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Fuzzy Logic Controller Based Speed Analysis and Control of DC Shunt Motor

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Abstract: In this paper, various speed control techniques for a dc shunt motor namely conventional PID controller and fuzzy logic controller, using a PID controller and Fuzzy Logic Controller have been discussed and a comparative analysis between them. When compared to conventional PID controller then we found that Fuzzy controller provides better speed. Finally, the result shows that the fuzzy logic approach has minimum transient response; fuzzy logic controller is more effectiveness and better efficiency than conventional PID controller. The DC shunt motor models have been developed using SIMULINK MATLAB and the comparative analysis is based on the speed responses obtained by simulation of the DC shunt motor models.
Keywords- Speed control, DC shunt motor, PID Controllers Design, Simulation, fuzzy logic controller.

I. INTRODUCTION

DC motor is a power actuator which converts electrical energy into mechanical energy. DC motor is used in applications where wide speed ranges are required. The greatest advantage of dc motors is speed control. The term speed control stands for intentional change of the drive speed to a value required for performing the specific work process. Speed control is either done manually by the operator or by means of some automatic control device. DC motors are most suitable for wide range speed control and are therefore used in many adjustable speed drives [1]. The speed torque characteristics of DC motors are much better to that of AC motors. Also DC motors provide excellent control of speed for acceleration and deceleration. DC motors have a long practice of use as adjustable speed machines and a wide range of options have evolved. In these applications, the motor should be accurately controlled to give the desired performance. The controllers of the speed that are conceived for objective to control the speed of DC motor to execute many tasks [2].Speed control means intentional change of the drive speed to a value required for performing the specific work process. Speed control is a different concept from speed regulation where there is natural change in speed due change in load on the shaft. Speed control is either done manually by the operator or by means of some automatic control device. One of the important features of DC motor is that its speed can be controlled with relative ease [3]. The main advantage of DC motors is the speed control facility. The term speed control stands for intentional speed variation done by automatic controllers or by manual means. For further improvement of the speed response characteristics of the DC motor, another controller called Fuzzy Logic Controller (FLC) has been developed. Fuzzy logic control is a linguistic control algorithm which uses general statements instead of the mathematical equations to define the control scheme of the responses. Due to this technique, a wide range of values are included in the set which leads to better rise time, less speed fluctuations and overshoots. With fuzzy logic controller, manual tuning is eliminated and intelligent tuning takes the centre stage with satisfactory performance. There are several conventional types such as Proportional (P), Proportional Integral (PI), Proportional derivative (PD).Proportional Integral derivative controller (PID) [4] and Fuzzy Logic Controller (FLC) [5][6]. This paper mainly focuses on the performance evaluation of DC motor using, Proportional Integral derivative controller (PID) and Fuzzy Logic Controller (FLC).The simulation results are presented to demonstrate the effectiveness of this controller and compared with PID controller using MATLAB / SIMULINK.

II. INTRODUCTION OF DC SHUNT MOTOR

Shunt DC Motors operate on direct current. As such, the field windings and armature are connected in a parallel combination, and in electrical terminology a parallel combination is known as a shunt. DC shunt motors have the field coil in parallel (shunt) with the armature. The current in the field coil and the armature are independent of one another. As a result, these motors have excellent speed and position control. Hence DC shunt motors are typically used applications that require five or more horse power [7].DC Shunt motor is show in the fig 1. Shunt wound Motors is the most widely used as they have a linear characteristic of Voltage & Torque. Shunt motor has more constant and controllable speed over various loads.

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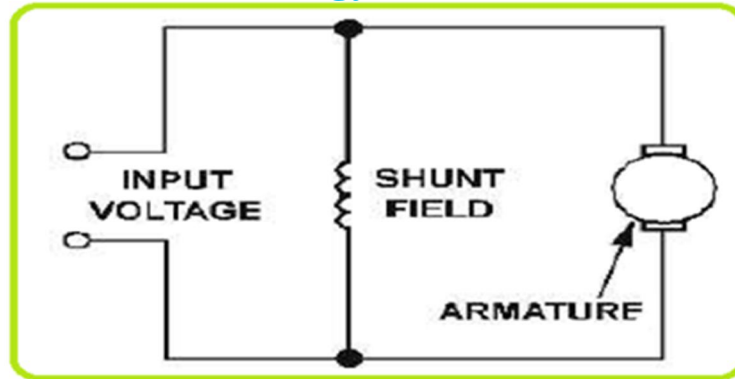

Fig 1 diagram of Shunt DC Motor

This type of motor runs practically constant speed, regardless of the load. It is the type generally used in commercial practice and is usually recommended where starting conditions are not usually severs. Speed of the shunt-wound motors may be regulated in two ways: first, by inserting resistance in series with the armature, thus decreasing speed: and second, by inserting resistance in the field circuit, the speed will vary with each change in load: in the latter, the speeds are practically constant for any setting of the controller. A high-quality speed control system makes the DC motor suitable for the applications in which changeable speed variation, frequent starting, proper speed regulation, braking and reversing are required.

