualistic learning solutions are increasingly being demanded to fulfill the various needs and interests of the learner. Traditional instructional techniques by nature predominantly often use one-sizefits-all strategy, which, at times, may leave the learners disinterested or really struggle to understand substantive concepts.

Generative AI has opened up new doors in tailoring learning resources to the tastes and the individual learning capability of each learner. This paper introduces a complex learning platform that will use generative AI to produce stimulating and educative animated videos. It has dramatically improved the degree of interactivity characterizing learning as students are allowed to select topics and, more specifically, subjects of interest, thereby facilitating animated visuals much enhanced by voiceovers, in an Indian English accent, in an attempt to make educational material more relatable and accessible-resulting in better comprehension and retention. Beside these benefits for the students, it offers teachers actionable analytics together with insights into engagement and performance of the student. This enables teachers to see learning patterns and adapt to styles of teaching to better suit the students. The more educational institutions learn how to use new technological innovations more effectively, then what it means for them to integrate AI into educational settings becomes meaningful, in particular with regards to its benefits and possible disadvantages.

In the following sections, we continue by critically discussing the literature on the topic of applying artificial intelligence in education, describe the proposed architecture of a smart learning platform, and discuss possible implications this new approach may bring into educational realms. Conducting our review, we will also contribute to an ongoing debate regarding the future of personalized learning and the significant role generative artificial intelligence plays in that process.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

1) Paper: 01

TITLE: E-learning Platforms and E-learning Students: Building the Bridge to Success.

BY: Manuel Rodrigues , Sergio Gonçalves , Florentino Fdez-Riverola , Paulo Novais

INTRODUCTION: The paper explores how e-learning platforms can enhance student success by addressing challenges in engagement and accessibility.

METHODOLOGY: It employs surveys and case studies to assess e-learning experiences and platform effectiveness.

ADVANTAGES: Comprehensive overview of AI's effects on learning.

LIMITATION: limited interaction, and variability in quality.

2) Paper: 02

TITLE: AI-Based Personalized E-Learning Systems: Issues, Challenges, and Solutions.

BY: Mir Murtaza , Yamna Ahmed, Jawwad Ahmed Shamsi , Fawad Sherwani , and Mariam Usman.



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET) ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 13 Issue IV Apr 2025- Available at www.ijraset.com

INTRODUCTION: The paper discusses the role of AI in creating personalized e-learning systems, highlighting their potential to improve learning outcomes while addressing existing challenges.

METHODOLOGY: Case studies and surveys analyzing key issues, challenges, and proposed solutions in AI-based elearning.

ADVANTAGES: Tailored learning experiences leading to increased engagement and provide real-time feedback.

LIMITATION: Data privacy and ethical concerns with personalized content and potential biases in AI algorithms

3) Paper: 03

TITLE: Video-based Learning on Improving Student's Learning Output BY: Bernadeta Nadeak and Lamhot Naibaho. INTRODUCTION: Analyses the effectiveness of video content inenhancing learning outcomes in higher education contexts. METHODOLOGY: Analysis of existing studies on video learning efficacy.

ADVANTAGES: Improved retention and comprehension through visual aids.

LIMITATION: Variability in video quality affecting effectiveness.

4) Paper: 04

TITLE: Personalized learning through AI BY:

Maher Joe khan Omar Jian

INTRODUCTION: Explores AI's potential in providing personalized educational experiences and the challenges involved.

METHODOLOGY: Analysis on the effectiveness of AI in personalized learning environments.

ADVANTAGES: Effective customization of educational pathways.

LIMITATION: Complexity of AI implementation and user adaptation.

5) Paper: 05

TITLE: Generative Artificial Intelligence in Education: From Deceptive to Disruptive.

BY: Marc Alier, Francisco José Garcí Peñalvo , Jorge D. Camba

INTRODUCTION: Integration of AI tools in education, focusing on their potential to enhance teaching methodologies

METHODOLOGY: Predictive analyses to assess the impact of generative AI on future educational trends and practices. ADVANTAGES: Personalized learning experiences, automate content generation

LIMITATION: Lack of familiarity with AI among educators.

6) Paper: 06

TITLE: Generative AI and the future of education

BY: Stefania Giannini

INTRODUCTION: Integration of AI tools in education, focusing on their potential to enhance teaching methodologies METHODOLOGY: Predictive analyses to assess the impact of generative AI on future educational trends and practices.

ADVANTAGES: Increased engagement and relatability for learners.

LIMITATION: Lack of familiarity with AI among educators.

