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# **Voice Controlled Home Automation System**

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Abstract: Home automation is developing to improve energy efficiency, convenience, and security. In this work, a voicecontrolled system that allows users to control appliances with speech commands is presented. An Arduino Uno serves as the microprocessor in the system, together with an HC-05 Bluetooth module for wireless connection and sensors like a fire sensor for security and an ultrasonic sensor for presence detection. An Android app's voice commands are sent over Bluetooth, processed by the microcontroller, and then carried out by relays. Furthermore, sensor-based automation makes it possible for automated reactions to changes in the surroundings. Accessibility is enhanced by this scalable and reasonably priced solution, especially for people with mobility disabilities. The implementation offers a user-friendly and effective interface for controlling smart homes and exhibits dependable performance.

Keywords: Voice-Controlled Home Automation, Arduino Uno, HC-05 Bluetooth Module, Wireless Communication, Smart Home Automation.

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Home automation has advanced dramatically, improving security, energy efficiency, and convenience. Hands-free, intuitive control is now possible thanks to voice-controlled automation, which replaced manual operation in traditional systems. The suggested system processes voice commands using a smartphone app using an Arduino Uno, HC-05 Bluetooth module, and sensors to enable smooth appliance supervisors.

Among the main features are fire detection for increased safety and presence-based lighting automation that uses an ultrasonic sensor to save energy. Bluetooth communication is a dependable substitute for cloud-dependent Wi-Fi systems since it guarantees real-time response and low battery consumption.

With cloud-based monitoring, IoT connectivity, and AI integration, this scalable and affordable system may be further enhanced, advancing smart home technology.

#### II. RELATED WORK

#### A. Home Automation Systems Development

Infrared remote controls and cable networks have been supplanted by IoT-enabled and AI-powered home automation systems that utilize Wi-Fi, Zigbee, and Bluetooth. While remote control is made possible by cloud-based technologies, their dependence on internet connectivity presents privacy and security concerns. AI-powered voice assistants are more convenient, but they require cloud processing.

Bluetooth-based solutions, like the recommended Arduino and HC-05 setup, offer offline control, faster response times, and costeffectiveness despite their limited range. Techniques for encryption and authentication are employed to address security concerns in wireless automation. Developing a voice-activated, energy-efficient, and secure home automation system with sensor-based automation for enhanced functionality is the aim of this project.

#### B. Approaches to Hybrid Automation

Hybrid home automation systems that incorporate multiple communication protocols, including Bluetooth, Zigbee, and Wi-Fi, are being developed to increase flexibility and reliability. Wi-Fi and cloud-based solutions offer latency and security vulnerabilities even though they make data analytics and remote access easier. In contrast, Zigbee offers low-power mesh networking but requires additional hardware integration. The use of Bluetooth-based automation in this project achieves a balance between offline capabilities, affordability, and efficacy.

The system uses sensor-based automation to increase responsiveness and reduce manual involvement. Future advancements in artificial intelligence (AI) and edge computing could further streamline processing, improve security, and enable predictive automation, leading to more adaptable and independent smart home systems.



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- C. System Design
- Overview of the System: The Voice-Controlled Home Automation System combines relay-controlled switching, sensor-based automation, and voice recognition for smooth appliance control. It is made for convenience, energy efficiency, and security, allowing hands-free operation of household appliances.

The system is made up of the following components:

- Arduino Uno microcontroller
- HC-05 Bluetooth module for wireless communication
- Ultrasonic and fire sensors for automation and safety
- Relay modules for appliance control.
- The main goals of the system are as follows:
- Intuitive voice control for smart home applications
- Sensor-based automation to reduce manual intervention
- Real-time sensor feedback for improved energy efficiency
- Enhanced security with alarm and fire detection features
- 2) Hardware Architecture: The system is made up of three main parts:
- Microcontroller Unit: Arduino Uno is used to process voice commands and sensor inputs to control appliances
- Communication Module: The HC-05 Bluetooth module allows the Arduino and smartphone to communicate wirelessly
- Automation and Safety Sensors: HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor: Detects human presence for automatic light control
- Fire Sensor: Detects heat or flames and sounds an alarm
- Actuators for Output: Relay Module: Turns appliances on and off
- Buzzer: Notifies users in the event of a fire or security breach
- LEDs: Show the automation conditions and system status.
- 3) Software Implementation: For effective processing and control, the system is programmed in Embedded C using the Arduino IDE.