III. MODELING OF DC SHUNT MOTOR

DC shunt motors have the field coil in parallel (shunt) with the armature show in the fig 1. The current in the field coil and the armature are independent of one another. As a result, these motors have excellent speed control [8]. Hence DC shunt motors are typically used applications that require five or more horse power. The equations describing the dynamic behavior of the DC motor are given by the following equations;

A. Numerical Values
The DC motor under study has the following specifications and parameters.
1) Specifications: 2hp, 230 volts, 8.5 amperes, 1500rpm
2) Parameters: Ra=0.45 ohm, La=0.035 H, Kb=0.5 volt/(rad/sec), J=0.022Kg-m2/rad, B=0.2*10^-3N-/(rad/sec).

$$V = R\,i + L\frac{di}{dt} + e_b$$

Because the back EMF eb is proportional to speed ω directly, then

$$E_b = K_b\frac{d\theta}{dt} = K_b\omega$$

$$Tm = J\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} + B\frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$\frac{\omega(s)}{V_a(s)} = \frac{K_b}{(L_a S + R_a)(JS + B) + K_b^2 + RB}$$

The overall transfer function of the system is given below,

$$\frac{\omega(s)}{V_a(s)} = \frac{0.5}{0.0077s^2 + 0.09007s + 0.25018}$$

IV. PID CONTROLLERS DESIGN

The combination of proportional, integral and derivative control action is called PID control action. PID controllers are commonly used to regulate the time-domain behaviour of many different types of dynamic plants. These controllers are extremely popular because they can usually provide good closed-loop response characteristics. Design of PID Controller: Consider the characteristics parameters proportional (P), integral (I), and derivative (D) controls, as applied to the diagram below in Fig.2.

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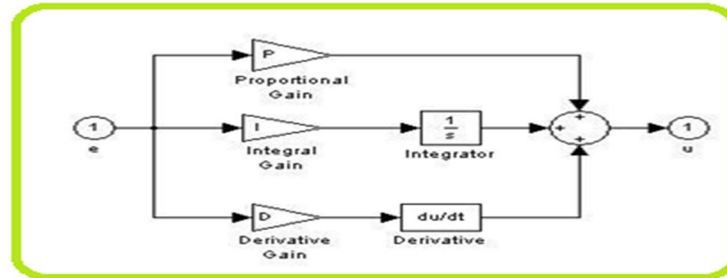

Fig 2: Simulation Model of PID Controller

PID controller can be investigated under three main categories. Each controller has different properties in terms of controlling the whole system. In proportional control, adjustments are based on the current difference between the actual and desired speed. In integral control, adjustments are based on recent error in derivative control; adjustments are based on the rate of change of errors [9].

V. INTRODUCTION OF FUZZY- LOGIC

The fuzzy logic foundation is based on the simulation of people's opinions and perceptions to control any system. One of the methods to simplify complex systems is to tolerate to imprecision, vagueness and uncertainty up to some extent. An expert operator develops flexible control mechanism using words like "suitable, not very suitable, high, little high much and far too much that are frequently used words in people's life. Fuzzy logic control is constructed on these logical relationships. Fuzzy sets are used to show linguistic variables. Fuzzy Sets Theory is first introduced in 1965 by Zadeh to express and process fuzzy knowledge [10].Fuzzy control systems are knowledge-based or rule-based systems. The heart of a fuzzy system is a knowledge base consisting of the so-called fuzzy IF-THEN rules. A fuzzy IF-THEN rule is an IF-THEN statement in which some words are characterized by continuous membership functions [11]. The objective is to implement FLC for controlling the speed of a dc motor. The change of speed of error plays important role to define controller input. Consequently FLC uses error (e) and change in error (ce) for linguistic variables which are generated from control rules. The output variable is the change in control variable of the motor drive. FLC (fuzzy logic control) control has proven effective for complex non linear and imprecisely defined process for which standard model based control techniques are impractical. Fuzzy logic deals with the problems that have vagueness uncertainty and membership function between 0 to 1. I.e. if the reliable expert knowledge is not available or if control system is too complex to derive the required decision rules, then some efforts have been made to solve these problems and simplicity the task of tuning parameters and developing rules for the controller [12].

