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# Product Reviews Sentiment Analysis using Supervised Joint Aspect and Sentiment Model: Survey

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**Abstract:** Consumer reviews of products are now available on the Internet. Consumer reviews contain rich and valuable knowledge for both firms and users. However, the reviews are often disorganized, leading to difficulties in information navigation and knowledge acquisition. Hence, we proposed a system to simplify the complexity of buying good online products, buy ranking them on their individual aspects with the help of reviews given on them.

The important product aspects are identified based on two observations: 1) the important aspects are usually commented on by a large number of consumers and 2) consumer opinions on the important aspects greatly influence their overall opinions on the product. Extractive review summarization can achieve significant performance improvements, which demonstrate the capacity of product aspect ranking in facilitating real-world applications. This paper gives survey of different techniques used by the researcher for assessment for product reviews and abstract view of the system using Supervised Joint Aspect and Sentiment Model which we are going to implement Supervised Joint Aspect and Sentiment Model for increasing the accuracy.

**Keywords:** Product aspects, aspect ranking, aspect identification, sentiment classification.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Online product reviews are important determinants of consumers' purchase decision. Although prior research has articulated various benefits of online product reviews, there are few investigations into whether or not they are perceived as helpful by consumers. The observation is also echoed by scholars who suggest that consumers are often inclined to acquire product review information to enhance the formation of informed purchase decisions. There are numerous easily accessible product reviews posted in various online shopping websites that compete [3] for consumer's attention; hence, the key priority of a website manager is to select and publish more helpful reviews to minimize consumer's inclination to abandon visits to their websites and strengthen their effectiveness in attracting new customers. Although presenting helpful reviews to consumers has become one of the most useful marketing tools of a company (e.g., Amazon.com), the question of what type of product reviews on online shopping websites can be evaluated as helpful by consumers, has not been thoroughly researched.

Each review may contain number comments and new comments are added every minute. Supervised Joint Aspect and Sentiment Model is useful to a huge number of real world applications.

### A. Aspect-Based Sentiment Analysis

Opinion mining is valuable at both the document and sentence levels, but it does not determine precisely what people liked and disliked. Thus, algorithms are needed to digest a massive amount of information and extract product aspects and their corresponding opinions. The main focus on identifying and extracting the product features that reviewer's mention in their reviews. [8]

## II. LITERATURE REVIEW

"Zheng-Jun Zha" [1] says, consumer reviews of products are now available on the Internet. Consumer reviews contain rich and valuable knowledge for both firms and users. However, the reviews are often disorganized, leading to difficulties in information navigation and knowledge acquisition. This article proposes a product aspect ranking framework, which automatically identifies the important aspects of products from online consumer reviews, aiming at improving the usability of the numerous reviews. Develop a probabilistic aspect ranking algorithm to infer the importance of aspects by simultaneously considering aspect frequency and the influence of consumer opinions given to each aspect over their overall opinions. The experimental results on a review corpus of 21 popular products in eight domains demonstrate the effectiveness of the proposed approach

“Wanxiang Che” [2] says, Sentiment analysis, which addresses the computational treatment of opinion, sentiment, and subjectivity in text, has received considerable attention in recent years. In contrast to the traditional coarse-grained sentiment analysis tasks, such as document-level sentiment classification, we are interested in the fine-grained aspect-based sentiment analysis that aims to identify aspects that users comment on and these aspects’ polarities. Aspect-based sentiment analysis relies heavily on syntactic features. However, the reviews that this task focuses on are natural and spontaneous, thus posing a challenge to syntactic parsers. This problem by proposing a framework of adding a sentiment sentencecompression (Sent Comp) stepbefore performing the aspect-based sentiment analysis.

“Wei Zhao” [3] says,Product reviews are valuable for upcoming buyers in helping them make decisions. To this end, different opinion mining techniques have been proposed, where judging a review sentence’s orientation (e.g. positive or negative) is one of their key challenges. Recently, deep learning has emerged as an effective means for solving sentiment classification problems. A neural network intrinsically learns a useful representation automatically without human efforts. However, the success of deep learning highly relies on the availability of large-scale training data.

