iJRASET
International Journal For Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 7 **Issue:** IV **Month of publication:** April 2019

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2019.4331

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International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)
ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 6.887
Volume 7 Issue IV, Apr 2019- Available at www.ijraset.com

Identity based Encryption Technique for Secure Data Sharing in Public Cloud

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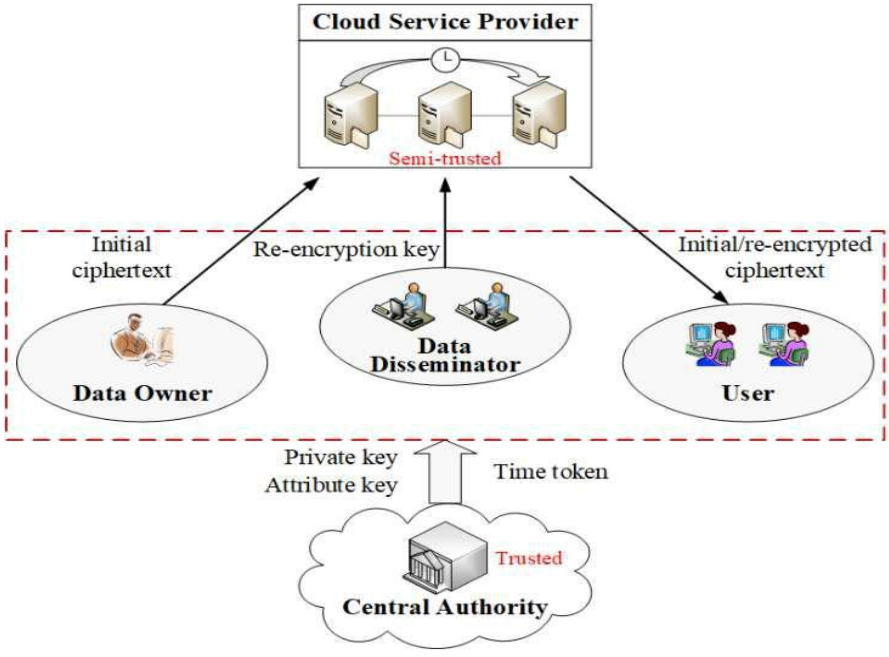
Abstract: Cloud computing has become increasingly popular among users and businesses around the world. Although cryptographic techniques can provide data protection for users in public cloud, several issues also remain problematic, such as secure data group dissemination and fine-grained access control of time-sensitive data. Data users can search all files uploaded by data owners. He or she can send request to admin. Then admin will send the search key. After entering the search key, He or she can view the file.

I.INTRODUCTION

Cloud computing is regarded as such a computing paradigm in which resources in the computing infrastructure are provided as services over the Internet. The cloud computing benefits individual users and enterprises with convenient access, increased operational efficiencies and rich storage resources by combining a set of existing and new techniques from research areas such as service-oriented architectures and virtualization. Although the great benefits brought by cloud computing are exciting for users, security problems may somehow impede its quick development. Currently, more and more users would outsource their data to cloud service provider (CSP) for sharing. However, the CSP which deprives data owners' direct control over their data is assumed to be honest-but-curious, that may prompt security concerns. These security matters existing in public cloud motivate the requirement to appropriately keep data confidential

II. oBJECTIVE

Cloud computing has become increasingly popular among users and businesses around the world. Although cryptographic techniques can provide data protection for users in public cloud, several issues also remain problematic, such as secure data group dissemination and fine-grained access control of time-sensitive data. Data users can search all files uploaded by data owners. He or she can send request to admin. Then admin will send the search key. After entering the search key, He or she can view the file.



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III. PROPOSAL

In this paper, we propose a secure data group sharing and dissemination scheme with attribute and time conditions in public cloud. The main contributions of our scheme are as follows:

A. We employ IBBE technique to achieve secure data group sharing in public cloud, which allows data owner to outsource encrypted data to semi-trusted cloud and share it with a group of receivers at one time. It is more convenient that email and username could be used as public keys for users.

B. We design an access policy embedding releasing time and take the advantages of attribute-based CPRE, to achieve fine-grained and timed-release data group dissemination. The CSP can re-encrypt initial cipher texts for data disseminator after the designate time if his attributes associated with the re-encryption key satisfy the access policy in the cipher texts.

C. We analyze the security of our proposed scheme, and conduct a detailed theoretical and experimental analysis. The results show that our scheme makes a tradeoff between computational overhead and expressive dissemination conditions, and performs significantly better in data group sharing and dissemination in public cloud.

