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The Impact of Product Reviews on E-Commerce Performance: A Comprehensive Review

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Abstract: Sentiment analysis of product reviews has become an important research area in recent years. With the rise of ecommerce platforms, online reviews have become an essential part of the decision-making process for consumers. This paper presents a review of the recent advancements in sentiment analysis techniques for product reviews. The paper covers various aspects of sentiment analysis, such as feature extraction, sentiment classification, and aspect-based sentiment analysis. This paper is to analyse the strengths and weaknesses of different techniques, such as rule-based approaches, machine learning-based approaches, and deep learning-based approaches. The paper also highlights the challenges in sentiment analysis, such as handling negation, sarcasm, and irony in reviews. Furthermore, the paper discusses the future research directions in this field. Finally, this paper conclude with a discussion on the potential applications of sentiment analysis, such as market research, product development, and customer service. Overall, this paper provides an overview of the recent advancements in sentiment analysis techniques for product reviews and serves as a roadmap for future research in this field.

Keywords: Sentiment Analysis; Product Reviews; E-Commerce; Polarity; Natural Language Processing

I. INTRODUCTION

In the era of Web 2.0, many customers rely on internet reviews to make purchasing decisions. People share their subjective experiences and thoughts about various products, making it easier for others to learn about a product before buying. With the proliferation of e-commerce platforms, online product reviews have become a crucial source of information for consumers. The sentiment analysis of product reviews has thus gained significant attention as it can provide insights into customer opinions towards different products and services. Sentiment analysis involves extracting features, classifying the polarity of the review, and analysing the sentiment towards specific aspects of the product or service. The analysis of these sentiments has various potential applications, such as market research, product development, and customer service. However, it can be time-consuming and challenging for customers to find relevant and reliable information. Companies may also struggle to understand customer requirements. Product reviews provide valuable insights into customer sentiment toward a particular product.

Utilising various algorithms and methodologies, sentiment analysis for product reviews involves extracting a feature-by-feature evaluation of a product and analysing it to produce an honest review. Companies can learn about client expectations before a new launch by conducting sentiment research on a certain product. Companies can benefit from this knowledge by using it to create efficient marketing plans. For customers, sentiment analysis can help them make informed purchasing decisions. By conducting comparative analysis of products and brands, customers can select the product that best suits their requirements. By determining the features and their ratings, customers can make well-informed decisions.

In order to categorise opinions based on various product aspects, sentiment analysis on product reviews aims to gather information about a certain brand or product from the vast amount of data that is readily available online. This necessitates locating the pertinent features and training a classifier on them. The classification should be carried out in an effective and accurate manner. This requires the identification and classification of both advantageous and detrimental characteristics. Due to the lack of a single, comprehensive evaluation for a variety of products, sentiment analysis on product reviews is required. Customers often presents a mix of positive and negative opinions, which can be difficult to interpret. By using sentiment analysis, customers can make informed decisions before purchasing a product. Companies can also use this analysis to develop effective marketing strategies and better understand the needs of their customers. Following a product launch, analysis of the product can assist businesses to identify the advantages and disadvantages of the product. In general, sentiment analysis of product reviews can assist businesses and consumers in making wiser decisions and enhancing their offerings. This study will use a systematic literature review to analyse existing research on the impact of sentiment analysis on e-commerce performance in social network communities.



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Data from e-commerce websites like Amazon and Flipkart, which provide user reviews on a variety of products, mainly electronic goods like mobile phones, televisions, computers, and cameras, was collected to analyse sentiment from these reviews.

Through web scraping, data is dynamically collected. The polarity of opinions was studied after data collection. Words like "good" and "bad" used to connote positive and negative ideas, respectively. The words used to express the user's opinion can also be used to gauge the strength of an opinion. For instance, "good" and "excellent" indicate different levels of positive sentiment. The classification of reviews is then determined with respect to sentiment classes, such as positive and negative reviews.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

In recent years, sentiment analysis of product reviews has become an important research area due to the rise of e-commerce platforms and the crucial role of online reviews in consumer decision-making. Various approaches has proposed to classify product reviews as positive, negative, or neutral, as well as to extract the features of the products and the sentiment expressed towards them. Several studies that make use of machine learning and deep learning techniques have put forth several ways for sentiment analysis of product reviews.

