



iJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 4

Issue: XII

Month of publication: December 2016

DOI:

www.ijraset.com

Call:  08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

Raspberry Pi based Wireless Interactive Display

Siddharthraju. K¹, Dhivya Devi. R²

^{1,2}Assistant Professor, Dept., of ECE, KPR Institute of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore

Abstract— This paper deals with the design and implementation of Wireless Interactive Display using Raspberry pi . It primarily focuses on college environment but can be designed for any industrial needs. It minimises the manual process of circular distribution system and provides wireless access to the display boards and distributes the information right from the workplace. The proposed information distribution system receives information and transmits it via a USB WIFI Dongle to a TFT display board by web hosting. Raspberry pi operates and controls TFT display for interaction and live news updates. It is also provided with additional features like Seminar or function Hall bookings, attendance distribution system, Placement news updates. For example, when an information is shared on the domain, the raspberry pi automatically initiate refresh process and the TFT display notify the users by displaying a NEW icon above the new information. Raspberry- Pi has two main components interacting with each other: one is the domain that loads on the browser and the transmission side process to display it on the TFT display.

Index terms— Raspberry Pi, USB WIFI dongle, Web Domain.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the recent years, proliferation of technologies like IEEE 802.11, 3G and Bluetooth has directed much attention to wireless information sharing. Nowadays information sharing via radio waves and Bluetooth has particularly gained momentum. But these technologies have limitations such as, the destination device for the sharing system can't go too far from the source and their range cannot exceed 10 meters.

In particular, IEEE 802.11 WLAN has become the prevailing technology supporting many real-time applications. This project intend to integrate Raspberry pi and TFT module and a Web domain which will be connected via WLAN. The Raspberry Pi is a credit-card-sized single-board computer developed for many of the things that a standard desktop does. It is designed to be plugged into a TV or HDMI monitor. This project has been implemented with a Raspberry Pi 2 which is shown in Fig. 1. It has a Broadcom BCM2835 SoC, which includes ARM1176JZF-S 700 MHz processor, 512 Megabytes of RAM and does not include any built-in hard disk or solid-state drive; instead it relies on SD card for booting and long-term storage. This board can run most of the Linux kernel based operating systems. This model has two USB port, an HDMI port and a 10/100 Ethernet controller. This module doesn't have a dedicated switch for powering it on. Therefore, it has to be plugged in to a power source of 5V 1.2 Amp with a mini USB connector. There have been various SD Card images released that can be loaded onto an SD Card to produce an operating system.

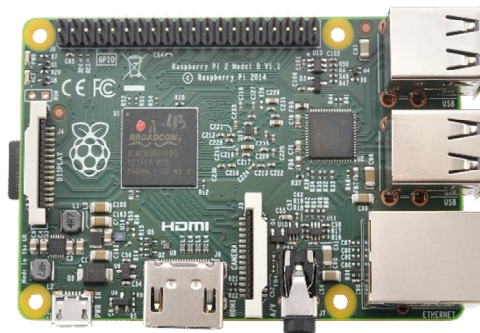


Fig. 1. Raspberry Pi 2 Board

II. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Raspberry pi is a small credit-card sized computer capable of performing various functionalities such as in surveillance systems, military applications, etc. a complete system design is shown in Fig. 2. The various functionalities of the components are given below

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

A. SD Card Slot

SD card slot is used to install OS/booting/long term storage .The total memory of the SD card is about 8GB.

B. Micro USB Power Port

Micro USB Power Port provides 700mA at 5A.

C. RCA Video Out

RCA Video Out connected to display if HDMI output is not used. It is mainly used to carry audio and video signals. They are otherwise called as A/V jacks. Audio Out Digital audio is obtained if HDMI is used to obtain stereo audio. Here analogue RCA connection is used.

D. Ethernet Port

Ethernet Port is used to connect to the Internet. It also plays a role in updating, getting new software easier.

E. HDMI OUT

High Definition Multimedia Interface is used with HDTVs and monitors with HDMI input. Also HDMI-HDMI is used here.

F. BROADCOM BCM 2835

It is otherwise defined as System on chip .It is a 700 MHz Processor. It has a Video core IV GPU. GPIO allows us to control and interact with real world .

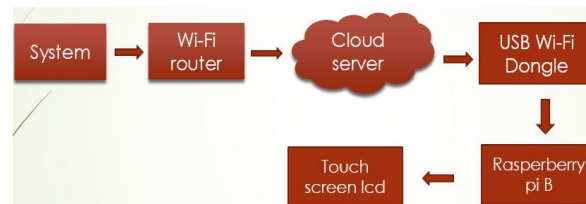


Fig. 2. System Design

III. HARDWARE ARCHITECTURE

In the Fig 3,Raspberry Pi is connected to the TFT display with the help of GPIO pins. Raspberry-pi works only on Raspbian operating system ,Linux., Raspbian is a free operating system based on Debian optimized for the Raspberry Pi hardware. An operating system is the set of basic programs and utilities that make your Raspberry Pi run.

