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Evaluation of LSB Based Digital Watermarking Algorithm Using Various Parameters

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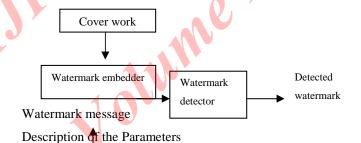
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Abstract: Digital Image watermarking is the process of trouncing the digital data in the image, by inclusion of digital mark into the image. The research presents digital watermarking algorithm using least significant bit (LSB). LSB is used because of its reserved effect on the image. In this an invisible and a visible watermarking technique is implemented.. Various attacks are also performed on watermarked image and their impact on quality of image is also studied using various parameters like Mean Square Error (MSE), Peak Signal to Noise Ratio (PSNR), Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR), Signal Mean Square Error (S_MSE) and the effect of rotation on watermarked image is also observed. The work has been implemented through MATLAB.

Keywords - Watermarking, Least Significant Bit (LSB), Mean Square Error (MSE) Peak Signal to Noise Ratio (PSNR), Signal to noise ratio (SNR), and Signal to Mean Square Error (S_MSE).

I. INTRODUCTION

The digital watermarking process embeds a signal into the media without significantly degrading its visual quality. Digital watermarking is a process to embed some information called watermark into altered kind of media called cover work. Digital watermarking involves embedding a structure in a host signal to mark it rights.



MSE:

The mean squared error (MSE) for our practical purposes allows us to compare the "true" pixel values of our original image to our degraded image. The MSE represents the average of the squares of the errors between the actual and the noisy image. The error is the amount by which the values of the original image differ from the degraded image.

PSNR:

(PSNR) is a term for the ratio between the maximum possible value (power) of a signal and the power of distorting noise that affects the quality of its representation. PSNR is expressed in terms of the decibel scale (db). It is wanted that higher the PSNR, the better tainted image has

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been reconstructed to match the original image and the better the reconstructive algorithm.

SNR:

Signal to noise ratio may be defined as the ratio of the desired signal (meaningful information) to the background noise i.e. unwanted signal. SNR is typically articulated in decibels (dB). An attempt is made maximize the SNR ratio.

Results Analysis:



Host Image Image Watermarked Images:



Watermarked





WM image (bit 1)



WM image (bit 2)



WM image (bit 3)



WM image (bit 4)



WM image (bit 5)



WM image (bit 7)



WM image (bit 6)



WM image (bit 8)

Noise at Least significant bit '1'



Gaussian Noise



Poisson Noise



Salt & Pepper Noise



Rotation

Noise at intermediate bit '4'

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Poisson Noise





Salt & Pepper Noise

Rotation

Noise at Most significant bit '8'





Gaussian Noise Poisson Noise





Rotation Salt & Pepper Noise

Evaluation of Various Attacks on Watermarked Image

Table1. For watermarked image

Table2. For watermarked image with Gaussian Noise

| Bit | MSEE | PSNRIR | SNRIR | S_MSESE |
|-------|-----------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| value | | | | |
| 1 | 54.7043 | 30.78469 | 23.194834 | 6.6824368 |
| | 54.6892 | 30.785811 | 23.3486 ⁵⁸ | 6.6836 ⁵⁸⁹ |
| 3 | 65.8617 | 29.9785 | 23.6158 ²³ | 5.8762817 |
| 4 | 83.7878 | 28.9333 | 23.7917 = 23.7917 | 4.8308 |
| 5 | -124.1223 | 27.2263 | -23.0014 | -3.1241 |
| 6 | -175.4487 | 25.7233_{00} | 19.827 | -1.6211 -2 |
| 7 | 173 4957 | 25.771908 | 14 52257 | 1.6697_{75} |
| 8 | 165.8621 | 25.9673 | 8.2168 | 1.8651 |
| O | 103.0021 | 23.7073 | 0.2100 | 1.0031 |

Table3.For watermarked image with Poisson Noise

| Bit | MSE | PSNR | SNR | S_MSE |
|-------|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| value | | | | |
| 1 | 89.1881 | 28.6617 | 16.0378 | 4.5595 |
| 2 | 88.1029 | 28.7149 | 16.1409 | 4.6127 |
| 3 | 96.0423 | 28.3402 | 16.2709 | 4.238 |
| 4 | 105.7461 | 27.9222 | 16.4729 | 3.8199 |
| 5 | 126.161 | 27.1555 | 16.8721 | 3.0533 |
| 6 | 162.6044 | 26.0535 | 16.6582 | 1.9513 |
| 7 | 186.347 | 25.4616 | 13.5588 | 1.3594 |
| 8 | 185.2631 | 25.4869 | 8.1825 | 1.3847 |

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Table4. For watermarked image with Salt & Pepper noise

| Bit value | MSE | PSNR | SNR | S_MSE |
|--------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 | 6.9427 | 39.7495 | 10.6911 | 15.6473 |
| 2 | 7.1931 | 39.5956 | 10.5763 | 15.4934 |
| 3 | 16.1297 | 36.0885 | 10.8812 | 11.9863 |
| 4 | 45.6713 | 31.5684 | 10.8181 | 7.4661 |
| 5 | 163.1726 | 26.0383 | 10.8025 | 1.9361 |
| 6 | 168.4937 | 25.899 | 10.7456 | 1.7967 |
| 7 | 157.4057 | 26.1946 | 10.0895 | 2.0924 |
| 8 | 150.7682 | 26.3817 | 7.3697 | 2.2795 |

Table5. For watermarked image with Rotation

| Bit | MSE | PSNR | S_MSE |
|-------|----------|---------|---------|
| value | | | |
| 1 | 132.6715 | 26.937 | 2.8348 |
| 2 | 132.5388 | 26.9414 | 2.8391 |
| 3 | 136.7012 | 26.8071 | 2.7049 |
| 4 | 149.2971 | 26.4243 | 2.3221 |
| 5 | 198.0776 | 25.1964 | 1.0942 |
| 6 | 201.8445 | 25.1146 | 1.0124 |
| 7 | 208.9469 | 24.9644 | 0.86222 |
| 8 | 213.0814 | 24.8793 | 0.77712 |

II. CONCLUSION

Digital watermarking is an important step towards management of copyrighted and tenable documents. Information hiding is possible with the help of watermarking which is the need of today's seclusion or illegal use of images. Users expect that robust solutions will ensure copyright protection and also guarantee the authenticity of multimedia documents but in today's world of research, it is difficult to assert which watermarking approach seems most suitable to ensure a veracity service adapted to images and more general way to multimedia document. Thus the result of our proposed work calculating MSE PSNR, SNR, S_MSE of image size

256pixels shows that the varioattack of noise or rotation doesn't degrade our final obtained image to great exposure, thus is vigorous to illegal attacks.

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45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.429



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