- I) Jantima Polpinij, et al., [4] in 2008, proposes a technique for categorising and analysing consumer product reviews posted online using an ontology. We put into practise and test a lexical variable ontology-based support vector machine text categorization method. Testing revealed that the suggested approach could be more successful in classifying sentiment based on text content.
- Weishu Hu et al., [14] in 2010, focuses on the mining of product features from customer reviews and opinions expressed in internet forums, discussion groups, and blogs. The suggested method differs from earlier ones in that it exclusively extracts product attributes from statements of opinion where users share good or bad experiences. The study provides a three-step procedure to extract product attributes, including pruning of inaccurate data, and a Senti-Word Net-based algorithm to find opinion phrases. The experimental results display higher precision and recall than earlier work. With the help of this study, producers and consumers will be able to analyse online product reviews more effectively.
- 3) Siddharth Aravindan et al., [12] in 2014, proposes a system for automatically extracting product features from customer reviews and determining the sentiment expressed towards those features. With the increasing popularity of web shopping portals, customers frequently asked to rate and review products they have purchased. This leads to a large volume of reviews for each product, making it difficult for customers to make informed purchasing decisions. Feature extraction and polarity classification are the first two steps of the suggested algorithm's operation.
- 4) K Indhuja, et al. [5] in 2014, provides a technique for identifying features extracted from product evaluations as good, negative, or neutral. The method includes polarity labelling, feature extraction, and noise removal during preprocessing. Utilising fuzzy functions, the method expands the feature-based approach by taking into account the impact of linguistic hedges. The system's evaluation of the SFU corpus shows how effective sentiment analysis using fuzzy logic is at classifying product evaluations appropriately. The suggested approach can assist companies in properly and rapidly analysing customer feedback and identifying areas for development, increasing customer satisfaction.
- 5) In 2014, M.S Usha et al., [7] addresses the problem of sentiment analysis, which involves classifying reviews as positive or negative based on their content. With the growth of the internet and digital reviews, this task has become increasingly important. The paper explores different approaches to sentiment analysis, including feature selection methods and sentiment classifications. The goal is to improve information retrieval and natural language processing methods by better understanding the sentiment expressed in reviews.
- 6) In 2015, Aditya A et al., [1] focuses on the task of gathering popular product reviews from numerous product review websites. Making informed purchasing selections is becoming more difficult for potential customers due to the growing volume of product reviews. In order to address this issue, the researchers propose performing sentiment analysis on the reviews to determine their polarity and classify them accordingly. The study compares different WEKA classifiers using charts and graphs to evaluate their effectiveness in this task.
- 7) P. Venkata et al., [10] in 2015, explains the creation of a web-based system that compares and recommends things purchased online. In order to analyse customer evaluations and identify their polarity using the Naive Bayes classification method, the system employs natural language processing algorithms. The product features and polarity of these features were extracted from the reviews through further analysis. The method graphically displays the superior of two items to the client based on many factors including star ratings, date of review, helpfulness score, and polarity of reviews. By offering clients a thorough comparison of products, this method seeks to help them make wise purchasing decisions.



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- 8) In 2020, Kumbhar, A., & Wavhal, S. [6] proposes an aspect-based sentiment analysis approach for Indian product reviews using machine-learning techniques. The authors use a dataset of 3000 reviews from an Indian e-commerce website and evaluate the performance of different algorithms, including support vector machine and decision tree. The authors show that the support Vector machine algorithm performs the best.
- 9) Taneja, H., & Singh, R. (in 2021) [14] uses a combination of machine learning and deep learning methods to suggest a mixed method approach to sentiment analysis of product reviews. The authors use a dataset of 1700 reviews from an Indian e-commerce website and compare the performance of different algorithms, including logistic regression, decision tree, and convolutional neural network. The authors show that the convolutional neural network algorithm performs the best.

III.COMPARATIVE STUDY

The articles in the below table focus on different methods and techniques to extract sentiment and feature information from online product reviews. In order to provide information to consumers, producers, and merchants to help them make better decisions, they employ a variety of techniques and algorithms to analyse and categorise the sentiment polarity and aspects of the reviews. This table also provide comparative evaluations of the different methods used, highlighting the strengths and weaknesses of each approach.