VI. COMPONENTS OF FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER

The inputs to a Fuzzy Logic Controller are the processed with the help of linguistic variables which in turn are defined with the aid of membership functions. The membership functions are chosen in such a manner that they cover the whole of the universe of discourse. To avoid any discontinuity with respect to minor changes in the inputs, the adjacent fuzzy sets must overlap each other [13][14]. Because of a small time constant in Fuzzy Logic Controllers, this criterion is very important in the design of the same [15]. There are basically three essential segments in Fuzzy Logic Controller viz.
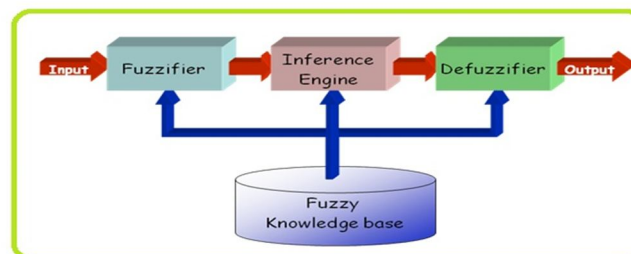(1) Fuzzification (2) Inference (3) Defuzzification

Fig 3 Basic structure of fuzzy logic system

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Defuzzification is the conversion id a fuzzy quantity to a crisp quantity, just as fuzzification is the conversion of a precise quantity to a fuzzy quantity, fig 3 Basic structure of fuzzy logic system. The output of a fuzzy process can be the logical union of two or more fuzzy membership functions defined on the universe of discourse of the output variables.in this paper use of fuzzy logic FIS editor with 9 rule bases and Rule viewer of fuzzy controller are show in the fig 4 and fig 5.
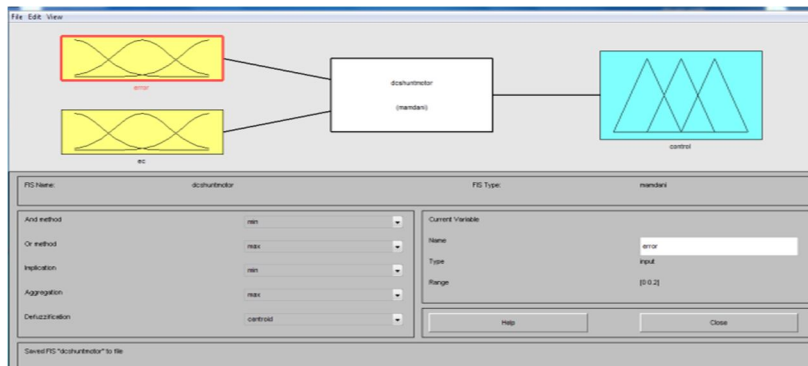

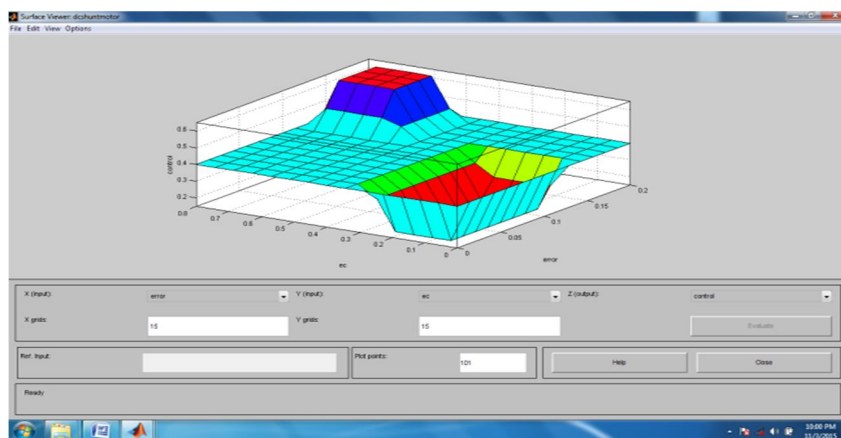Fig. 4 FIS editor of fuzzy controller with 9 rule base

Fig. 5 Rule viewer of fuzzy controller with 9 rule base

VII.   SIMULATION RESULTS AND DISCUSSION ANALYSIS

The combined DC shunt motor MATLAB SIMULINK model of system under study with PID controller and fuzzy logic controller is shown in Fig 6.
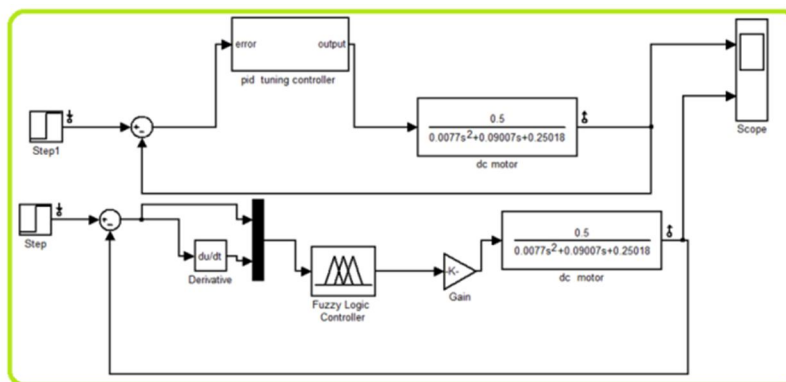