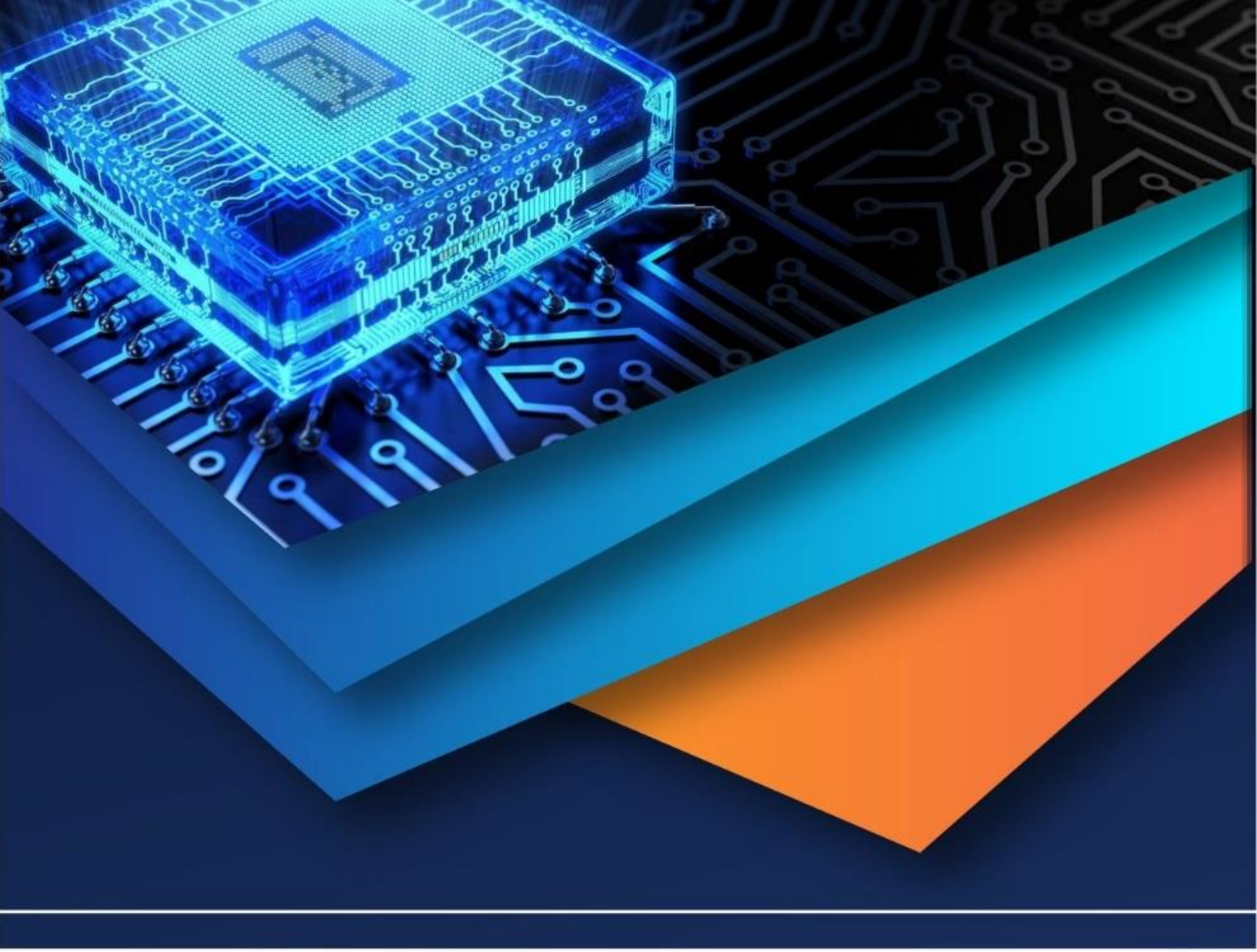
IV. CONCLUSIONS

In this paper, we propose a secure data group sharing and dissemination scheme in public cloud based on attribute-based and timed-release conditional identity based broadcast PRE. Our scheme allows users to share data with a group of receivers by using identity such as email and username at one time, which would guarantee data sharing security and convenience in public cloud. Besides, with the usage of fine-grained and timed-release CPRE, our scheme allows data owners to custom access policies and time trapdoors in the cipher text which could limit the dissemination conditions when outsourcing their data. The CSP will re-encrypt the cipher text successfully only when the attributes of data disseminator associated with the re-encryption key satisfy access policy in the initial cipher text and the time trapdoors in the initial cipher text are exposed. We conduct our experiments with pairing-based cryptography library. The theoretical analysis and experiment results have shown the security and efficiency of our scheme.

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