TABLE I
Sentiment Analysis of Product Reviews Using Various Techniques

Ref.	STUDY	METHOD/	SAMPLE	RESULT	ADVANTAGES	LIMITATIONS	FUTURE
No.	FOCUS	TECHNIQUE					WORK/
							CONCLUSION
	The focus of	An opinion	A dataset	Provided a	Identified both	The system had	Future work
	this study is to	mining system	of 1000	numeric score	features and	low recall values	will use a
	determine the	based on	sentences,	for each	modifiers in the	potentially	system that can
	strength of	analysing	1000 of	feature,	analysis of	because some	correctly
	opinions in	features.	which are	which then	product reviews.	reviewers used	manage correct
[15]	user-generated		objective	used to		incorrect English	English and
	reviews by		and 1,000	determine the	Based on the	and did not	POS as well as
	analysing		of which	overall order	supplied score	provide accurate	an analyser that
	relevant		are	of features	values, each	POS	can successfully
	features and		subjective,	based on the	feature's weight	information. The	recognise every
	paying		sourced	intensity of	is computed, and	parser also	phrase in the
	attention to		from	positive and	the ranking of all	struggled to	reviews in order
	sentiment-		Amazon	negative	features is	identify some	to increase
	conveying		and	opinions.	established.	sentences in the	recall levels.
	modifier		Flipkart.			reviews, which	
	words.					further affected	
						the recall values.	
	The goal is to	The approach	Analysed	The system	This study's	Determined the	Co-reference
	categorise	used for sentiment	2000	achieved an	classification	subjectivity of	resolution,
	product	classification	product	accuracy of	algorithm does	the reviews	domain
	reviews into	based on features,	reviews	58.58%,	not need a	analysed, but the	dependency,
	one of three	which involves	generated	which	labelled training	objectivity of the	and entity
[5]	categories—	analysing specific	by users	considered	set.	reviews was not	recognition are
	positive,	aspects of the text	from	good	It combines	assessed or	only a few of
	negative, or	to determine the	various	performance	neural network	determined.	the difficulties
	neutral—by	sentiment	websites.	for this type	and fuzzy		that the future
	extracting their	expressed.		of analysis.	network		work will have
	attributes and	Fuzzy Opinion			techniques,		to overcome.
	analysing their	Mining Model			which could		For sentiment



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	sentiment.	and Tree Bank			result in novel		analysis to
	sentiment.	Model were used.			data mining		advance, these
		Were used.			discoveries.		issues must be
					aises (erres)		solved.
	The goal of the	Senti-Word Net	Five sets	The study's	Higher precision	The features	Future research
	study is to	methodology	of product	findings	and recall values	were not	will concentrate
	pinpoint	meanederegy	reviews	showed	were attained by	arranged in the	on enhancing
[16]	opinion		were	increased	the system,	Senti-word Net	the Senti-word
	sentences in		examined.	precision and	which also used	technique from	Net technique
	each review.			recall values.	a feature pruning	strongest to	and include a
	Feature				strategy to get	weakest.	categorization
	trimming is				rid of any		process that
	used to get rid				inaccurate		arranges the
	of any				characteristics		features in order
	inaccurate				that would have		of their opinion
	features that				harmed		strength, from
	can obstruct				sentiment		strongest to
	sentiment				analysis.		weakest.
	analysis.						
	The focus of	An ontology-	20,000	An ideal	The system		
	the study is to	based sentiment	product	hyperplane	achieves high		
[4]	analyse and	classification	reviews to	curve that	success in		
	classify	approach.	train the	depicts the	sentiment		
	customer's		sentiment	boundary	classification	-	-
	product		classificati	between data	based on		
	reviews.		on	that is	reviews.		
			models.	suitable and			
				data that is			
	The work		Five	not. Compactness	The primary	The system	For sentiment
	focuses on	A feature-based	different	pruning	benefit was the	achieves high	categorization
	feature	sentiment	products	resulted in	comparison of	success in	based on
	extraction,	classification	from	higher	the precision and	sentiment	reviews, the
	POS tagging	approach.	Amazon.	precision	recall values	classification	system attained
[13]	for polarity	Tr ····		levels and	using two forms	based on	an accuracy of
	analysis, and			lower recall	of pruning,	reviews.	79.67%, which
	reprocessing			values in the	namely		is lower than
	methods to			reviews. On	compactness and		that of the
	remove			the other	p-support		Fuzzy Logic
	undesirable			hand,	pruning.		Based approach.
	and inaccurate			precision			
	words.			values rose			
				but recall			
				values stayed			
				the same			
				when p-			
				support			
				pruning was			
				used.			