“ANH-DUNG VO” [8] says,determining a consensus opinion on a product sold online is no longer easy, because assessments have become more and more numerous on the Internet. To address this problem, researchers have used various approaches, such as looking for feelings expressed in the documents and exploring the appearance and syntax of reviews. Aspect-based evaluation is the most important aspect of opinion mining, and researchers are becoming more interested in product aspect extraction; however, more complex algorithms are needed to address this issue precisely with large data sets. “Nina Isabel Holleschovsky“says,the various online product review and recommendation platforms differ in their objectives, function and characteristics. The literature has so far paid little attention on function characteristics of these platforms as an element of customer adoption and preference. Given the importance of this form of customer generated content on business sales and profitability the monitoring and often responding to customer reviews by business organizations has become a major managerial challenge and an important reputation management issue. In order to respond efficiently to customer reviews companies need to identify consumer reviews platforms, understand their characteristics and continuously assess their impact on consumer purchasing decisions. This study identifies four main types of online review platforms: retail websites, independent reviewing platforms, video-sharing platforms and personal blogs. These platforms present product reviews in different formats with accent on various reviews function characteristics. Mengxiang Li[9]says,Product review helpfulness is conceptualized as a second-order formative construct, which is manifested by perceived source credibility, perceived content diagnosticity, and perceived vicarious expression of the product review. In this study, we conduct a laboratory experiment to investigate product review helpfulness as well as its corresponding antecedents from the product review feature perspective (i.e., source- and content-based review features). Findings from the study are threefold. First, the results of the data analysis support the theoretical conceptualization of product review helpfulness as a formative construct. Second, the results support the notion that the source- and content-based review features have direct impact on product review helpfulness. Consumers perceive customer-written product reviews as more helpful than those written by experts; they also perceive a concrete review as more helpful than an abstract review.

### III. PROPOSED SYSTEMS

#### A. System Architecture

The main aim of the system is to help the customer in making intelligent decision for product purchase by analyzing positive, negative and neutral comments given by user.The proposed system will help the consumer to choose the secure and quality website based on the product reviews collected and the views and opinions shared by the consumers.

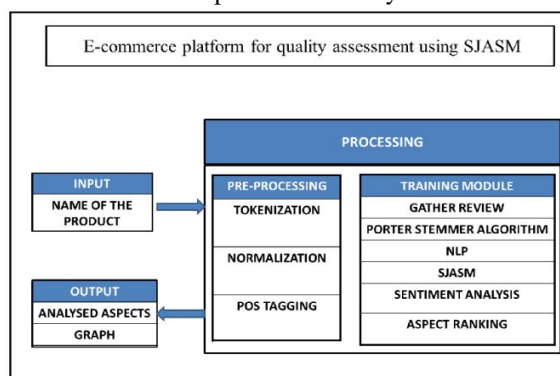


Figure: - System Architecture

The detail working of the system is as follow with the architecture diagram.

- 1) *Aspect SJASM Framework*: SJASM framework consists of different fundamental processing modules such as aspect identification, aspect classification, sentiment classification and aspect ranking.
- 2) *Evaluations*: In this section, we will evaluate the effectiveness of our approach on aspect identification, sentiment classification, and aspect ranking.
- 3) *Preprocessing*
  - a) *Tokenization*: It splits sentences into words
  - b) *Normalization*: Removes stop words from input text data
  - c) *Part-of-speech (POS) Tagging*: Detects if the word token is noun, verb, and adjective.
- 4) *Feature Extraction*
  - a) *Aspect word extraction*: Draw aspect word related words from comment.
  - b) *Opinion word extraction*: Draw opinion word related to extracted aspects
  - c) *Generate bag of pair*: Draw pair of aspect and opinion.
- 5) *Sentiment Analysis for Each Aspect A*: Draw opinion pair of sentiment analysis of each opinion word.
- 6) *Display Overall Ranking*: When customer wants to buy any products this application will display Overall ranking so it is helpful for making intelligent decisions about product purchasing

#### B. Product List

In this system we automatically identify important product aspects from online consumer reviews. We use product reviews to find positive, negative or neutral sense of aspects of the product with the use of SJASM framework. Below is the list of some electronic product for which user can make the intelligent decisions about product purchasing.

