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International Journal For Research in  
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



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# **INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH**

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

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**Volume: 1**

**Issue: V**

**Month of publication: December 2013**

**DOI:**

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# Analysis of Artificial Neural Networks Based Intrusion Detection Systems for Mobile Ad Hoc Networks

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**Abstract**— *In mobile ad hoc networks, Intrusion detection system is known as the second line of defense because prevention based techniques are not a good solution for ad hoc networks due to its complex characteristics. For the security point of view, many intrusion detection systems have been proposed to mobile ad hoc networks in literature. This paper analyzed the proposed artificial neural networks based intrusion detection systems and also discussed their applicability in mobile ad hoc networks.*

**Keywords**— *Mobile ad hoc networks (MANETs), MANETs Security issues, Intrusion detection system (IDS), IDS components, artificial neural networks (ANNs).*

## I. INTRODUCTION

Mobile ad hoc networks are very flexible network in terms of communication because there is no need of predefined infrastructure for communication between the mobile nodes. Some characteristics of MANETs such as communication via wireless links, resource constraints (such as bandwidth and battery power), cooperation between the nodes due to communication protocols and dynamic topologies make it more vulnerable to attacks [1].

Intrusion detection is a security technology that attempt to identify those who are trying to break into and misuse a system without authorization and those who have legitimate access to the system but are abusing their privileges. An Intrusion detection system dynamically monitors a system and user actions in the system to detect intrusion [2].

The basic functionality of IDS depends only on three main components such as data collection, detection and response. The data collection component is responsible for collect the data from various data sources such as system audit data, network traffic data, etc. Detection module is responsible to

analysis of collected data to detect the intrusions and if detection module is detected any suspicious activity in the network then initiates the response by the response module. There are mainly three detection techniques such as misuse based, anomaly based and specification based techniques presented in the literature [3].

Misuse-based detection systems detect the intrusions on the behalf of predefined attack signature. Second intrusion detection technique is Anomaly-based detection technique. It detects the intrusion on bases of normal behavior of the system. The third technique is specification - based intrusion detection. In this detection technique, first specified the set of constraints on a particular protocol or program and then detects the intrusions at the run time violation of these specifications.

This paper emphasized on proposed neural networks based intrusion detection system in mobile ad hoc networks. Artificial neural networks are very important method to differentiate normal and malicious nodes in the MANETs. ANNs have the ability to detect intrusions with high detection rate and forecasting the unknown patterns or learning capability [7]. In the rest of paper are organized as

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follows: in section II analyze the proposed neural networks based intrusion detection system and section III presents the conclusion in terms of results.

### II. ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS BASED INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEMS IN MANETS

This section is going to present the proposed artificial neural networks based intrusion detection systems in mobile ad hoc networks. Table 1 presented the detailed description of proposed artificial neural networks based intrusion detection systems.

#### A. SVM based intrusion detection system in MANETs:

In this paper Hongmei Deng et al. [4] proposed support vector machine based intrusion detection system that emphasized on the security issues of network layer in wireless ad hoc networks. It is suitable for real time intrusion detection. They have also proposed two distributed system detection models which are distributed hierarchical model and completely distributed model.

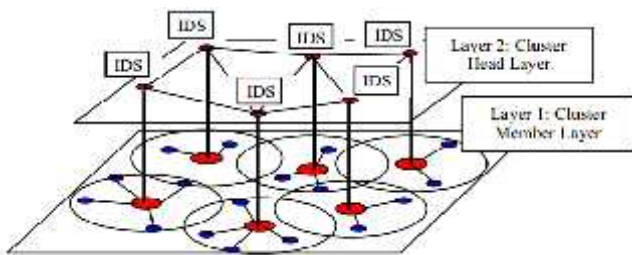


Figure 1: A Distributed Hierarchical Detection Model [4]

They considered Ad hoc On-demand Distance Vector (AODV) routing protocol for proposed models. Whole network divided into the clusters.

In distributed hierarchical model have two layers: first layer for cluster member layer and second layer for cluster head layer as shown in figure 1. Actually cluster head of a particular cluster have only capability to take decision and give local response and then help of all clusters cluster head together raised the global response.

But in this approach no security provided for cluster head. SVM intrusion detection approach basically worked on second layer. They have taken two attack types of Dos attack and provide higher detection accuracy.

#### B. Neural network and Watermarking based IDS on MANETs:

Aikaterini Mitrokotsa et al. [5] first proposed neural network based intrusion detection system which provided the information visualization for achieving direct response in case of possible intrusions and they used watermarking techniques for the authentication of information visualization.

The proposed IDS architecture is composed of multiple local IDS agents that are responsible for detecting the possible attacks on MANETs as shown in figure 2. The components of local IDS are – Data collector (local audit data and activity logs); Intrusion detection engine; Intrusion response engine.

