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Charging Electric Vehicles using Solar Energy with different Techniques

Thippeswamy K¹, Hemanth Kumar A M²

^{1,2}Department of Computer Science and Engineering, VTU University

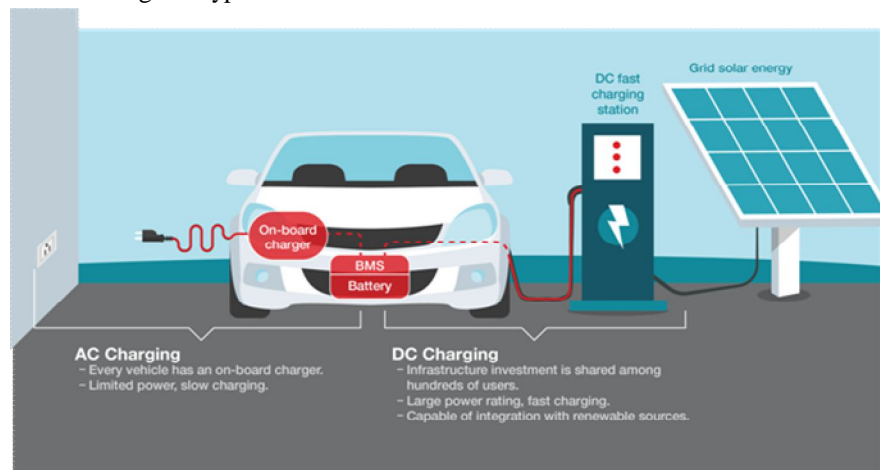
Abstract: In numerous nations primary vitality hotspot for vehicles is their gaseous petrol and fuel, and the charging of electric vehicle batteries with clean vitality utilizing sun oriented autochthonous sustainable assets. Also, this is outstanding amongst other approach to spare the Earth from contamination. This paper manages the study led over the strategies and advances that give by which Electric Vehicles can be charged by sun oriented vitality.

Keywords: Vitality hotspot, gaseous petrol and fuel, electric vehicles, autochthonous, sustainable asset, contamination.

I. INTRODUCTION

By and by, growing new sorts of vitality transformation and capacity frameworks is turning out to be apparent due to expanding human populace and consequently more noteworthy dependence on vitality based gadgets for endurance. Because of the quick increment in the total populace and financial extension geometrically, this is realizing quickly decreasing petroleum derivatives and the ceaselessly developing natural worries as ozone harming substance emanations. Moreover with the mechanical progressions in this cutting edge period, increasingly electronic gadgets are being utilized to supplant labor consequently prompting a further increment in vitality utilization.

Energy obtained from the sun's radiations when in contact with the earth's atmosphere and or surface as irradiances is called solar energy. Presently, this is known by humans to be the prime renewable energy in existence till date, the energy produced in day is able of sustaining mankind even when traditional energy sources gets finished. This readily available environmentally friendly energy source can easily be obtain via series of methods as photovoltaic, solar thermal energy, artificial photosynthesis, solar heating and also solar architecture[1]. Research works have shown that at the core of the sun, the solar energy is in form of nuclear energy. And this energy is used to charge all types of Electric Vehicles.



II. LITERATURE SURVEY

DiaRetDB0, DiaRetDb1 and HRF database for detecting hard exudates, he initially normalizes the image using 9*9 median filter and gamma correction. And he selected green channel for further process and used CLAHE technique to enhance the contrast of image. Global threshold is found based on peaks of histogram and to detect the OD (optic disc) 3*3 median filter was used and OD was masked by binary mask. then only exudates were remained. The region growing algorithm is used to detect the bigger exudates. Finally specificity 88.46% and sensitivity 94.59% was found for the gamma value 0.49.

Stefano Rinaldi[1], here the author has illustrated a method by which it is able to log information from the OBD device of an EV later forwarding it to a user's information system and this design has been implemented in real world. The information recouped by the passage are moved to the client's data framework when an association with the client's system is accessible Recorded

information would then be able to be utilized by the client's EMS so as to evaluate the vitality request profile of the EV, and to all the more likely deal with the vitality assets of the client's capacity network. The entryway has been approved in the building grounds of the College of Brescia, the use of Mode 3 charging station along with the business EV (Renault ZOE R240). The SOC of the EV prior to the charging stage has been observed every day during one month. The data recuperated by the portal has been utilized to assess the run of the mill EV utilization and its vitality utilization profile.[1]

Gheorghe Badea [2], as an initial point to display the usefulness of the technology bestowed in mobile applications (electromobility), here the author has talked about the likelihood of using renewable solar energy resources to supply energy support for the EV charging station, for both conditions of the public electricity supply network connection as well as for remote locations without a connection to the electricity distribution network.

The reenactments were directed utilizing iHOGA 2.4 software (upgraded half and half advancement by utilizing hereditary calculations) for the recreation and enhancement of independent electric force age frameworks dependent on sustainable power sources. The close planetary system of the EV charging station introduced here can work in a disconnected mode utilizing 100% sustainable power source. The complete surface involved by the introduced sunlight based boards was 45.65 m². A re-enactment was accomplished, taking into account that few vehicles are charged continuously utilizing the photovoltaic station at its full limit with regards to the entire day. The photovoltaic boards produced a sum of 5789 kWh/year, and 55.47% of the vitality was utilized for charging the station and 44.53% was the abundance vitality and the loss of the vitality framework. August, the most beneficial month for power yield with a month to month normal force estimation of 843 W and December, the most noticeably awful month for yield power, with a month to month normal force estimation of 416W. An intermediary average power value of 657 W was noticed during rest of the months. In this situation, the evaluation of environmental performance refers to the carbon-di-oxide emissions due to the process of obtaining electricity. The outflows from the photovoltaic framework were 67.04% less compared to the power created by old style techniques. Some of the parameters that decide the financial performance are :13,767 Euros as initial cost, 24,692 Euros as a net present cost and 0.17 Euro/kWh as a levelized cost. These results are used on a large scale, it highlights the premises and equipments for design and size parameters of the EV charging station infrastructure powered by solar resources specifically in Romania and any other part of the world, for solar renewable source is virtually inexhaustible energy source.[2]