7) Paper: 07

TITLE: Artificial Intelligence (Ai) In Education: Using Ai Tools For Teaching And Learning PROCESS

BY: Tira Nur Fitria

INTRODUCTION: The paper examines the integration of AI tools in education.

METHODOLOGY: Surveys and interviews with educators and students, to assess the effectiveness and adoption of AI tools in the learning process.

ADVANTAGES: Facilitate personalized learning, provide instant feedback, enhance administrative efficiency. LIMITATION: Dependence on technology can create barriers for some users.

8) Paper: 08

TITLE: Generative AI: Challenges to higher education BY: Sencer Yeralan, Laura Ancona Lee

INTRODUCTION: Analyses the challenges and benefits of adaptive learning technologies in diverse educational settings. METHODOLOGY: Empirical research combined with case studies.



ADVANTAGES: Personalized learning experiences that cater to individual needs LIMITATION: Complexity and cost of implementation can be prohibitive

9) Paper: 09

TITLE: Empowering Education through Generative AI: Innovative Instructional Strategies for Tomorrow's Learners BY: Kadaruddin

INTRODUCTION: The paper explores how generative AI can empower education by introducing innovative instructional strategies designed to meet the needs of future learners.

METHODOLOGY: Mixed-methods approach to illustrate effective applications of generative AI in educational settings.

ADVANTAGES: Personalized learning experiences that cater to individual needs.

LIMITATION: Equitable access to technology, addressing concerns about data privacy.

10) Paper: 10

TITLE: Education in the Era of Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI): Understanding the Potential Benefits of ChatGPT in Promoting Teaching and Learning

BY: David Baidoo-Anu.

INTRODUCTION: Investigates the transformative opportunities and challenges posed by AI in learning environments

METHODOLOGY: Literature review and analysis of current AI applications in education

ADVANTAGES: Insights into the potential for AI to revolutionize education

LIMITATION: Some areas lack empirical data, leading to speculation, potential dependency on technology

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The system architecture of the **Smart E-Learning Using Generative AI** is organized into **four primary layers**: the **Presentation Layer**, **Application Logic Layer**, **AI Orchestration Layer**, and the **Data Layer** — each working cohesively to deliver a seamless learning experience powered by generative AI and video synthesis. At the **Presentation Layer**, users interact with the platform through a responsive web interface. Built using Django templates or optionally a JavaScript framework like React.js, this layer provides functionalities such as login/signup, query input, and content viewing. It handles user input validations and displays dynamic content such as AI-generated explanations, embedded video lectures, and historical user activity. The frontend communicates with the backend via secured HTTPS requests, ensuring a safe data exchange.

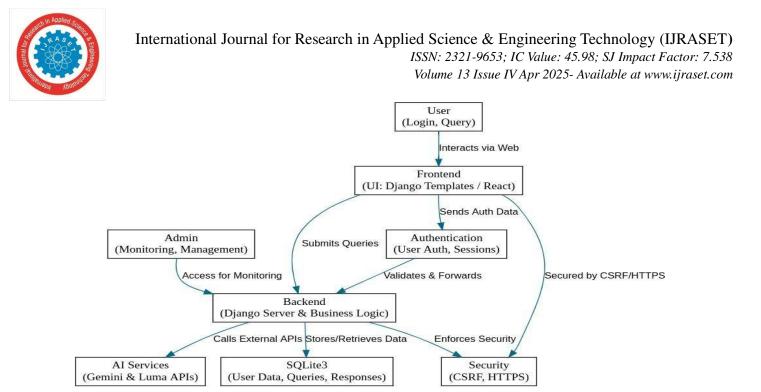
The **Application Logic Layer** (backend) is powered by Django and is responsible for orchestrating the system's core workflows. This layer authenticates users, processes input queries, manages user profiles, and triggers AI processes. Once a user submits a query, the backend initiates two major operations: first, it forwards the query to **Gemini 2.0**

Flash to retrieve topic-rich, structured content. Then, it refines Gemini's response to create a prompt for **Luma AI**, which then synthesizes an educational video based on that input. The final results — both the explanation and video — are stored and served to the user in an interactive view.

The **AI Orchestration Layer** is the heart of the system's intelligence. It integrates external AI services such as **Gemini 2.0 Flash** (for text-based contextual explanation and problem-solving) and **Luma AI** (for generating topicbased educational videos). Secure APIs are used for communication, with proper authentication headers and rate-limiting enforced. Responses from these AI models are processed and formatted by Django backend logic before being displayed or stored.

