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### Some New Topological Indices of Friendship Graph

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Abstract: In this paper we compute the first and second Kulli-Basava indices, hyper Kulli-Basava indices, some connectivity Kulli-Basava indices, geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava indices and reciprocal Kulli-Basava indices of the friendship graph. Keywords: Topological Index, Kulli-Basava Index, hyper Kulli-Basava index, Kulli-Basava connectivity indices, Kulli-Basava geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava index.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

A topological index is a numerical quantity derived from a graph structure. There are several classes of topological indices such as degree based, distance based, counting based etc. The Kulli-Basava indices are degree based topological indices. Let G be a finite simple connected graph with vertex set V(G) and edge set E(G). Let  $S_{\varepsilon}(v)$  denote the sum of the degrees of all

Let G be a finite simple connected graph with vertex set V(G) and edge set E(G). Let  $S_{\sigma}(v)$  denote the sum of the degrees of all edges incident to a vertex v in G. The first and second Kulli-Basava indices of graph G were introduced in [1], defined as

$$\mathcal{KB}_1(G) = \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \left[ \mathcal{S}_e(u) + \mathcal{S}_e(v) \right]$$
  
and  $\mathcal{KB}_2(G) = \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \mathcal{S}_e(u) \mathcal{S}_e(v)$ .

The first and second hyper Kulli-Basava indices were introduced by Kulli in [2], defined as

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{HKB}_1(G) &= \sum_{uv \in \mathbb{E}(G)} \left[ \mathcal{S}_e(\mathbf{u}) + \mathcal{S}_e(\mathbf{v}) \right]^2 \\ \text{and} \ \mathcal{HKB}_2(G) &= \sum_{uv \in \mathbb{E}(G)} \left[ \mathcal{S}_e(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{S}_e(\mathbf{v}) \right]^2 \end{split}$$

The sum connectivity Kulli-Basava index, product connectivity Kulli-Basava index, atom bond connectivity Kulli-Basava index, geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava index and reciprocal Kulli-Basava index of a graph were introduced by Kulli in [3], defined as

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{SKB}(G) &= \sum_{uv \in (\mathcal{G})} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)}} \\ \mathcal{PKB}(G) &= \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{G})} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)}} \\ \mathcal{ABCKB}(G) &= \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{G})} \sqrt{\frac{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v) - 2}{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)}} \\ \mathcal{GAKB}(G) &= \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{G})} \frac{2\sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)}}{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)} \\ \mathcal{RKB}(G) &= \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{G})} \sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)} \end{split}$$
 and 
$$\mathcal{RKB}(G) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{G})} \sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\varrho}(v)}.$$

In this paper, we compute the above indices for the friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$ . In [4], Kulli introduced the first and second Kulli-Basava polynomials and the first and second hyper Kulli-Basava polynomials, defined as

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{K}B_1(G,x) &= \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \, x^{\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{u}) + \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{p})} \\ \mathcal{K}B_2(G,x) &= \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \, x^{\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{v})} \\ \mathcal{H}\mathcal{K}B_1(G,x) &= \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \, x^{[\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{u}) + \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{v})]^2} \\ \text{and} \, \mathcal{H}\mathcal{K}B_2(G,x) &= \sum_{uv \in E(G)} \, x^{[\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(\mathbf{v})]^2}. \end{split}$$

The polynomials of the first four Kulli-Basava indices are also obtained.



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#### II. KULLI-BASAVA INDICES OF FRIENDSHIP GRAPH

Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  is obtained by joining n copies of cycle graph  $\mathcal{C}_3$  with a common vertex. Let the common vertex be denoted by  $v_0$  and the other vertices of the cycles be denoted by  $v_1, v_2, ..., v_{2n}$ . Note that  $|V(\mathcal{F}_n)| = 2n + 1$  and  $|E(\mathcal{F}_n)| = 3n$ . We can see that,  $\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{E}}(v_0) = 4n^2$  and  $\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{E}}(v_i) = n + 2$ , for i = 1, 2, ..., 2n.

The Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  has two types of edges:

$$E_1(\mathcal{F}_n) = \{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n) : \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(\mathfrak{u}) = 2n^2 \text{ and } \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(\mathfrak{v}) = 2(n+1)\}$$
 and  $E_2(\mathcal{F}_n) = \{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n) : \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(\mathfrak{u}) = 2(n+1) \text{ and } \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(\mathfrak{v}) = 2(n+1)\}.$  Also,  $|E_1(\mathcal{F}_n)| = 2n$  and  $|E_2(\mathcal{F}_n)| = n$ .

#### 1) Theorem 1

The first and second Kulli-Basava indices of the Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$\mathcal{K}B_1(\mathcal{F}_n) = 4n^3 + 8n^2 + 8n$$
  
and  $\mathcal{K}B_2(\mathcal{F}_n) = 8n^4 + 12n^3 + 8n^2 + 4n$ .

Proof:

The first Kulli-Basava index, 
$$\mathcal{KB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in \mathbb{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \left[ \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(\mathbf{u}) + \mathcal{S}_{\varepsilon}(v) \right]$$
  
=  $4n(n^2 + n + 1) + 4n(n + 1)$   
=  $4n^3 + 8n^2 + 8n$ .

The second Kulli- Basava index,  $\mathcal{KB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n)} \left[ \mathcal{S}_{\mathbf{F}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{S}_{\mathbf{F}}(v) \right]$ =  $\left[ 2n \times 4n^2(n+1) \right] + 4n(n+1)^2$ =  $8n^4 + 12n^3 + 8n^2 + 4n$ .