Nusrat Chowdhury [3], here the writer has a total new approach for the use of the current introduced sun oriented PV boards at the chose area, which will upgrade the employments of the introduced framework. As the stream structure is simply being used to nimbly essentialness to the system, we have played out an examination that showed the adequacy of the made imperativeness can be redesigned by establishing an e-vehicle charging system. Our evaluation has proved that the comprehensive cost of essentialness will be diminished astoundingly as the structure is starting at now fused with the school grounds so the general zero foundation cost is relied upon to run the system. The essentialness conveyed by the daylight based photovoltaic structure presented in the Organization of Vitality of Dhaka College can offer up to 13,792 kWh/year, which can be utilized in a charging station (2861 kWh/year) for two electrical vehicles and can be imported or worked from the close by advertise. By and large 21% of the rigid creation can be utilized in the charging station for charging the e-vehicles and the remainder of the vitality can add to the national network (around 9837 kWh/year).

The expansion of the imperativeness stream from the PV structure to the e-vehicle needs exceptionally long and low power charges that license abusing the hours when the formation of the photovoltaic safe house is high. In any case, a savvy thought could be to use an imperativeness amassing system. Likewise, using this new thought of green transportation will finally lessen the ozone exhausting substance surges by 52,944 kg/year. In this manner, natural contamination will diminish essentially. All around, green transportation will be incredibly significant for the economy of the country as it will diminish hard and fast weight pressure on the force structure sort out and for the earth as it will decrease CO₂ releases observable all around. [3]

Erik Blasius [4], Considering the essential primers and the aftereffects of this work, the creator has expressed that adaptable power stockpiling possibilities can be gotten from totaled electric vehicles, as long as vital specialized prerequisites are satisfied. Concerning the physical and lively availability of these conceivable outcomes of limit use, which are in a general sense established on e-vehicles batteries related with the power deftly grid, various reductions and obstructions must be thought of.

Without any justifiable cause, the future wide use of e-vehicles, as controllable loads and flexible power stores is a tangled matter. It doesn't propose that any place there is an association for charging, the e-vehicle is intertwined into the force agilely structure. The progression of electric convenience along the clashing measures of connection and idiotic charging, attachment and shrewd charging, and fitting and V2G requires thought of various specific and definitive basics, circumstances and systems, especially for the gathering of explicit vehicles. At last, the unequivocal components for secure power stockpiling saves are where, when, how much

and to what extent they are accessible. As appeared, relative accessibility fluctuates enormously over the whole watched time of exact examination. Qualities among 0% and just shy of 87% were estimated here, yet they are corresponded to the utilization of the charging stations in pre-characterized timeframes.

By separating the midweek days the time from 09:45 to 14:30 could be recognized as a span of most outrageous relative availability, which on ordinary was at any rate about 33.33% of the best openness and as such with a given probability is likely going to be appropriate for the safe nimble of force system linked organizations in picked 15mins spans. In order to extend the comprehensive proclamation of the brought investigate results, it is basic to upgrade the judicious grade through an necessary addition of the amount of participating e-vehicles. Matrix benefits by e-vehicles can be unequivocally upgraded with developing number of vehicles and their accessibility at charging stations.[4]

Arun kumar P[5] in smart grid systems the status monitoring of batteries is based on the Internet of things (IoT). For the sake of correspondence a cloud stage and Android App is made used by the IoT here. The vehicle client can examine the strength of his vehicle battery and he can without much of a stretch settle on a choice whether to take power from framework or to offer capacity to matrix. The information put away in the Ada organic product IO goes on for thirty days. For the future work, treatment of numerous clients can be undertaken in order to obtain the status of various users.[5]

Zbigniew Waclawek [6] as the EV charging stations are constantly increasing in count, the need of Controllable loads in distribution systems is also increasing. The high charging powers of EV highlights the charging power tops jeopardizing the dissemination framework. An enhanced way to deal with charging station activity was discussed. Relative effortlessness, usage of neighbourhood data and adjustment to stochastic changes of EV arrangement are the principle favourable circumstances of the proposed approach. The foreseen straightening of the charging power bend was accomplished and introduced in contrast with un-enhanced methodology. Later on genuine conduct of drivers ought to be remembered for the examination so as to all the more likely survey the force bend levelling.

III.CONCLUSION

The need of maintaining greener and ecofriendly environment along with human activities including car usage is seen in this survey. Using renewable source like solar energy instead of non-renewable fuel is one approach in that direction. The most resourceful and systematic way of utilizing this solar energy includes selecting the most efficient units which can correspond to the energy capacity to charge these electric cars. With the contradictory principles of plug & dumb charging, plug & smart charging and plug & V2G the electric mobility improvements need considerations of many technical and organizational prerequisites, conditions and methods, especially for the aggregation of particular vehicles. To maximize the usage of the installed system different techniques of installing solar PV panels at the selected location are adopted. Therefore these solar energy setups of EV charging are adapted to operating even in isolated mode with complete renewable sources.

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