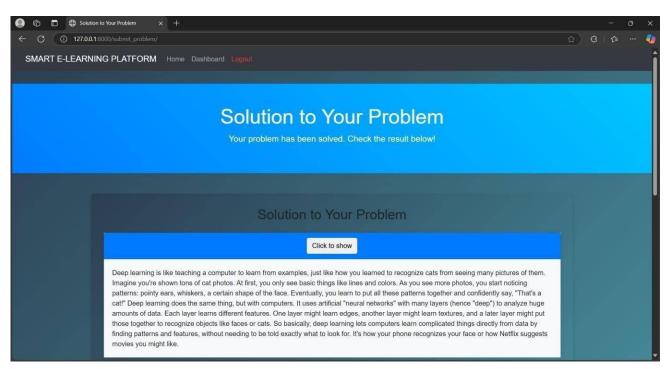
The **Data Layer** comprises a secure PostgreSQL database managed by Django ORM. It stores all user data, including credentials (hashed), user profiles, past queries, AI- generated responses, and admin logs. File storage is either local (for dev) or cloud- based (like AWS S3) for production-grade media management. Redis is used optionally for caching and Celery for async task queues.

Security features like **CSRF tokens**, **HTTPS**, and **role-based access control** protect each layer. Admins can monitor user activity, system logs, and content moderation via a superuser dashboard. The architecture is containerized using Docker and orchestrated via CI/CD pipelines to ensure smooth deployments and rollbacks. This layered and modular system architecture allows the platform to remain **scalable, maintainable, and AI-agnostic**, making it future-proof as newer AI models and services emerge.



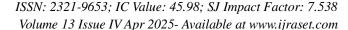
IV. ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

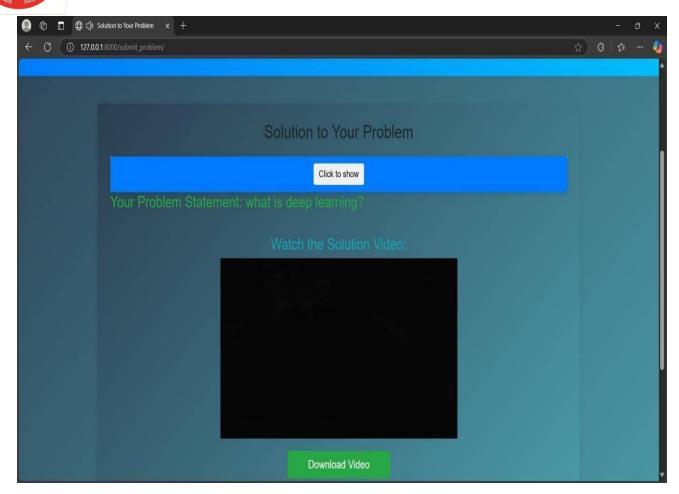
The experiment was conducted with various scenarios, focusing on the comparison between Query Response Time (Gemini 2.0 Flash) and Video Generation Time (Luma AI Dream Machine).



- Figure 1 illustrates the processing time for text responses using the Gemini 2.0 Flash model. A standard query, consisting of approximately 500 tokens, was processed within 10–12 seconds. This represents the total time taken for the inference pipeline, from query receipt to coherent text explanation output. Community feedback aligns with these findings, confirming that Gemini 2.0 Flash operates within an acceptable latency window for text-based applications.

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)





- Figure 2 demonstrates video generation performance using Luma AI's Dream Machine module. Generating a 5–10 second video at 24 frames per second typically took around 30–45 seconds under optimal conditions. It was noted that more complex prompts or free-tier usage occasionally extended this time to several minutes.

- Comparative Analysis:

- 1) Query response times for text are consistently faster compared to video generation due to the inherent computational differences.
- 2) While text-based tasks benefit from improved multimodal reasoning, video synthesis requires frame-byframe rendering, which imposes higher computational costs.

The Gemini 2.0 Flash model processes user queries efficiently, taking approximately 10 to 12 seconds for a standard request of about 500 tokens. This timeframe includes the entire inference pipeline—receiving the query, utilizing multimodal reasoning, and outputting coherent explanations. These processing times align with community observations, confirming that the model operates within acceptable latency limits for text-based tasks. However, despite improvements over older versions like Gemini 1.5 Flash, handling large token counts still presents moderate delays, which can be a challenge in real-time interactive setups. On the other hand, Luma AI's Dream Machine module, used for video generation, is comparatively slower due to the complexity of synthesizing frames, maintaining subject identity, and ensuring smooth motion. A short video, typically 5–10 seconds long at 24 frames per second, takes approximately 30 to 45 seconds under optimal conditions, but longer waiting times have been reported for complex prompts or free-tier users.