System Workflow:

- A smartphone application is used to translate the user's spoken instruction into text.
- The Arduino Uno receives the command from the HC-05 Bluetooth module.
- Through relay modules, the Arduino interprets the command and manages the relevant device.
- The lights are automated by the ultrasonic sensor, which senses movement.
- To ensure safety, the fire sensor sets off an alarm.
- 4) Communication Protocol: Bluetooth-based communication is made possible by the HC-05 module, guaranteeing fast reaction times and offline capabilities.
- Relay Control: Using the commands it receives, the Arduino controls appliances by sending HIGH/LOW signals.
- 5) Considerations for the Power Supply:
- The Arduino and sensors are powered by 5V DC.
- Relay modules are used to power high-power appliances at 12V DC/230V AC.
- Energy efficiency is increased with buzzers and low-power LEDs.
- 6) Features for Safety & Efficiency:
- Offline Operation: The system doesn't rely on cloud services, which guarantees quick responses and increased security
- Manual Override: In an emergency, relays can be manually controlled.
- Fire Alarm: The fire sensor sounds an alarm when it detects flames.
- Energy Efficiency: The ultrasonic sensor makes sure lights are only used when necessary.



7) Circuit Implementation



Fig. 1 Circuit Diagram

#### D. Methodology



Fig. 2 Block Diagram

#### 1) Overview of the System

- Using a smartphone, the device enables voice-activated automation.
- The Arduino Uno receives commands via Bluetooth (HC-05).
- Signals are processed by the microprocessor, which also manages fans, lighting, and security equipment.

#### 2) Implementation of Hardware

- The Arduino Uno microcontroller serves as the core processing unit
- Communication: Wireless command transfer using the HC-05 Bluetooth module.
- Actuators: Relays used to turn on and off appliances.
- Sensors
- For automatic lighting, an ultrasonic sensor (HC-SR04) detects motion.
- Fire Sensor: When it detects fire, it sounds an alarm.
- Power Source: 5V DC for Arduino and sensors, 12V DC for relays.

#### 3) Software Implementation

- Action: Relays control appliances, sensors set off alarms, and sensors process commands.
- Voice Processing: Voice commands are translated into text, sent over Bluetooth, and processed by Arduino.
- Decision Making: The microcontroller decides what to do based on received commands and sensor data.
- 4) Principle of Operation
- Voice Command Input: Voice commands are entered by the user.
- Bluetooth Communication: The Arduino receives orders from the HC-05.
- Processing: Arduino makes decisions and analyses data.
- Appliance Control: Relays are used to turn on and off appliances.



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- 5) Design of Circuits
- Combining controls, actuators, and sensors.
- Steady control of electricity.
- High-voltage appliances are isolated using a relay driver module.

#### E. Control and Software

The software is in charge of processing voice instructions, deciphering sensor data, and managing appliances that are connected. It is created with the Arduino IDE in Embedded C.

- 1) Processing Voice Commands
- An interface between the user and the system is provided by the HC-05 module.
- A smartphone app sends commands, which Arduino interprets and then carries out as necessary.

#### 2) Sensor-Based Automation

- Lighting is automated by the ultrasonic sensor in response to movement.
- When it senses flames, the fire sensor sounds an alarm.

#### 3) Using Relays to Control Appliances

• In order to control relays and turn appliances on and off, the Arduino interprets sensor inputs and commands.

#### 4) Flow of Program Execution

- Protocols for communication are initialized.
- constant observation of sensor data and Bluetooth orders.
- processing and carrying out the logic for appliance control.

#### 5) Upcoming Improvements to the Software:

- Machine Learning Integration: AI-based learning for adaptive automation.
- IoT connectivity for remote operation is known as cloud-based control.
- Authentication for many users is known as multi-user access.
- Authentication for many users is known as multi-user access.



Fig. 3 System Overview

#### III. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

#### A. Hardware Assembly

- 1) Component Placement: Mounting Arduino Uno, HC-05, sensors, relays, and LEDs on a prototype board with proper spacing.
- 2) Circuit Wiring: Connecting components as per the circuit diagram, powered by a 12V DC supply with secure connections.



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- B. Implementation of Software
- 1) Code Uploading: Using the Arduino IDE, upload embedded C code and configure Bluetooth.
- 2) Command Execution Testing: Confirming real-time sensor-based automation and voice instructions.
- C. System Validation & Testing
- 1) Voice Response Time: Calculating the time lag between a command and its execution.
- 2) Sensor Accuracy: Testing ultrasonic and fire sensor response and false alarm eates.
- 3) Relay Performance: Ensuring accurate ON/OFF switching with minimal latency.
- D. Measures of Performance
- 1) Response Time: The amount of time between voice input and activation.
- 2) Bluetooth Range: The most reliable connection possible.
- 3) Power Consumption: Assessing total effectiveness.
- E. System Output



Fig. 4 Fire Detection Alert

Fig. 5 Fan Activated by Voice

ted by Voice Fig. 6 Light Activated by voice

Fig. 7 Motion Activated by Voice

Fig. 8 RGB Light Activated by Voice

#### IV. CONCLUSION

By enabling voice-operated management of household appliances, the Voice-Controlled Home Automation System improves convenience, security, and energy efficiency. It incorporates sensor-based automation for motion-activated lighting and fire detection, Arduino Uno, and Bluetooth connection. The system provides an affordable smart home solution while lowering manual labour. IoT integration, voice recognition powered by AI, and sophisticated energy analytics for improved functionality are possible future advancements.

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