Fig 6 combined DC shunt motor MATLAB SIMULINK (PID & FLC)

The speed of DC shunt motor has been successfully controlled by using PID controller and fuzzy logic controller, the PID controller

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output response show in the fig 7 and fuzzy logic controller output response show in the fig 8.
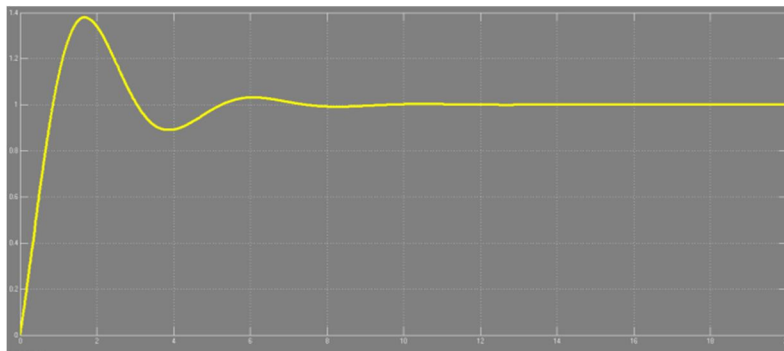

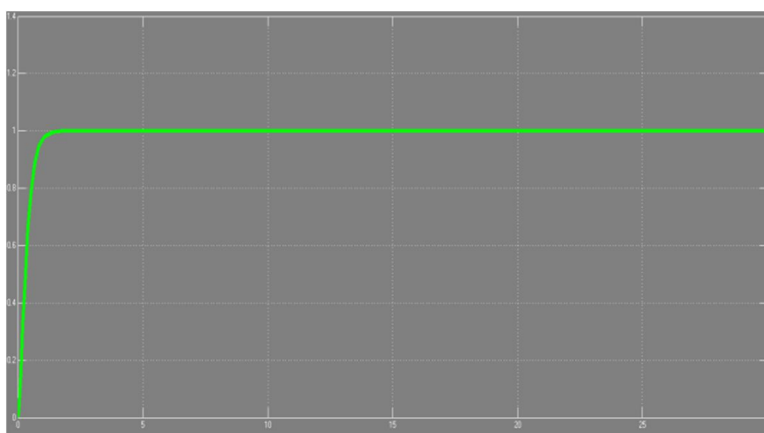Fig 7 PID controller output response show

Fig 8 PID controller output response show

Comparison between both controllers gives the different output response. The Fig. 9 shows that both controllers have own performance to analyze. The FLC controller has not percentage overshoot but the PID controller has percentage overshoot. The settling time is the time that taken to reach from steady state, for this output response the FLC is faster than PID controller.
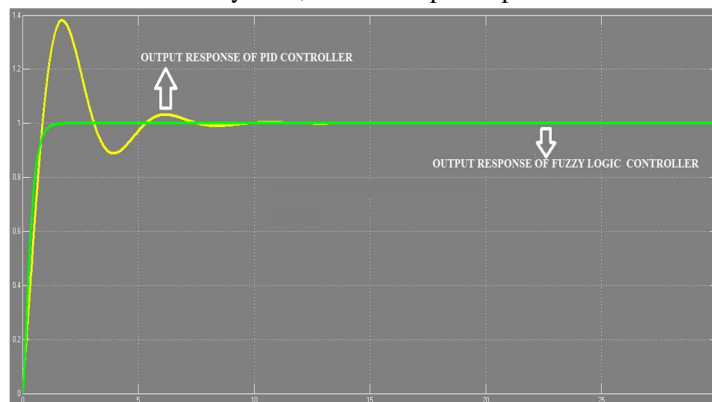

Fig 9 both the controller output response

VIII.   CONCLUSION

In this paper the DC shunt motor is mathematically modelled and then simulated using MATLAB simulink version 2012.simulation results this paper, it is found that the fuzzy controller achieves better performance then PID Controller output speed response of the DC shunt motor. Hence the proposed fuzzy controller is dynamic response than the conventionally used PID controller.

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