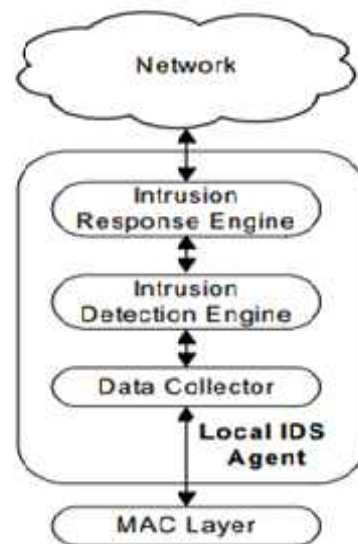


Figure 2: Intrusion detection Architecture [5]

The Intrusion detection engine is responsible for detecting anomaly from local audit data. In this SOM (class of neural network) used to produce output in the form of visual representation of classification performed.

They used eSOM classifier for classifying the normal and abnormal data which based on MAC layer features and after that watermarking technique applied on local eSOM map (normal data) for authentication. Intrusion response engine are

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responsible for sending local (one hop neighbors of a node) and global alarm (all nodes in a node transmission range).

They used combined watermarking techniques (Lattice and Block-Wise method) for authentication of eSOM map and evaluated their system performance on the ns-2 simulator under the packet dropping attack. But it is not evaluated under the high mobility and high traffic activity. Proposed IDS using eSom needs to be trained in regular interval. So it caused overhead affects the energy efficiency of the algorithm.

They considered limited number of attacks. In their future work included to develop intrusion detection engine which can employ various routing protocols and can detect various types of attacks. This system may be provided computation complexity in generation and verification of digital signature

### C. *Back Propagation Network (BPN) Approach based IDS for MANETs:*

Min-Hua Shao et al. [6] presented an intrusion detection system which is based on the cluster-based cooperative back propagation network approach. The proposed approach used anomaly based detection method for the detection of unknown

attacks but the selected features for collecting the data are too limited in this paper.

In implementation point of view, this paper emphasized on few attacks such as changing serial number attack and packet drop attack. This paper also showed the comparison between BPN and finite state machine.

### D. *Neural network based IDS in MANETs:*

Zahra moradi et al. [7] also proposed the neural network based intrusion detection system for MANETs. They can efficiently detect nodes under DoS attack. For this purpose they are selected Feed Forward Back Propagation network type.

For the data collection based selected features are too limited for the detection of unknown attacks. Implementation point of view, this paper used ns-2 simulator and MATLAB toolbox.

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| IDS   | Researcher  | year | Data Source                                  | Detection Technique      | Addressed attack type   | Contribution   | Other manet IDS issue   |
|---|---|------|--|--------------------------|---|--|---|
| SVM based IDS[4]                              | Hongmei Deng et al.                               | 2003 | Audit data                                   | Misuse based detection   | black hole attack and Frequent False Routing Requesting (FFRR). | Applied new category of machine learning method for classify normal and abnormal data patterns for wireless ad hoc networks  | Not suitable for any routing protocol and any attack type.<br><br>Not provide clusterhead security  |
| Neural network and Watermarking based IDS [5] | Aikaterini Mitrokotsa*<br>, Nikos Komninos et al. | 2007 | local audit data and Logs of network traffic | Misuse based detection   | Packet dropping attack  | First used neural network and watermarking approach for MANETs security<br><br>Neural approach provided information visualization for achieving response of intrusion<br><br>Watermarking technique used for authentication of | IDS using eSom needs to be trained in regular interval. So it caused overhead affects the energy efficiency of the algorithm.<br><br>Cannot detect different type of attacks. |
| Back Propagation Network (BPN) Approach[6]    | Min-Hua Shao<br>Ji-Bin Lin<br>Yi-Ping Lee         | 2010 | Packet related data                          | Anomaly detection method | Modify serial number attack, Packet drop attack                 | Back Propagation Network (BPN) Approach used for anomaly based detection<br><br>Make the comparison between BPN and finite state machine detection approach  | packet related feature is too limited   |
| Neural network based IDS [7]                  | Zahra moradi,<br>Mohammad Teshnehlab              | 2012 | Logs of network traffic                      | Anomaly based            | Dos type attack   | Neural networks based approach is used to detect a kind of DoS attack.   | Limited features selected for data collection.<br><br>Concentration only one specific attack<br><br>Consider distributed architecture type IDS                                |

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**Table 1:** Proposed artificial neural networks based Intrusion detection systems in MANETs

### III. CONCLUSION

In this paper, we have analyzed neural networks based intrusion detection system for mobile ad hoc networks. As a result, there are few IDSs proposed in literature which are based on ANNs. These proposed IDSs have emphasized only few features for data collection and few specific attacks in MANETs. For the future aspect, there is need for new IDS which can cover all features for data collection towards detection of all attacks.

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