Fig. 3. Connection Of TFT display With Raspberry Pi However, Raspbian provides more than a pure OS, it comes with over 35,000 packages, pre-compiled software bundled in a nice format for easy installation on your Raspberry Pi.

Putty configuration and VNC viewer are needed to install Raspbian OS. Putty configuration is SSH and Telnet client .It is an open source software that is available with source code. Virtual network computing is a Graphical desktop sharing system that allows us to remotely control the desktop interface of one computer from another.

The Raspberry Pi primarily uses Linux kernel-based operating systems (it is not possible to run Windows on the Raspberry Pi). The ARM11 is based on version 6 of the ARM on which several popular versions of Linux no longer run (in current releases), including Ubuntu. The install manager for Raspberry Pi is NOOBS. The OSs included with NOOBS are Arch Linux ARM, Open ELEC ,Pidora (Fedora Remix) ,Raspbmc and the XBMC open source digital media center ,RISC OS.

Raspbian based on the ARM hard-float(armhf) Debian 7 'Wheezy' architecture port originally designed for ARMv7 and later processors (with Jazelle RCT/ThumbEE, VFPv3, and NEON SIMD extensions), compiled for the more limited ARMv6 instruction set of the Raspberry Pi. A minimum size of 2 GB SD card is required, but a 4 GB SD card or above is recommended.

A. Steps For The Putty Configuration

The Fig. 4.depict the the Putty configuration and the steps to follow are given below

- 1) Obtain a copy of Putty pre-configured for use at Columbia from the Putty download page.
- 2) Save the installer file to your download directory or desktop.
- 3) Important: Exit all applications before you begin the installation process.
- 4) Double-click on the file Putty-install.exe to begin the installation.
- 5) At the Choose Destination screen, Click Next to accept the recommended default destination location for installing Putty.
- 6) Click Next on the Select Program Folder screen to select Putty as the recommended Program Folder name (Putty should already

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

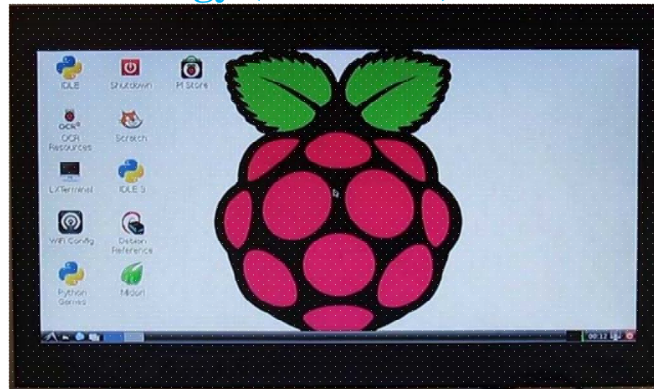


Fig. 5. Installed Raspbian OS

IV. SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

This project is geared up by the software part. The basic web page layout is build using .NET, HTML and CSS programming languages. The website is built and hosted on a specific domain as shown in Fig 6.



Fig. 6. Website and its coding for hall booking and circular

The attendance distribution process involves sharing and viewing the list as excel files in the domain. And in order to differentiate

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

the new circular with that of older one a 'NEW' icon is updated above the news.

V. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Raspberry Pi has enough power for HD video and image manipulation. So the information can either be plain texts or image. All the devices are connected to WLAN. And if the user wants to view circular on the display then there is a direct access. But for hall booking process the user has a login id to complete the booking process. After successful booking reports will be generated as proof as shown in Fig 7.



Fig. 7.Hall booking procedure.

VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

Thus we have designed an interactive display system capable of sharing information wirelessly to n no of devices connected. Image/news is uploaded to the domain and is transmitting to a TFT display. It is advantageous as it offers reliability and privacy on both sides because only authorized admin can put information on the domain, hence it offers only the person concerned to update the details. Manual distribution and paper works are reduced over large scale and sharing time is reduced. Future work is to bind additional features like attendance monitoring system, adding audio system for text to speech interaction, and extending its application for industrial needs.

REFERENCES

- [1] Pawan kumar ,vikasbharawaj kieran pal narayan singh rathor,amit mishra” GSM based e-notice board:wireles communication,international journal of soft computing and engineering(IJSCE)”
- [2] N.jagan mohan reddy,G.venkareshwarlu”wireless electronic display board using GSM technology.international journal of ellectrical ,electronics and data communication”.
- [3] Bhumi merai, Rohit jain, Ruby mishra “Smart notice board.
- [4] Jiaswal Rohit, Kalawade Sanket,Kore Amod, Lagad Sanket “Digital –Notice Board in (IJARCET)volume 4 Issue 11,November 2015.
- [5] Neetesh Saxena and Narendra S.Chaudhari,EasySMS:A Protocol for End to End Secure.Transmission of SMS IEEE Transactions on Information Forensics and Security,vol.9,No.7,July 2014.
- [6] <https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/configuration/wireless/wireless-cli.md>
- [7] <https://github.com/notro/fbtf/wiki/LCD-modules>
- [8] <https://www.raspberrypi.org/forums/viewtopic.php?t=79120&f=93>



10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)