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	T = .	T	1		T =	T	
	The main focus is to	The WEKA classifier method.	Over 5000 reviews	The study divided the	Depending on	The WEKA tool had one	The goal of the
		classifier method.	reviews		polarity, divided		upcoming work
	categorize the			reviews into	the evaluations	disadvantage:	is to increase
F13	reviews			three	into categories	some of the	classification
[1]	available			categories:	that were good,	classifiers it	performance by
	online.			favourable,	negative, and	provided had	integrating
				unfavourable,	neutral, assisting	poor accuracy.	classifier
				and neutral.	customers in		features and
				Consumers	making a		creating hybrid
				were aided in	purchase		classifiers to
				making their	decision.		address the
				buying			WEKA tool's
				decision by			accuracy issue.
				the polarity of			
				the product			
				reviews.			
	The focus of	The CST	Unstructur	Good	The CST model	The system's	
	this study is to	(Combined	ed	performance	outperformed	main limitation	
	perform topic	Sentiment Topic)	document	in multiple	other approaches	was its inability	
[8]	detection and	model employed	s selected	domains,	in terms of	to detect neutral	-
	sentiment	to perform topic	for	indicating the	performance,	sentiment class.	
	analysis on	detection and	classificati	versatility of	used to improve		
	reviews using	sentiment analysis	on.	the Combined	the accuracy and		
	an	of reviews.		Sentiment	efficiency of the		
	unsupervised			Topic (CST)	system.		
	learning			model for			
	technique.			sentiment			
				analysis			
				tasks.			
	The focus of	SVM and decision	3000	The best	The proposed	Lack of human	The
	this paper is to	tree is used.	reviews	performing	aspect-based	interpretation:	methodology
	propose an		sourced	algorithm	analysis	The system lacks	can expanded to
[6]	approach for		from an	among the	approach is	the ability to	various other
	aspect-based		Indian e-	ones used	suitable for	interpret certain	fields apart from
	sentiment		commerce	was SVM.	analysing large	aspects of	e-commerce,
	analysis		website.		datasets of	language and	including but
	specifically for				product reviews.	context that	not limited to
	Indian product					require human	healthcare,
	reviews.					understanding.	finance, and
							hospitality, to
						Limited scope:	evaluate
						The system's	customer
						capabilities and	feedback on
						application are	particular
						limited to the	features of
						specific context.	products and
						_	services.
	L	1	1		1	1	1



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	The focus of	Naive Bayes	Only	Provided a	It assists in	The main	Future work
	the paper is to	classification	mobile	star rating	selecting the	limitation of the	will involve
	extract	method.	phone	classification	appropriate	system is that it	expanding the
	features from		reviews	for the	product.	only analysed	analysis to
[11]	reviews and		selected	reviews.		reviews for a	include more
	assign polarity		from the			single product.	than two
	to those		Flipkart				products and
	features.		website.				improving the
							techniques
							based on their
							features.

IV.DISCUSSION

The articles compared in this study offer diverse approaches to extracting sentiment and feature information from online product reviews. These methods employ a range of tools and algorithms to analyze and classify the sentiment polarity and features expressed in the reviews. The ultimate goal is to provide valuable insights to customers, manufacturers, and retailers, facilitating informed decision-making processes. Through comparative evaluations, this study sheds light on the various techniques utilized, highlighting their respective strengths, weaknesses, and potential for future development. By exploring these different approaches, researchers and practitioners can gain a deeper understanding of sentiment analysis in the context of product reviews, enabling them to make informed choices and enhance the overall customer experience.

V. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, we found that Naive Bayes' classifier is capable of producing excellent outcomes according to appropriate features selected. The results tend to differ for various n-grams, unigrams and bigrams have found to be particularly effective. It has also observed that feature presence is a superior metric for sentiment analysis compared to feature frequency. The effectiveness of different techniques used in sentiment analysis varies depending on the dataset employed. Accuracy can be improved using POS tagging and negation. Aspect level sentiment analysis can also be performed utilising several unsupervised learning approaches, such as POS tagging to identify features and opinions and Word Net to categorise opinions according to their semantic orientation. According to the study, word presence rather than word frequency produces superior outcomes, which is in line with earlier studies. In contrast to sentences that had only features or only opinions, those that contained both produced meaningful results.

VI.FUTURE WORK

In the future, reviews will be aggregated and more reviews will be provided using data from places like Twitter and eBay. From Amazon and Flipkart, data had already been extracted. To evaluate the performance of the classifier, performance metrics like recall and precision will be used. The quality of the words used to express the user's emotion would be taken into consideration to produce accurate results. For example, the words "good" and "excellent" signify various degrees of positive emotion. Any word's strength can be determined by adding intensifiers like "very" before it. In addition, future work will expand to more product review websites and concentrate on more difficult natural language processing problems. In order to produce accurate results, the algorithm will only take into account the keywords that are already present in the dataset and ignore any other words. To improve the accuracy of the outcomes, the latest and best methods and technologies will be used.

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