#### 2) Theorem 2

The first and second hyper Kulli-Basava indices of the Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$\mathcal{HKB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n) = 8n^5 + 16n^4 + 10n^3 + 48n^2 + 24n$$
  
and  $\mathcal{HKB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n) = 32n^7 + 64n^6 + 48n^5 + 64n^4 + 96n^3 + 64n^2 + 16n$ .

Proof:

The first hyper Kulli-Basava index, 
$$\mathcal{HKB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n)} [\mathcal{S}_e(u) + \mathcal{S}_e(v)]^2$$
  
=  $8n(n^2 + n + 1)^2 + 16n(n + 1)^2$   
=  $8n^5 + 16n^4 + 10n^3 + 48n^2 + 24n$ .

The second hyper Kulli- Basava index,  $\mathcal{HKB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} [\mathcal{S}_e(u)\mathcal{S}_e(v)]^2$ 

$$= 2n(4n^2(n+1))^2 + n(4(n+1)^2)^2$$
  
=  $32n^7 + 64n^6 + 48n^5 + 64n^4 + 96n^3 + 64n^2 + 16n$ .

#### 3) Theorem 3

The sum connectivity Kulli-Basava index, product connectivity Kulli-Basava index and atom bond connectivity Kulli-Basava index of the Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{SKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) &= \frac{2n}{\sqrt{2\left(n^2+n+1\right)}} + \frac{n}{2\sqrt{(n+1)}} \\ \mathcal{PKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} + \frac{n}{2(n+1)} \\ \text{and } \mathcal{ABCKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) &= \sqrt{2n} + \frac{\sqrt{4n+2}}{2(n+1)}. \end{split}$$

Proof:

The sum connectivity Kulli-Basava index,  $SKB(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathcal{E}_{\varrho}(u) + \mathcal{E}_{\varrho}(v)}} = \frac{2n}{\sqrt{2(n^2 + n + 1)}} + \frac{n}{2\sqrt{(n + 1)}}$ 

The product connectivity Kulli-Basava index,  $\mathcal{PKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{Q}}(u)\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{Q}}(v)}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} + \frac{n}{2(n+1)}$ 

The atom bond connectivity Kulli-Basava index,  $\mathcal{ABCKB}(G) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_n)} \sqrt{\frac{\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(v) - 2}{\mathcal{S}_{\theta}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\theta}(v)}} = \sqrt{2n} + \frac{\sqrt{4n+2}}{2(n+1)}$ 



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#### 4) Theorem 4

The geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava index and reciprocal Kulli-Basava index of the Friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$G\mathcal{AKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) = \frac{4n^2\sqrt{n+1}}{n^2+n+1} + n$$
 and  $\mathcal{RKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) = 4n^2\sqrt{n+1} + 2n(n+1)$ .

Proof:

The geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava index, 
$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathcal{AKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in \mathbb{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \frac{2\sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(u)\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(v)}}{\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(v)} = \frac{4n^2\sqrt{n+1}}{n^2+n+1} + n.$$
 The reciprocal Kulli-Basava index,  $\mathcal{RKB}(\mathcal{F}_n) = \sum_{uv \in \mathbb{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \sqrt{\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(u)\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(v)} = 4n^2\sqrt{n+1} + 2n(n+1).$ 

#### 5) Theorem 5

The first and second Kulli-Basava polynomials of the friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$\mathcal{KB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n,x) = 2n \, x^{2(n^2+n+1)} + n x^{4(n+1)}$$
 and 
$$\mathcal{KB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n,x) = 2n \, x^{4n^2(n+1)} + n x^{4(n+1)^2}$$

Proof:

$$\begin{split} \text{(i)} \ \mathcal{KB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n, x) &= \sum_{nv \in \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \ x^{\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{G}}(\mathbf{u}) + \mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{G}}(v)} = 2n \ x^{2(n^2 + n + 1)} + n x^{4(n + 1)} \\ \text{(ii)} \ \mathcal{KB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n, x) &= \sum_{nv \in \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{F}_n)} \ x^{\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{G}}(\mathbf{u}) \mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{G}}(v)} = 2n \ x^{4n^2(n + 1)} + n x^{4(n + 1)^2} \\ \end{split}$$

#### 6) Theorem 6

The first and second hyper Kulli-Basava polynomials of the friendship graph  $\mathcal{F}_n$  are:

$$\mathcal{HKB}_1(\mathcal{F}_n,x) = 2n \, x^{4(n^2+n+1)^2} + n x^{16(n+1)^2}$$
 and 
$$\mathcal{HKB}_2(\mathcal{F}_n,x) = 2n \, x^{16n^4(n+1)^2} + n x^{16(n+1)^4}$$

Proof:

(i) 
$$\mathcal{HKB}_{\mathbf{1}}(\mathcal{F}_{n}, \chi) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_{n})} \chi^{[\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(u) + \mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(v)]^{2}} = 2n \chi^{4(n^{2}+n+1)^{2}} + n\chi^{16(n+1)^{2}}$$
  
(ii)  $\mathcal{HKB}_{2}(\mathcal{F}_{n}, \chi) = \sum_{uv \in E(\mathcal{F}_{n})} \chi^{[\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(u) \mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{C}}(v)]^{2}} = 2n \chi^{16n^{4}(n+1)^{2}} + n\chi^{16(n+1)^{4}}$ 

#### III. CONCLUSIONS

In this paper the first and second Kulli-Basava indices, the first and second hyper Kulli-Basava indices, the sum connectivity Kulli-Basava index, product connectivity Kulli-Basava index, atom bond connectivity Kulli-Basava index and geometric-arithmetic Kulli-Basava index of the friendship graph are computed. We also obtained the first and second Kulli-Basava index polynomials and the first and second hyper Kulli-Basava index polynomials of the friendship graph.

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