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)



ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538 Volume 13 Issue IV Apr 2025- Available at www.ijraset.com

0	6		🖨 Solu	lution to Y	Your Problem x +		 Ê	- 1	x c
÷	C	0) 127.0).0.1 :800		P 🗅	3 ⊢ €	£≞	🥠
					Login to Your Account				
					Access your dashboard and start solving problems!				
					Get Started				
		L	ogir	n					
					Username				
					Password				
					login				
					Don't have an account? Sign up here.				

👂 🕼 🗖 🌐 Sign Up	x +	÷	٥	×
← C ① 127.0.0.1:8000/signup/	0 tz)	ଓ ∣ ମ≊		٧
	Get Started			^
	O'an Lin			
	Sign Up			
and the second second				
Username				
Username				
E				
Email				
Password				
Confirm Password				
				•
	Sign Up			
and the second sec				
	Ninety replace screen Conference			•



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET) ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 13 Issue IV Apr 2025- Available at www.ijraset.com

0	🕼 🗖 🌐 Select	t question to change Dj	ang x +			đ	Х
÷	- C 🛈 127.0.0	. 1 :8000/admin/e_lear	ning/question/	\$	3 ☆		-
	Django adminis	stration		WELCOME, ADMIN. VIEW SITE / CHANGE PASSI	VORD / LOG C	UT 🕕	Î
	Home > E_Learning > Que	estions					
	Start typing to filter AUTHENTICATION AND AL	JTHORIZATION	Select question to change		add Questi) + NC	
	Groups	+ Add	Action: • Go 0 of 14 selected				
×	E LEARNING Profiles Questions Users	+ Add + Add + Add	QUESTION Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:56:54.955761+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:59:13.894325+00:00 Question by admin on 2025-04-16 05:39:28.591345+00:00 Question by admin on 2025-04-16 05:39:25.056722+00:00 Question by admin on 2025-04-16 05:38:28.849835+00:00 Question by admin on 2025-04-16 05:38:28.849835+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:13:14.835214+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:09:24.651278+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:09:24.651278+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-16 05:09:24.651278+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-12 18:58:33.020890+00:00 Question by Sid on 2025-04-02 18:58:13.827702+00:00 Question by User3 on 2025-04-02 18:53:13.827702+00:00 Question by User1 on 2025-04-02 18:35:33.037497+00:00 Question by User1 on 2025-04-02 18:35:33.037497+00:00 Question by User1 on 2025-04-02 18:32:37.149415+00:00				
			14 questions				

V. CONCLUSION

The integration of advanced technology has the potential to revolutionize the education system by creating personalized and effective learning environments. By tailoring content to individual needs and offering innovative tools for comprehension, this approach fosters inclusivity and engagement among learners. Overcoming challenges such as resource optimization, accessibility, and ethical considerations will be pivotal in ensuring its successful implementation. As education continues to evolve, harnessing these advancements responsibly will pave the way for a future that meets the diverse demands of students and educators alike.

REFERENCES

- [1] Manuel Rodrigues, Sergio Gonçalves, Florentino Fdez-Riverola, Paulo Novais. *E-learning Platforms and Elearning Students: Building the Bridge to Success*.
- [2] Mir Murtaza, Yamna Ahmed, Jawwad Ahmed Shamsi, Fawad Sherwani, Mariam Usman. *AI-Based
- [3] Personalized E-Learning Systems: Issues, Challenges, and Solutions*.
- [4] Bernadeta Nadeak, Lamhot Naibaho. *Video-based Learning on Improving Students' Learning Output*.



International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.538

Volume 13 Issue IV Apr 2025- Available at www.ijraset.com

- [5] Maher Joe Khan, Omar Jian. *Personalized Learning through AI*.
- [6] Marc Alier, Francisco José García Peñalvo, Jorge D. Camba. *Generative Artificial Intelligence in Education:
- [7] From Deceptive to Disruptive*.
- [8] Stefania Giannini. *Generative AI and the Future of Education*.
- [9] Tira Nur Fitria. *Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Education: Using AI Tools for Teaching and Learning Process*.
- [10] Sencer Yeralan, Laura Ancona Lee. *Generative AI: Challenges to Higher Education*.
- [11] Kadaruddin. *Empowering Education through Generative AI: Innovative Instructional Strategies for Tomorrow's Learners*.
- [12] David Baidoo-Anu. *Education in the Era of Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI): Understanding the Potential Benefits of ChatGPT in Promoting Teaching and Learning*.











45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129







INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089 🕓 (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)