Table 1: Product List

Brand Name	Product Name
Apple	Apple - Iphone 5c A1532 Verizon 16 GB Cell Phone - Green
Apple	Apple 64GB iPhone 4S White
Apple	Apple A1533 Unlocked iPhone 5S Smart Phone 16 GB
Apple	Apple a1549 iPhone 6 64GB T-Mobile (silver)
Kyocera	Sprint Kyocera DuraPlus E4233
HTC	Sprint HTC Evo 4g Smart Phone (White)
Sony	Sony Xperia Z5 Dual E6633 Unlocked Quad Band Android Phone
Sony	Sony Xperia Z3 Compact D5833 Unlocked Smartphone
Samsung	Samsung GT-I9500 Galaxy S4 16 GB
OnePlus	OnePlus 2 Unlocked Smartphone 64GB Sandstone Black
Nokia	Nokia N900 Unlocked Cell Phone
Motorola	Moto Z Play - Black - 32GB
Lenovo	Lenovo Vibe K5 Plus 5-Inch HD Display LTE Dual Sim Smartphone
Apple	IPHONE 6S 16GB ROSE GOLD

#### 1) Advantages

- a) Identifies important aspects based on the product, which increases the efficiency of the reviews.
- b) The proposed framework and its components are domain-independent.

## IV. ALGORITHM USED

#### A. Probabilistic Aspect Ranking

- 1) *Notations and Problem Formulation*: Let  $R = \{r_1, \dots, r_{|R|}\}$  denotes a set of online consumer reviews of a specific product. Each review  $r \in R$  is associated with an overall opinion rating  $Or$ , and covers several aspects with consumer comments on these aspects. Suppose there are  $m$  aspects  $A = \{a_1, \dots, a_m\}$  involved in the review corpus  $R$ , where “ $a_k$ ” is the  $k$ -th aspect. We define “ $ork$ ” as the opinion on aspect  $a_k$  in review  $r$ . We assume that the overall opinion rating  $Or$  is generated based on a weighted sum of the opinions on specific aspects “ $ork$ ”.



- 2) *Aspect Identification*: There are usually two types of reviews, Pros and Cons review and free text reviews on the Web. For Pros and Cons reviews, the aspects are identified as the frequent noun terms in the reviews. To identify the aspects in free text reviews, we first parse each review using the Stanford parser 1, and extract the noun phrases (NP) from the parsing tree as aspect candidates. While the obtained aspects may contain some synonym terms, such as “earphone” and “headphone,” we further perform synonym clustering to get unique aspects.

#### B. Aspect Sentiment Classification

To this end, we here utilize Pros and Cons reviews to train a SVM sentiment classifier. Specifically, we will collect sentiment terms in the Pros and Cons reviews as features and represent each review into feature vector using Boolean weighting.

#### C. Aspect Ranking

Assume that the consumer gives the overall opinion rating “Or” based on the weighted sum of his/her opinion “ork” on each aspect “ak” :  $\sum_{k=1}^m \omega_k \text{“ork”}$ , which can be rewritten as “or” T or, where “ $\omega$ ” and “or” are the weight and opinion vectors. We view “Or” as a sample drawn from a Gaussian distribution, with mean “ $\omega$ ” T “or” and variance “ $\sigma^2$ ”,

$$p(O_r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left[-\frac{(O_r - \omega_r^T o_r)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right].$$

We then compute the final importance score “wk” for each aspect “ak” by integrating its importance score in all the reviews as,

$$\omega_k = \frac{1}{|R|} \sum_{r \in R} \omega_{rk}, \quad k = 1, \dots, m$$

#### D. Porter Stemmer Algorithm

Porter stemming algorithm (or 'Porter stemmer') is a process for removing the commoner morphological and inflexional endings from words in English. Following are the steps of this algorithm:-

- 1) Gets rid of plurals and -ed or -ing suffixes.
- 2) Turns terminal y to i when there is another vowel in the stem
- 3) Maps double suffixes to single ones: -ization, -ational, etc.
- 4) Deals with suffixes, -full, -ness etc.
- 5) Takes off -ant, -ence, etc.
- 6) Removes a final -e

### V. CONCLUSION

Product reviews and performs sentiment analysis i.e. to find positive, negative or neutral sense of aspects of the product. Each review may contain number comments and new comments are added every minute. Aspect ranking framework is useful to a huge number of real world applications. It is useful to users for making intelligent decisions about product purchasing and also helpful to merchants for knowing their product's positive and negative attribute.

In this survey different literature are studied and grants us to get equipped with work. This survey also describes proposed system with its advantages.

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